



FINAL 2023/24 REVIEWED INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN IDP





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LIST OF ACRONYMS/ABREVIATIONS

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION	
CoGTA	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs	
CWP	Community Works Programme	
DCoG	Department of Cooperative Governance	
DDM	District Development Model	
DMRE	Department of Mineral Resources and Energy	
FDDM	Fezile Dabi District Development Model	
EMP	Environmental Management Plan	
EPWP	Expanded Public Works Programme	
HSP	Housing Sector Plan	
ICIP	Integrated Comprehensive Infrastructure Plan	
IDP	Integrated Development Planning	
IEP	Integrated Energy Plan	
IHSP	Integrated Human Settlement Plan	
ITP	Integrated Transport Plan	
IUDF	Integrated Urban Development Framework	
IWMP	Integrated Waste Management Plan	
KPA	Key Performance Area	
KPI	Key Performance Indicators	
LEDP	Local Economic Development Plan	
LED	Local Economic Development	
mSCOA	Municipal Standard Chart of Account	
MSA	Municipal System Act	
MSR	Municipal Staff Regulations	
MFMA	Municipal Finance Management Act	
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals	
MTSF	Medium Term Strategic Framework	
NDP	National Development Plan	
PMS	Performance Management System	
SDF	Spatial Development Framework	
SCM	Supply Chain Management	
SDBIP	Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan	
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals	
SMART	Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic and Timely	
SPLUMA	Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act	
WSP	Work Skills Plan	
WSDP	Water Services Development	

FOREWORD BY EXECUTIVE MAYOR

It is with a profound gratitude and pleasure to once more as the Executive Mayor to present



this reviewed Integrated Development Plan (IDP) of Metsimaholo Local Municipality, for the financial year 2023-24, and ensuing financial periods to 2026 /27 to Council, our partners and stakeholders, and the community at large.

Section 162(1) of the constitution of R.S.A, provides that the purpose of Local Government is to promote social and economic development. The constitution provides specifically for the developmental duties of municipalities towards which end a municipality must structure and

manage its administration, budgeting, and planning processes to give priority to the basic needs of the community; to promote the social and economic development of the community; and to participate in National and Provincial development programmes.

To attain this constitutional objective, we must devise the system of activities-a plan of actionfor attaining specified objectives:

- We need to ensure that every home has access to reliable, clean, running water, that is safe to drink and to prepare food.
- Area cleansing: it is an important activity which will determine the state of public confidence in the municipality. We further need to ensure that we invest in keeping streets clean, including numerous and visible litter bins, appropriate waste sites and disposal mechanisms.
- We need to promote energy efficiency, and to put up measures in place to address cable theft which has crippled the municipality in the 2022/23 financial year thereby affecting our performance.
- We need to invest in safe and reliable local public roads. Therefore, call on the private sector to join hands with us and assist where possible.
- We need to join hands with the Department of Justice and Constitutional Development and the National Prosecuting Authority (Local), to ensure effective processing and enforcement of municipal by-laws and traffic offences which are core municipal competencies.
- We need to guard against municipal procurement processes as it will not be there to enrich politicians and or municipal staff, but must reduce inequality by using competent, value-for-money service providers who will enable us deliver reliable basic services and infrastructure for all.
- We need to ensure that when we appoint officials, it is done fairly, based on the value that they add to the institution and not their political connections.

My vision for Metsimaholo Local Municipality is that; "We become an innovative and an excellent municipality".

I still reiterate that, if we can achieve this, Metsimaholo Local Municipality would be a better place to live and to work in. Let me call upon all our private sector, churches, local taxi association/s and community at large to join hands with us, as we get things done in Metsimaholo Local Municipality.

EXECUTIVE MAYOR

HON. CLLR JZ ZWANE

STRATEGIC OVERVIEW BY MUNICIPAL MANAGER

As the newly appointed Municipal Manager, this constitutes my first IDP in Metsimaholo Local



Municipality. This new IDP takes place against a backdrop of the worst power outages and load shedding by ESKOM, an escalating interest rate, an increasing unemployment rate and generally greater pressure on households to sustain themselves. This is especially hard on poorer communities and households. There is also an increase in economic pressure on the potentially declining middle-income households.

Section 31 of the Local Government Municipal Systems Act 2000 (Act 32 of 2000) affords a clear mandate to each municipality to review its

integrated development plan yearly in order to gauge its performance against quantifiable targets and respond to the wishes and demands of the changing environments. The Integrated Development Plan (IDP) is therefore a strategic plan that delivers an overall outline for development; therefore, this IDP pronounces and supports the basis for the review and restructuring of our administrative operations.

This Integrated Development Plan can only reach its full potential with the involvement of the different spheres of government with emphasis on co-operative governance to ensure the implementation of the IDP. Local government exists to provide services to the community, essentially this means that it must interact with the people living in their area of jurisdiction to obtain their input for their government plans as well as its long-term vision.

While the municipality can provide and create an enabling environment for a well-functioning municipality, it is ultimately the people including investors and other stakeholders that will assist to ensure that the economy of this municipality grows. Our continuous good working relationship with key stakeholders, namely the communities, business community, community-based organisations and the other spheres of government has led to the development and review of this IDP. Their meaningful and positive contributions have gone a long way in ensuring that with our limited resources we can impact positively towards addressing key basic service delivery challenges facing our communities.

Indeed COVID-19 and continued power outages (loadshedding) had huge negative impact in our communities in so far as employment and local economic growth and development are concerned. Not only did people lose their employment but there was a dramatic decrease in payment of municipal services. The drop in debt collection means a drop in income and impact negatively on service delivery.

Key to the challenges faced by the municipality is the ever-increasing number of households which puts a strain on the existing basic infrastructure services such as Water, Electricity, Roads and Storm water services, Waste Management, Sanitation and Housing. The municipality has over the past years, committed most of the available limited resources to better the lives of the Metsimaholo community. It is therefore a great honour to present this 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan noting that as the Accounting Officer, I am responsible for the overall execution of this strategic document, the monitoring and implementation of this blueprint as adopted by Council to fast-track provision of basic services and enhance economic growth through implementation of local economic initiatives.

MUNICIPAL MANAGER

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Integrated Development Planning is a process through which municipalities prepare a strategic development plan, for a five-year period. The Integrated Development Plan is a product of the integrated development planning process. The IDP is a strategic planning instrument, which guides and informs all planning, budgeting, management, and decision-making in a municipality.

According to the Municipal Systems Act of 2000 all municipalities must undertake an integrated development planning process to produce IDP's. As the IDP is a legislative requirement it has a legal status, and it supersedes all other plans that guide development at local government level.

The IDP is linked to the term of office of councilors. The new council has the option either to adopt the IDP of its predecessor should it feel appropriate to do so or develop a new IDP taking into consideration already existing planning documents. In this case, the newly elected Council will adopt its 5 -Year IDP for the period 2022/2023 - 2026/2027 which will be reviewed annually. Therefore, this 2023/2024 IDP marks a first Annual Review of the current Five-Year IDP.

The IDP is a continuous process whereby municipalities prepare five-year strategic developmental plans which must be reviewed annually in consultation with the communities and all stakeholders (internal and external). The aim of these plans is to promote integration and sustainability without compromising the internal capacity required to implement and maintain such Projects/Programmes.

Preparing an IDP is a legal requirement in terms of the Municipal Systems Act, however that it's not the only reason why municipalities must prepare the plans. Under the new constitution, municipalities have been awarded major developmental responsibilities to ensure that the quality of live for its citizens is improved. To this effect IDP provides the following core benefits:

- It assists the municipality in fulfilling its constitutional mandate as a developmental local government.
- It helps to make more effective use of scarce resources.
- It integrates and co-ordinates service delivery within the municipality.
- It helps to speed up delivery.
- It forms the foundation on which annual budgets must be based.
- It helps to attract additional funds.
- It helps to strengthen democracy and hence institutional transformation because decisions are made in a democratic and transparent manner, rather than by a few influential individuals.
- It helps to overcome apartheid legacy at local level.
- It promotes intergovernmental coordination.
- It helps taking informed decisions at management level.

• It ensures alignment of municipal sector planning and spatial development planning.

The process followed in the developing this 2023/24 IDP document is in line with the legislative requirements of both the Municipal Systems Act and the Municipal Finance Management Act. The 2023/24 IDP has been aligned to the key localised priorities contained in the 2019-2024 Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF), the Five (5) Local Government National Key Performance Areas (KPAs) and National Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for Local Government encapsulated in the Monitoring and Evaluation Framework in Support of Cooperative Governance (CoGTA, October 2010). Subsequently, the prescribed Local Government Key Performance Indicators as prescribed by MFMA Circular 88, have been incorporated to this effect.

The approved Process Plan is therefore outlining the planning, performance management system and budget preparation process to be undertaken, proposed institutional arrangements and timeframes attached to the different phases. The process plan further illustrates the alignment of the IDP with the municipality's Budget, Performance Management System (PMS) and Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) processes.

The continuation on the focus of the internal Municipal cluster Planning sessions were held to inform the development of this 2023/24 IDP as well as the preparation of the 2023/24 Budget (MTREF).

The table provides a summary of the process followed in preparation of this 2023/2024 IDP:

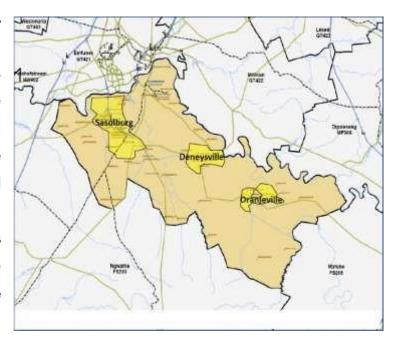
PREPARATION & PLANNING PROCESS: 2023/24 IDP				
Review of Strategic Plans Anchored on Municipal Strategic Objectives	ID& Budget Steering Committee	Focus on economic growth.	Development of the 2023/2024 – Draft IDP	
Identify Interdepartmental Alignment	Propose Key Focus Areas	Providing Efficiencies based on the Strategic context.	Consolidation of Planning and Budgeting process	
Highlighting Intergovernmental Issues	Propose Allocation of Resources for 2023/24 (MTREF)	Delivering on the Promise (SDBIP)	Communicate clear Operational and Capital Priorities (Linking IDP&SDBIP)	
Departmental Scorecards and Preparation	Emphasised Transversal Alignment	Discussing on the Key Issues and Framework of Local Government	Anchor the Plan against the Strategic Objectives FINAL 2023/24 IDP	

This 2023/24 IDP will therefore serve as a guiding tool towards informed allocation of resources, priority setting, and budget implementation to ensure that the above goals are achieved.

In line with the foregoing planning requirement, this 2023/24 IDP is also the endproduct of extensive consultation with various National and Provincial sectors, Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs), local businesses and the community of Metsimaholo Local Municipality at large. It is therefore, a plan by and for the people of Metsimaholo Local Municipality.

METSIMAHOLO SPATIAL RATIONALE:

Metsimaholo Municipality was established in 2000 through the amalgamation of the then Sasolburg, Deneysville and the Oranjeville Transitional Local Councils. In simple translation, the name Metsimaholo means "Vast Waters" due to the abundance of water resource available in this area.



The municipality is located within Fezile Dabi District Municipality and covers an estimated area of 1 739 square kilometers. The major towns within the Metsimaholo areas of jurisdiction include Sasolburg, Zamdela, Deneysville, Refengkgotso, Oranjeville, Metsimaholo, Viljoensdrif and Coalbrook.

The dominance of Sasolburg because of its population density and its proximity to the economically active Johannesburg city provided the area with the opportunity of being declared the "head-offices" of the entire Metsimaholo Municipality. According to Statistics South Africa's 2016 Community Survey, it is estimated that the total population of the municipality is 163 564 with 59 113 estimated households. Currently, the Municipality is demarcated into 23 Wards as per *Municipal Demarcation Board (MDB) delimitation (2021)*.

The detailed Municipal Spatial and Economy and Development rational is defined in section E of this document which provides high level of Municipal Spatial Development Framework (MSDF) in line with the requirements of Section 12 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, Act 16 of 2013.

The table hereunder depicts the characteristics of three towns forming Metsimaholo Local Municipality. The table will be segmented into four categories *viz*; name of the town, location, the size of the population and economic potential and needs.

TABLE: CHARACTERISTICS OF MAJOR MUNICIPAL AREAS

TOWN / AREA			
Sasolburg / Zamdela	Deneysville/ Refengkgotso	Oranjeville/ Metsimaholo	Rural Areas
Approximate Location:	Approximate Location:	Approximate Location:	Approximate Location:
20 kilometres from Vereeniging and Vanderbijlpark	North-east of Sasolburg (Approximately 36 km from Sasolburg)	Adjacent to Vaal Dam (approximately 55 km from Sasolburg)	Surrounding farm- lands
Economic Potential:	Economic Potential:	Economic Potential:	Economic Potential:
Petro-Chemical & Coalfields dominant "SASOL" Aqua Culture (Vaal River)	Tourism potential Agriculture	Agriculture and Tourism Aqua Culture (Vaal dam)	Agriculture

INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS:

Political Structure:

The political component of the Metsimaholo Local Municipality is based on an Executive Mayoral Committee (MAYCO) system. The Executive Mayor has certain legislative and delegated executive powers and appoints members of the mayoral committee in terms of sections 60 and 80 of the MSA. The Executive Mayor and Mayoral Committee is accountable and reports to the Municipal Council.

There are various decision-making structures within Council which include the following:

- Municipal Council
- Executive Mayor and Executive Committee
- Portfolio Committees, including Section 79 & 80 Committees

Officials with delegated powers:

The Municipality consists of 23 Wards established in terms of Section 18 (3) of the Local Government Municipal Structures Act no.117 of 1998. The Council is currently constituted by 46 Councillors, with 23 Ward Councillors and 23 Proportional Representative Councillors (PRs).

The following political parties are represented in the Council:

PARY NAME	NUMBER OF SEATS
AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS (ANC)	16
AFRICAN INDEPENDENT CONGRESS (AIC)	01
AFRICAN TRASFORMATION MOVEMENT (ATM)	01
DEMOCRATIC ALLIANCE (DA)	12
ECONOMIC FREEDOM FRONT (EFF)	12
FREEDOM FRONT PLUS (FF+)	03
METSIMAHOLO CIVIC ASSOCIATION(MCA)	01
Total seats Number	46

Legislature:

The legislature consists of the Council, the Speaker of the Council, the Council Whip, Council committees: Section 79 & 80 (MPAC, Ethics & Audit Committees) and the Portfolio committees.

Council:

After 2021 Local Government Elections the Council consists of 46 elected councillors, of which 23 are ward councillors and 23 are proportional representation councillors. The role of the Council, in line with the Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000), is to engage in meaningful discussion on matters related to the Municipality's development.

The Council takes decisions concerning the exercise of all the powers and the performance of all the functions of the municipality. It does so by delegating such powers and functions to political structures, office bearers, Councillors, and staff/the administration. The Council may not delegate functions such as the approval of municipal by-laws, the IDP, the budget and tariffs.

Further, the Council, through its various committees, monitors and scrutinizes delivery and outputs as carried out by the executive branch. In relation to public participation, the Council is responsible for facilitating stakeholder and community participation in the affairs of the Municipality as described by the Municipal Structures Act.

The Executive Mayor and Mayoral Committee:

The Executive Mayor has an overarching strategic and political responsibility as the centre of the system of governance. The executive powers are vested in him by the Council to manage the daily affairs of the Municipality. The Executive Mayor, Cllr Jeff Zwane, assisted by the Mayoral Committee, leads the executive branch of the Municipality. Each Member of the Mayoral Committee is responsible for a particular portfolio, as listed below:

MEMBERS OF MAYORAL COMMITTEE:

Member of Mayoral Committee		Portfolio
Cllr Thabang Kennedy Rankoe		MMC Technical Services
CIIr Jonas Moeketsi Makhema		MMC Corporate Services and Organisational Development
Cllr Jan Jacobus Barnard		MMC Finance & IDP/PMS
Cllr Michael Thulani Mbana	0	MMC Housing and Human Settlements
Cllr Francois Jacobus Van Der Merwe		MMC Public Safety
Clir Ruanda Meyer		MMC Social Services

ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURE:

The Municipal Manager is the head of the administration and is assisted by Directors, who manage the Departments of:

- Finance,
- Planning and Economic Development,
- Technical and Infrastructural Services,
- Social Services.
- Organisational Development and Corporate Services,
- Office of the Municipal Manager, and
- Office of the Executive Mayor.

Currently, all these critical positions (Senior Managers) are filled with exception of the Director: Organisational Development and Corporate Services.

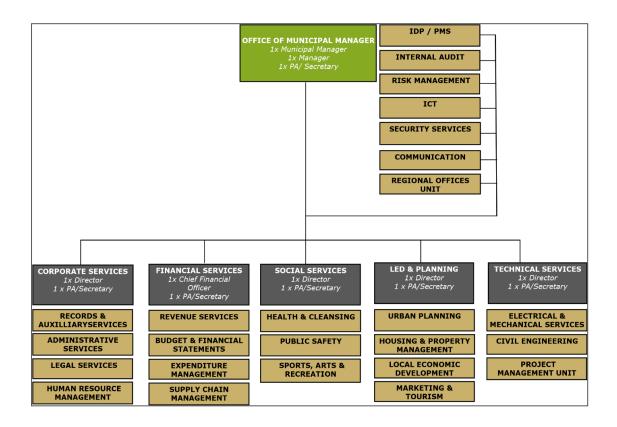
Organisational Structure:

The Council has approved a macro-organisational structure below after intensive internal stakeholders consultation review process with an intent to develop organisational structure which is compatible to Municipal Council priorities, strategic objectives and advancing service delivery imperatives. This organogram is aligned to the Municipal IDP and LG Municipal Staff Regulations, 2021. The new structure was adopted in Council sitting of the 08th of February 2023.

Furthermore, the structure was submitted to MEC CoGTA for further assessment wherein the comments from MEC will be considered and implementation thereof.

Municipality is also engaged in a process of Job Evaluation and Skills Audit to ensure compliance with all staff regulations.

The Organogram below represents the existing structure which was approved by Council in 2012:



OVERVIEW OF THE FRAMEWORK OF THIS 2023/2024 REVIEWED IDP

This 2023/24 IDP is systematically segmented into various sections as summarily outlined below, which constitute the core components of the IDP in terms of both Revised IDP Framework for Municipalities outside Metros and Secondary Cities 2012, and Revised IDP Guidelines 2020, issued by the Department of Cooperative Governance & Traditional Affairs (CoGTA).

Table 1: Framework of this IDP

Sections	Description and Content	
	The Municipality's Vision, Mission, and Values:	
Section A	This section focuses on the formulated vision, mission, and values of the	
	municipality for the next five years.	
Section B	Demographic Profile of the municipality:	
	This section contains information such as population statistics; socio-economic	
	information, etc and their implication on planning.	
Section C Powers and Functions of the municipality:		
	This section indicates the powers and functions constitutionally assigned to the	
	municipality.	
Section D	Process followed to develop this IDP:	

Sections	Description and Content
	This section covers the legislative requirements informing the development of the
	IDP and details the process which was taken to produce this IDP.
Section E	Spatial Economy and Development Rationale:
	This section provides a high level Spatial Development Framework which reflects
	the text and maps and is reviewed on a 5 yearly basis. It also seeks to outline of
	the causal relationships between individual choices and land use change outcomes
	within the municipality.
Section F	Status Quo Assessment:
	This area focuses on a detailed status quo analysis of the municipal area which as
	updated annually. It provides an analysis of the level of development and
	community needs. It aims at providing a comprehensive view of the municipality's
	acknowledgement and understanding of its own internal operations, strengths and
	weaknesses as well as the problems it's faced with.
Section G	Strategic Objectives:
	This section focuses on the future through the development objectives. The set
	development objectives clearly indicate what a municipality can reasonably
	achieve in a five-year period (or less) and with the available resources. The set
	development of objectives takes into account various national and provincial
	targets. The goals set against the strategic objectives follow the SMART principle
	(Specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound) as outlined in the
	Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, issued by the
	National Treasury in 2007. This section also serves as a clear linkage between
	challenges identified in the status quo assessment section and the objectives.
Section H	Sector Plans:
	In this section, the IDP demonstrates how sector plans relate to one another and
	each sector plan's strategic interventions that will be undertaken to make sure that
	the municipality broadly delivers service according to the strategic orientation of
	each such plan.
Section I	Developmental Strategies, Programmes and Projects:
	This section provides concrete interventions that the municipality will implement to
	attain the objectives highlighted in section G above.
Section J	Programmes and Projects of other spheres of government:
	This section of the IDP indicates the programmes and projects of other spheres of
	government and stakeholders. It focuses on the implications that such projects will
	have for the municipality.

SECTION A: MISSION, VISION AND VALUES STATEMENT

In line with Section 26(a) of Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000, which stipulates that an Integrated Development Plan must reflect the Municipal Council's Vision for the long-term development of the Municipality with special emphasis on the Municipality's most critical development and internal transformation needs, the Council of Municipality Local Municipality has reaffirmed its vision for the period 2022/2023 to 2026/2027 as follows:



DESCRIPTION

- Image of the future we seek to create
- A photograph in words of the future
- A sentence or short paragraph providing a broad, aspirational image of the future
- Where do we want to go?
- Is your inspiration, the framework for all (business) planning
- Vision provides the destination for the journey...without a destination, how can we plan our route?
- Articulating your dreams and hopes.... reminds you what you are trying to build

Our Vision (where do we want to go towards 2027?)

'An innovative and excellent Municipality that facilitate sustainable development through quality service delivery and inclusive economic growth.'

MISSION STATEMENT:



DESCRIPTION

- Will turn your vision into practice.
- Defines the fundamental purpose of an organization succinctly describing why it exists and what it does to achieve its vision
- Doing part what you will do to bring the vision to reality.

Our Mission (What we will do to realise our vision)

'Performing Municipality that strives for Economic development and Sustainable service delivery through sound, professional, cooperative governance, and public participation principles.

VALUES:



DESCRIPTION

- Beliefs that are shared among the stakeholders of an organisation
- Values can be both outward (community) and inward-(organisation) looking.
- The TALK we want to WALK.

Our Values (The talk we want to walk)

- Accountability
- Service Excellence
- Integrity
- Partnership

SECTION B: DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF THE MUNICIPALITY

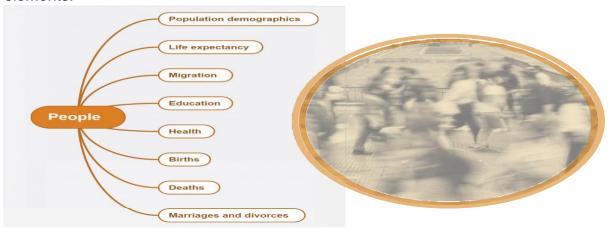
This section contains the statistics of Metsimaholo Local Municipality which as well as the population projections and trends. Demographic analysis is needed in all stages of the planning process for both new and revised plans. In the context of this IDP, the demographic information and analysis will assist with several planning decisions as indicated below.

- To determine the demand of services among different segments of the community.
 Demand is determined by the composition of the population and how it is changing over time age-sex distribution, marital status, household types, occupation distribution, spatial distribution of the population, educational levels and income levels.
- To study the present and future composition of the population and its spatial distribution to identify the best locations to provide services to meet local needs.
- To examine population characteristics to determine the feasibility for new programs.
- To evaluate the impact of new plans on population change. For example, a new plan to promote rural industries can lead to population growth as new families move into the community for job opportunities. Housing and educational plans may need to be revised to meet the needs of new households that may move into the area.
- To evaluate the impact of population growth on the ability to implement existing plans.

The data is reflecting on the population dynamics, socio-economic development as well as progress in addressing challenges relating to access to basic services rendered in the Municipality.

This section provides statistics disaggregated at municipal level based on the 2021 municipal boundaries. All indicators where CS 2016 data has been compared with Census 2011, data for the latter were aligned to the 2021 municipal boundaries. The data also profiles various themes, including population demographics, education, and access to basic services. Population is the most fundamental aspect of human

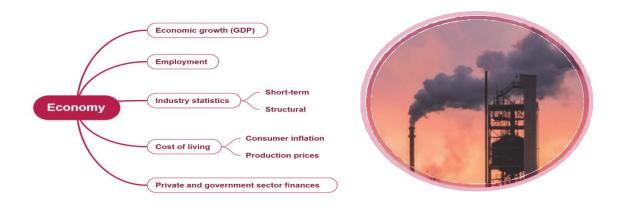
existence and is defined as a set of individuals that share a characteristic or a set of these. The population data that follows below provides other important data about the Metsimaholo population and this data includes, amongst others the following elements:



Population Data Element	Description
Population Demographics	This indicator shows the number of people that usually live in an area. Growth rates are the annual changes in population resulting from births, deaths, and net migration during the year.
Life Expectancy	Life expectancy is a statistical measure of the average time an organism (human being) is expected to live, based on the year of its birth, current age, and other demographic factors like sex. The most used measure is life expectancy at birth.
Migration	Human migration is the movement of people from one place in the world(rural to urban) to another. Human patterns of movement reflect the conditions of a changing world and impact the cultural landscapes of both the places people leave and the places they settle.
Education	Education also refers to the knowledge received through schooling or instruction and to the institution of teaching as a whole
Health	Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.
Births	he emergence of a baby or other young from the body of its mother; the start of life as a physically separate being. Therefore, a birth rate will refer to the number of live births per thousand of population per year.
Deaths	This is the he action or fact of dying or being killed; the end of the life of a person or organism. The death rate will therefore mean the ratio of deaths to the population of a particular area or during a particular period, usually calculated as the number of deaths per one thousand people per year.
Marriages and Divorces	Marriage and divorce rates are measures of the propensity for the population of a given area to become married or divorced during a given year.



Population Data Element	Description
Poverty	Poverty is about not having enough money to meet basic needs including food, clothing, and shelter. However, poverty is more, much more than just not having enough money. The World Bank Organization describes poverty in this way: "Poverty is hunger. Poverty is lack of shelter.
Income and Spending	Income refers to the regular payment of money an individual will receive or earn from work or investments. Expenditure refers to the amount of money an individual pays out or spends
Service Delivery	What does service delivery mean? Service delivery can be defined as any contact with the public administration during which customers – citizens, residents, or enterprises – seek or provide.
Food Security	s defined when all people, always, have physical and economic access to sufficient safe and nutritious food that meets their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life
Crime	crime is an offence that merits community condemnation and punishment, usually by way of fine or imprisonment
Transport	Take or carry (people or goods) from one place to another by means of a vehicle, aircraft, or ship



Population Data Element	Description
Economic Growth (GDP)	an increase in the amount of goods and services
	produced per head of the population over a period.
Employment	The state of having paid work.
	This refers to industry analysis that is a marketing process that provides statistics about the market potential of the business products and services. It provides a specific information about the current state of the industry, and its target markets.
Cost of Living	This refers to the cost of living as the amount of money needed to cover basic expenses such as housing, food, taxes, and healthcare in a certain place and period
Private and Government Sector existence	This refers to any private and government sector existence in a particular area and its potential or significant contribution in the a area thereof

Table1: Distribution of population by Municipality in the District

DISTRICT	FEZILE DABI		
MUNICIPLAITY	Census 2011	Community Survey 2016	Growth Rate
Fezile Dabi DM	488 036	494 777	0.3
Metsimaholo LM	149 108	163 164	2,1
Mafube LM	57 876	57 574	-0,1
Moqhaka LM	160 532	154 732	-0,8
Ngwathe LM	120 520	118 907	-0,3

Source: Stats SA: CS 2016

Note: Data for Census 2011 have been aligned to 2016 Community Survey and 2021 municipal boundaries.

The district profile further showed that most local municipalities in Fezile Dabi district had negative population growth except Metsimaholo with growth of 2,1% of Annual Growth. However, the Fezile Dabi District in general, has seen a positive population growth of 0,3% of Annual Growth.

Table 2: Distribution of population by gender

		Male	Female	Total
Metsimaholo	Local Municipality	77636	71472	149108
Ward	Ward No			
Ward01:	42004001	6331	5984	12315
Ward02	42004002	2920	3055	5975
Ward03	42004003	2589	2719	5308
Ward04	42004004	3034	3014	6048
Ward05	42004005	3051	2992	6043
Ward06	42004006	2176	2102	4278
Ward07	42004007	3242	3186	6428
Ward08	42004008	3683	3820	7503
Ward09	42004009	3995	3614	7609
Ward10	42004010	3611	3573	7184
Ward11	42004011	2955	2812	5767
Ward12	42004012	2327	1745	4072
Ward13	42004013	3849	3725	7574
Ward14	42004014	2782	2695	5477
Ward15	42004015	2311	2200	4511
Ward16	42004016	2706	2816	5522
Ward17	42004017	3014	2676	5690
Ward18	42004018	2991	2161	5152
Ward19	42004019	2831	2648	5479
Ward20	42004020	7595	4623	12218
Ward21	42004021	3186	3086	6272
Ward22	42004022	3092	3113	6205
Ward23	42004023	3364	3115	6479

From the statistical analysis above, it can be deduced that males make up 52% of the total municipal population whilst females constitute only 48% of the total municipal population.

The analysis indicates that Wards 1 and 20 have the highest number of males (6 331 and 7 595 respectively) whilst Ward 6 and 12 has the lowest number of females (2 102 and 1 745 respectively). Interestingly, both Wards 1 and 20 have the highest concentration of population, contributing 8,2% and 8,1% respectively to the total municipal population.

Table 3: Distribution of population by age group

	0 - 14		15 - 34	35 - 64	65+
Metsimaholo Local Municipality		39237	58096	45267	6509
Ward	Ward No				
Ward 01	42004001	4173	4951	3015	176
Ward 02	42004002	1762	2313	1656	245
Ward 03	42004003	1522	2050	1475	260
Ward 04	42004004	1701	2277	1658	411
Ward 05	42004005	1847	2167	1678	351
Ward 06	42004006	1301	1673	1173	131
Ward 07	42004007	1898	2563	1772	195
Ward 08	42004008	1828	3153	2093	429
Ward 09	42004009	1845	3364	2108	291
Ward 10	42004010	1943	2900	2136	205
Ward 11	42004011	1303	2261	1809	395
Ward 12	42004012	884	1740	1247	202
Ward 13	42004013	2426	2993	2016	138
Ward 14	42004014	1031	1761	2307	377
Ward 15	42004015	1005	1572	1648	288
Ward 16	42004016	917	1578	2460	567
Ward 17	42004017	1107	2348	1836	399
Ward 18	42004018	1144	2199	1684	125
Ward 19	42004019	1705	2270	1411	94
Ward 20	42004020	2855	5308	3683	371
Ward 21	42004021	1936	2351	1834	151
Ward 22	42004022	1198	1860	2703	444
Ward 23	42004023	1908	2443	1864	264

Youth in the Municipal area constitutes 38.9% of total number population wherein Ward 1 (4 951) and Ward 20 (5 308) shows the highest number respectively. This goes to the highest number of the elderly in both Wards: Ward 16 (567) and Ward 22 (444). The elderly constitutes 4.3% of total number of population in the Municipal area.

Table 4: Distribution of population by population group

	Black African	Coloured	Indian or Asian	White	Other
Metsimaholo Local Municipality	122697	1070	477	24390	473
Ward 01	12238	28	12	25	12
Ward 02	5954	8	4	4	5
Ward 03	5252	11	7	2	35
Ward 04	5455	10	9	561	12
Ward 05	5417	19	14	572	21
Ward 06	4255	14	5	-	5
Ward 07	6370	30	12	7	9
Ward 08	6260	83	14	1146	-
Ward 09	7562	31	3	1	11
Ward 10	7094	36	8	32	14
Ward 11	5744	7	-	5	12
Ward 12	4061	6	1	-	4
Ward 13	7542	5	2	9	16
Ward 14	1105	83	56	4187	47
Ward 15	1700	55	9	2746	2
Ward 16	847	111	51	4496	18
Ward 17	3070	114	31	2461	13
Ward 18	3914	51	58	985	144
Ward 19	5458	7	-	6	8
Ward 20	11143	211	20	815	29
Ward 21	6230	18	8	3	12
Ward 22	1033	75	126	4949	22
Ward 23	4994	56	27	1379	23

The statistic information shows the Black Africa population as the highest with total number of 122 697 (82,2%) followed by Whites community with total number of 24 390 (16,3%) respectively; whilst the coloured community constitutes 1070 (0,7%) and the less community as Indian/Asian with total population of 477 (0,3%).

Table 5: Distribution of population 20+ years by level of education

	No schooling	Some primary	Completed primary	Some secondary	Grade 12/Std10	Higher	Other
Metsimaholo Local Municipality	5304	11118	3797	33200	28485	10805	372
Ward 01	439	938	429	3213	1975	214	12
Ward 02	321	707	195	1471	809	67	8
Ward 03	341	639	157	1149	795	138	4
Ward 04	816	440	151	1165	965	176	7
Ward 05	419	812	231	1260	832	156	2
Ward 06	154	492	155	1022	658	51	1
Ward 07	425	615	213	1508	989	138	7
Ward 08	193	635	142	1684	1540	633	26
Ward 09	214	636	215	1954	1586	453	11
Ward 10	137	595	183	1593	1385	625	23
Ward 11	163	361	126	1469	1317	533	7
Ward 12	134	339	140	1184	841	272	2
Ward 13	195	679	275	1986	1231	124	9
Ward 14	50	117	46	816	1661	1310	54
Ward 15	29	51	30	1079	1324	617	33
Ward 16	39	61	36	812	1652	1420	36
Ward 17	20	88	23	1129	1547	851	45
Ward 18	70	374	149	1037	1072	546	5
Ward 19	170	463	153	1518	1011	87	2
Ward 20	425	936	312	1938	1233	366	24
Ward 21	232	569	210	1597	975	135	3
Ward 22	157	63	29	782	1772	1741	27
Ward 23	161	509	198	1833	1314	153	23

Ward 4 shows high number (816) followed by Ward 1(439) and 1 & 20 (425) respectively of people with no education. Whilst Ward 22 shows high number (1 741) and Ward 16 (1 420) of people with higher education. Though it is noted that majority of the population (33 200) which constitute 29,2% have completed secondary education.

Table 6: Distribution of population by employment status and employment rate

	Employed	Unemployed	Discouraged work-seeker	Other not economically active	Unemployment rate
Metsimaholo Local Municipality	44261	20948	3008	35146	32,1
Ward 01	3235	2462	363	1907	43,2
Ward 02	1402	962	84	1521	40,7
Ward 03	1217	909	77	1322	42,8
Ward 04	1068	802	133	1933	42,9
Ward 05	1432	611	285	1517	29,9
Ward 06	1151	787	61	847	40,6
Ward 07	1689	948	254	1445	35,9
Ward 08	2136	1167	136	1807	35,3
Ward 09	2152	1606	48	1667	42,7
Ward 10	2134	858	89	1956	28,7
Ward 11	1694	896	223	1256	34,6
Ward 12	1373	915	90	609	40,0
Ward 13	1838	1685	110	1377	47,8
Ward 14	2726	140	29	1174	4,9
Ward 15	1811	368	64	977	16,9
Ward 16	2569	166	38	1265	6,1
Ward 17	2255	424	43	1461	15,8
Ward 18	2235	366	46	1237	14,1
Ward 19	1325	1618	54	683	55,0
Ward 20	2481	980	436	5094	28,3
Ward 21	1439	1290	156	1301	47,3
Ward 22	3115	158	48	1242	4,8
Ward 23	1785	830	143	1549	31,7

Source: Stats SA, census 2011, CS 2016 & census on 2021 boundaries

The information above depicts that Municipal unemployment rate is at 32,1% with Ward 13 as the highest Ward leading with the level of unemployment (47,8%) and followed by Ward 1 with 43,2%. It further shows 23,5% (35 146) of people who are not economically active and 2,0% (3 008) of those who are discouraged work seekers

Table 7: Distribution of households by access to piped water

	Piped (tap) water inside dwelling/institution	Piped (tap) water inside yard	Piped (tap) water on community stand: distance less than 200m from dwelling/institution	Piped (tap) water on community stand: distance between 200m and 500m from dwelling/institution	Piped (tap) water on community stand: distance between 500m and 1000m (1km) from dwelling /institution	Piped (tap) water on community stand: distance greater than 1000m (1km) from dwelling/institution	No access to piped (tap) water	Total
Metsimaholo Local								
Municipality	33131	10338	1866	622	178	44	537	46716
Ward 01	1442	2012	291	93	14	-	153	4005
Ward 02	1402	145	65	5	2	-	25	1644
Ward 03	859	542	18	1	1	-	1	1422
Ward 04	1211	433	7	1	-	-	14	1666
Ward 05	1068	796	30	12	1	-	8	1915
Ward 06	979	220	1	1	-	-	6	1207
Ward 07	1358	460	7	30	2	-	3	1860
Ward 08	1540	815	2	2	1	-	9	2369
Ward 09	1806	654	12	3	-	-	20	2495
Ward 10	1705	253	67	5	2	-	17	2049
Ward 11	1641	112	-	2	-	-	2	1757
Ward 12	1398	41	6	7	-	-	38	1490
Ward 13	1312	718	184	107	86	-	103	2510
Ward 14	1826	71	25	6	1	1	20	1950
Ward 15	1325	69	7	-	-	5	7	1413
Ward 16	1979	29	3	-	-	-	9	2020
Ward 17	1791	170	4	1	-	1	1	1968
Ward 18	1579	249	28	4	1	2	21	1884
Ward 19	529	1086	205	147	-	-	1	1968
Ward 20	1371	391	811	187	61	21	27	2869
Ward 21	1606	188	-	4	-	-	24	1822
Ward 22	2048	34	2	1	-	=	5	2090
Ward 23	1353	850	93	3	5	15	25	2344

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

Table 8: Distribution of households by toilet facility

	None Flush toilet (connected to sewerage system)		Flush toilet (with septic tank)	Chemical toilet	Pit toilet with ventilation (VIP)	Pit toilet without ventilation	Bucket toilet	Other
Metsimaholo Local Municipality	665	34233	700	231	198	7924	1557	1208
Ward 01	81	70	6	16	18	3334	313	166
Ward 02	18	1568	4	1	4	19	6	27
Ward 03	8	1396	4	·	2	1	9	2
Ward 04	10	1448	201	1	2	1	3	-
Ward 05	161	1347	97	15	22	74	172	25
Ward 06	3	1193	·	1	·	1	-	10
Ward 07	1	1080	12	1	12	597	7	150
Ward 08	10	2340	15	1	1	1	-	2
Ward 09	18	2453	14	2	1	1	-	6
Ward 10	12	1922	2	9	9	10	14	70
Ward 11	-	1750	3	•	-	-	-	5
Ward 12	23	1314	123	-	-	1	20	11
Ward 13	7	1109	3	6	3	1208	21	154
Ward 14	11	1824	31	4	14	44	16	6
Ward 15	6	1390	9	•	1	-	1	6
Ward 16	1	2008	7	1	1	-	2	1
Ward 17	2	1963	3	-	-	-	-	-
Ward 18	8	1745	33	2	17	62	11	6
Ward 19	79	199	2	8	26	1297	5	351
Ward 20	71	1624	110	15	39	31	951	28
Ward 21	5	1804	2	6	1	1	-	2
Ward 22	-	2083	1	-	3	-	-	2
Ward 23	130	604	19	145	21	1241	6	178

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

Table 9: Distribution of households by energy used for lighting.

	None	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Wood	Coal	Candles	Animal dung	Solar	Other
Metsimaholo Local										
Municipality	83	40064	89	1424	-	-	4960	-	95	-
Ward01	6	3462	3	80	-	-	446	-	8	-
Ward02	5	1550	1	29	-	-	53	-	6	-
Ward03	1	1389	-	-	-	-	29	-	3	-
Ward04	-	1645	1	1	-	-	14	-	3	-
Ward05	5	1484	5	13	-	-	393	-	14	-
Ward06	-	1180	1	5	-	-	19	-	2	-
Ward07	1	1800	3	10	-	-	45	-	3	-
Ward08	_	2347	-	3	-	-	16	-	3	-
Ward09	4	2444	5	2	-	-	39	-	1	-
Ward10	1	1951	-	8	1	1	89	1	-	ı
Ward11	3	1742	-	-	-		12		1	-
Ward12	-	1463	1	13	-	-	12	-	1	-
Ward13	1	2030	12	172	-	-	293	-	1	-
Ward14	1	1927	5	2	-	-	14	-	1	-
Ward15	-	1406	1	-	-	-	6	-	_	-
Ward16	-	2009	6	-	-	-	2	-	3	-
Ward17	-	1962	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-
Ward18	2	1820	_	2	-	-	57	-	2	-
Ward19	12	194	15	476	-	-	1264	-	8	-
Ward20	23	1778	9	85	-	-	953		21	_ =
Ward21	4	1765	4	5	-	-	42	-	2	_
Ward22	-	2085	1		-	-	3	_	1	-
Ward23	13	632	15	517	_	-	1156	_	10	_

Table 10: Distribution of households by energy used for cooking.

	None	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Wood	Coal	Candles	Animal dung	Solar	Other
Metsimaholo Local Municipality	79	38541	2977	4337	459	160	-	41	64	58
Ward01	11	3411	101	434	20	10	-	8	10	-
Ward02	3	1497	29	101	2	8	-	1	1	1
Ward03	5	1364	17	21	7	5	-	1	2	-
Ward04	4	1557	82	15	5	1	-	-	1	1
Ward05	10	1383	151	195	148	21	-	2	4	-
Ward06	-	1176	1	24	4	-	-	-	2	-
Ward07	-	1762	12	70	9	4	-	-	4	-
Ward08	3	2257	40	38	7	6	-	-	2	16
Ward09	3	2396	24	61	4	5	-	-	1	2
Ward10	-	1917	41	74	10	2	-	-	5	-
Ward11	1	1735	3	15	1	1	-	-	-	-
Ward12	1	1431	6	40	-	-	-	1	-	11
Ward13	4	1996	104	399	2	3	-	-	1	-
Ward14	3	1743	170	15	8	1	-	-	2	8
Ward15	3	1279	119	6	4	-	-	2	-	-
Ward16	-	1851	156	2	4	1	-	1	-	3
Ward17	1	1905	43	9	-	-	-	-	4	6
Ward18	2	1761	50	18	43	2		2		5
Ward19	-	187	711	1031	14	16	-	1	7	-
Ward20	15	1691	228	722	150	40	-	16	3	1
Ward21	1	1741	13	60	1	5	-	-	1	-
Ward22	1	1908	170	1	-	-	-	1	5	4
Ward23	5	594	704	987	16	27	-	2	7	

Table 11: Distribution of households by refuse removal

	Removed by local authority/private company at least once a week	Removed by local authority/private company less often	Communal refuse dump	Own refuse dump	No rubbish disposal	Other
Metsimaholo Local Municipality	36511	513	1483	6189	1698	323
Ward01	444	81	294	2591	581	13
Ward02	1592	1	7	26	10	8
Ward03	1323	1	69	19	9	1
Ward04	1640	13	-	11	-	2
Ward05	1587	24	11	265	19	7
Ward06	1201	1	-	4		1
Ward07	1800	4	5	49	3	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ward08	2350	11	1	4	-	3
Ward09	2479	2	-	3	3	8
Ward10	1941	-	-	94	15	-
Ward11	1756	1	-	-	-	-
Ward12	1461	26	-	-	1	2
Ward13	2041	-	63	63	339	4
Ward14	1694	87	15	123	22	10
Ward15	1388	15	5	2	1	2
Ward16	1992	19	5		1	2
Ward17	1930	8	10	7	1	13
Ward18	1529	87	14	177	33	45
Ward19	300	5	282	1237	142	2
Ward20	1643	62	365	520	148	130
Ward21	1812	-	-	3	7	-
Ward22	2046	27	4	10		4
Ward23	565	38	333	980	362	64

SWOT ANALYSIS

During Municipal Strategic session held on the 16th-18th November 2022t, the Municipality embarked on a process of internal strategic departmental planning and alignment sessions to ensure that its development priorities, as reflected by the Key Performance Areas, Programmes and Strategic Objectives are aligned to the National and Provincial Government's Policy Priorities. the process was aiming at identifying existing Strengths, weaknesses. opportunities and threats faced by municipality. Therefore, this Draft IDP is informed by that extensive analysis and is reflecting a true sense nor reality of Metsimaholo Local Municipality at glance. The table below reflects the results of the SWOT analysis thereof.

TABLE: SWOT ANALYSIS

TABLE: SWOT ANALYSIS	NTERNAL		
	Wesknesses		
Strengths	Weaknesses Weaknesses		
 High-capacity municipality Sustainable service delivery (e.g. refuse removal) Strong community & public participation Low staff turnover Training of personnel Strong focus on staff & community development Union Management relations Payment of third parties (ESKOM/RAND WATER) 	 Limited maintenance of public facilities and cemetery management system Delay in filling outstanding critical posts (Senior Managers)-Corporate Services Shortage of resources, office space, etc. Poor maintenance of infrastructure Poor Security services (vulnerability): to curb electricity cable theft. Municipal Branding & Marketing Low morale of workers Cascading Performance Management and Project monitoring Misuse of municipal facilities/assets/vehicles Document management/contract management Poor customer service Dependent on Conditional grants on municipal funding sources Poor supervision of staff Poor turnaround times on service interruptions/outages Billing System and Indigent Management system 		
Opportunities	Threads		
 Proximity to possible Investors Seriti, Anglo, Sasol (partnership) Good relations with other government spheres National & Province (CoGTA) – partnerships Tourism Water resources (Vaal Dam & River) Industrial area Potential for growth of tourism attraction (D/Ville & O/Ville)) Natural resources (water, minerals) Proximity to Gauteng (e.g. learning opportunities, etc.) Proximity to transport network (R59, N1) 	 Limited Revenue collection Future land availability for human settlement Possible illegal Land occupation Disinvestment/Economic development (delays in approval of development applications by Province; sub-delegation of land use management) High rate of unemployment Non-payment for services Electricity Cable and high crime rate Poor Asset Management Environmental degradation & Disaster (pollution & floods) No Municipal Bylaws Landfill full to capacity. Limited Disinvestment (I Malls) and SLPs Aged infrastructure Unaccounted Municipal Property Illegal property occupation by foreign people in CBD Ageing Road Infrastructure Emerging communal residential arrangements 		

SECTION C: POWERS AND FUNCTION OF MUNICIPALITY

The Local government is assigned specific powers and functions that are unique and appropriate to the lower sphere of government. Similar to the position on national and provincial spheres, local government powers and functions are constitutionally entrenched and protected and cannot be unilaterally taken away by another sphere of government.

Albeit constitutionally protected, the powers and functions of municipalities are not absolute and are subject to both constitutional and national legislative requirements.

The Municipal Systems Act, Act of 2000 (Chapter 3) states that a municipality has all the functions and powers assigned to it in terms of the Constitution and must exercise them subject to Chapter 5 of the Municipal Structures Act, 1998. Furthermore, a municipality is empowered by legislation to do anything reasonably necessary for, or incidental to, the effective performance of its functions and the exercise of its powers.

Therefore, this section outlines the powers and functions constitutionally assigned to the municipality. Municipalities are empowered by the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 to provide a broad range of services in a sustainable manner. This authority emanates from section 152(1) of the Constitution which stipulates the objects of local government, namely to:

- 1 Provide democratic and accountable government for local communities.
- 2 Ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner.
- 3 Promote social and economic development.
- 4 Promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- 5 Encourage the involvement of community organisations in the matters of local government.

In terms of Section 156 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, Metsimaholo Local Municipality is a category B municipality that has executive and legislative authority to administer Local Government Matters listed in Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5 and any other matter assigned to it by national or provincial legislation.

Furthermore, this municipality is accordingly empowered to do anything reasonably necessary for, or incidental to, the effective performance of its functions and the exercise of its powers and this includes making and administering by-laws and policies. The powers and functions of the municipality are as detailed on the table below:

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

TABLE: POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF METSIMAHOLO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY IN TERMS OF THE CONSTITUTION

Powers & Functions	Reference	Performed (Yes/No)
Air pollution	Schedule 4 Part B	No.
Building regulations	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Child care facilities	Schedule 4 Part B	No
Electricity and gas reticulation	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Firefighting services	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Local tourism	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Municipal airports	Schedule 4 Part B	N/A
Municipal planning	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Municipal health services	Schedule 4 Part B	No
Municipal public transport	Schedule 4 Part B	N/A
Municipal public works	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
	Schedule 4 Part B	
Pontoons, ferries, jetties, piers and harbours,		Yes
Storm water management systems in built-up areas	Schedule 4 Part B	
Trading regulations	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Water and sanitation services	Schedule 4 Part B	Yes
Beaches and amusement facilities	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Billboards and the display of advertisements in public places	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Cemeteries, funeral parlours and crematoria	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Cleansing	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Control of public nuisances	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Control of undertakings that sell liquor to the public	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Facilities for the accommodation, care and burial of animals	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Fencing and fences	Schedule 5 Part B	N/A
Licensing of dogs	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Licensing and control of undertakings that sell food to the public	Schedule 5 Part B	No
Local amenities	Schedule 5 Part B	N/A
Local sport facilities	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Markets	Schedule 5 Part B	N/A
Municipal abattoirs	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Municipal parks and recreation	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Municipal roads	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Noise pollution	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Pounds	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Public places	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Refuse removal, refuse dumps and solid waste disposal	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Street trading	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Street lighting	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes
Traffic and parking	Schedule 5 Part B	Yes

Fiscal Powers and Functions

Section 229 of the Constitution states the following regarding municipal fiscal powers and functions:

Subject to subsections (2), (3) and (4), a municipality may impose: -

- rates on property and surcharges on fees for services provided by or on behalf of the municipality; and
- if authorised by national legislation, other taxes, levies and duties appropriate
 to local government or to the category of local government into which that
 municipality falls, but no municipality may impose income tax, value-added tax,
 general sales tax or customs duty.

The power of a municipality to impose rates on property, surcharges on fees for services provided by or on behalf of the municipality, or other taxes, levies or duties:-

- a) may not be exercised in a way that materially and unreasonably prejudices national economic policies, economic activities across municipal boundaries, or the national mobility of goods, services, capital or labour; and
- **b)** may be regulated by national legislation.

Other powers and function not specified by the constitution.

The table below provides a list functions and powers that might be undertaken by a local municipality in addition to those specified in the Constitution.

Table 9: Incidental Powers and Functions of Metsimaholo Local Municipality

Powers & Functions	Performe d (Yes/No)
Disaster management (*)	Yes
Gas reticulation Housing (**)	N/A
Integrated development planning	Yes
Libraries and museums (other than national libraries and museums)	No
Nature conservation Tourism promotion (at local level only)	Yes

Explanation of Legends:

^{*} Certain powers and functions have been assigned to both district and local municipalities in accordance with section 44 of the Disaster Management Act, Act 57 of 2002.

^{**} Certain powers and functions have been assigned to local municipalities in accordance with section 9 of the Housing Act, Act 107 of 1997

SECTION D: PROCESS FOLLOWED TO DEVELOP THIS 2023/24 REVIEWED IDP

Introduction:

The Integrated Development Plan (IDP) is a key instrument which municipalities must adopt to drive vision, leadership, and direction for all those that have a role to play in the development of a municipal areas.

To this effect, municipalities must play a role in ensuring integration and coordination between various sectors and cross sectoral dimensions of development, to achieve social, economic, and ecological sustainability.

In line with section 25 of the Municipal Systems Act, each Municipal Council must, within a prescribed period after start of its elected term, adopt a single, inclusive, and strategic plan for the municipality which integrates and co-ordinates other institutional plans and considers proposals from various stakeholders and the community for the development of the municipality.

Once adopted by Council, this IDP document will serve as the principal strategic planning instrument which guides and informs all planning and development, budgeting, annual performance review, management, and development, in the municipality. Therefore, this plan will cover the period 2023/2024 period and which marks a first annual review of the current Five-Year IDP, in accordance with section 34 of Municipal Systems Act.

Overview of the process and Activities undertaken to develop this 2023/24 Reviewed IDP:

In the process of developing this 2023/24 Reviewed IDP, all efforts and case was taken to ensure that it is compatible with the Fezile Dabi District Municipality's Integrated Development Plan, all the national and provincial development plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation.

The process of compiling this IDP was guided by the processes entailed in various pieces of legislation, the IDP Guide Packs 2001, the Revised Framework for Municipalities Outside Metropolitan Municipalities and Secondary Municipalities,2012. The revised framework for Municipalities Outside Metropolitan Municipalities and Secondary Municipalities was compiled by the National Department of Cooperative Governance and lastly, the Revised IDP Guidelines for Municipalities, 2020.

These guidelines are meant to strengthen understanding and clarification of approach to a legally compliant IDP in line with Chapter 5 of Municipal Systems Act. Accordingly, this IDP is prepared within the said IDP Framework (2012) and Guide Packs (2001), Revised IDP Guidelines for Municipalities (2020) and the prescripts of Municipal Systems Act: sections, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 21 of Chapter 4 and Part 1, 2 and 3 of Chapter 5.

The table below illustrates the guidelines, time frames and activities undertaken on developing and adopting the IDP:

July and Augu	st Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr to June	Jul – June (Implementation Year)
Adoption of th	e								Monitor and review performance
Budget IDP									targets in the SDBIP and
Process Plan									Performance Contracts.
Final Draft IDP	process compl	eted six mont	hs (end J	lanuary) prior to	Table	budget a	ligned	Adopt A	
the start of a fir	nancial year to i	nform the bud	lget.		to IDP	90 days		2023/24 IDP	
					(March	n) before	the	and PMS	
					start o	f a munio	cipal	prior to the	
					financ	al year.		start of a	
Internal alignm	ent of service d	elivery/develo	pment ar	nd budget targets	, commu	nity cons	ultation	financial	Community consultation on
on service deliv	very/developme	nt and budge	t targets.					year.	amending service delivery/
									development and budget targets.
IDP	Consider	Finalize th	е	Finalize	Budge	t proces	s as	Set	Reporting, monitoring, audit and
objectives	national,	developm	ent of	projects for	per MI	MA.		measures/	review.
and	provincial	objectives		each objective				KPIs and set	
strategies.	and district			and				targets.	
	priorities.			programme.					
Budget prepara	Budget preparation process is informed by IDP drafting process						Adopt and monitor SDBIP as per		
									MFMA requirements

The 2022/23 IDP Process Plan of the Municipality

The process for the compilation of this 2023/24 Integrated Development Plan was guided by the processes entailed in various pieces of legislation, the IDP Guide Packs, the Revised Framework for Municipalities Outside Metropolitan Municipalities and Secondary Municipalities and the Revised IDP Guidelines for Municipalities.

The purpose of the process plan is to indicate the various planned activities and strategies on which the municipality will embark on to compile or review its integrated development plan and the budget. The process plan enhances integration and alignment between the IDP and Budget, thereby ensuring the development of an IDP based budget.

It fulfils the role of a business plan or an operational framework for the IDP process outlining the way the IDP process will be undertaken. In addition, it identifies the activities in the processes around the key statutory annual operational processes of the budget and IDP compilation, performance management implementation and the adoption of the municipality's annual report.

The IDP and Budget processes are two distinct but integrally linked processes which must be coordinated to ensure that the IDP and budget related policies and the final budget are mutually consistent and credible. Credibility refers to the municipality's ability and capacity to spend and deliver services in accordance with its approved budget.

The table below presents a programme specifying timeframes for different phases and steps followed during the planning process:





Table 11: IDP Process Plan of Metsimaholo Local Municipality

Phase	Process / Activity	Component	Timeframe	Responsibility	Progress
	1 100035 / Addivity	IDP	July-Aug	IDP/PMS	Achieved
ji	Review Provincial IDP assessment report		2022	Manager	
Planning	B2B One-on-one engagements	B2B	12 July 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	
	Compile IDP Process Plan & Budget Time schedule	IDP	Aug 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Legally compliant Situational analysis: Executive Summary (a) Assessment of existing Level of development (b) Priority issues (c) Causes of Priority issues (d) Availability of resources	IDP	Sept-Nov 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Submit Draft Process plan and Time schedule to Mayoral Committee for approval	IDP	Aug 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
Analysis	Submit final Process plan and Time schedule to Special Council for adoption (At least 10 months before the start of the budget year – Section 21(1)(b) of the MFMA)	IDP	30 August 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Meeting: IDP Steering Committee (to discuss detailed process plan)	IDP	19 Aug 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Meeting: IDP Representative Forum (to discuss detailed process plan)	IDP	20 August 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Workshop on budget procedures and mSCOA (New Councillors)	Budget	August 2022	CFO CFO	Achieved
	B2B one-on-one engagements	B2B	September 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	
	Review situational analysis (status quo), local priority issues and community needs. Legally Compliant (a) The Vision (b) The development objectives (c) Developmental Strategies (d) Projects Identification Alignment with NDP, FSGDS & MTS	IDP	September 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
s	Public participation meetings in all 23 wards (part of the analysis phase of IDP process)	IDP	Sept –Oct 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
Strategies	Projects Identification (All Directorates submit 3 year capital budgets to finance)	IDP / Budget	1 Nov 2022	CFO	Achieved
Ş	B2B one-on-one engagements	B2B	11 October 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	
-	Discussion meetings per Directorate on Capital Budget	Budget	22-30 Nov 2022	CFO	Achieved
	Meeting: IDP Steering Committee (to review progress to date)	IDP	18 Nov 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Meeting: IDP Representative Forum Meeting to review progress	IDP	19 Nov 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Directorates submit tariff increases to finance	Budget	3 Dec 2022	CFO	Achieved
	Directorates submit 3 year personnel budgets to finance	Budget	6 Dec 2022	CFO	Achieved

	Directorates submit 3 year operating budgets to finance	Budget	10 Dec 2022	CFO	Achieved
	Meeting: IDP Representative Forum (to review progress to date)	IDP	Jan 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Not Achieved
	B2B one-on-one engagements	B2B	12Nov 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	
	Finalisation of all sector plans and strategies alignment with NDP, FSGDS & MTSF	IDP	Dec 2022 – Feb 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
Projects	Performance Indicators Projects Output, targets & location	IDP / PMS	Dec 2022 – Feb 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
Proj	Finalisation of Project related activities Cost & budget estimates e.g. (Budget	IDP / Budget	Dec 2022 – Feb 2023	CFO	Achieved
	B2B one-on-one engagements	B2B	10Dec 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	
	3 Year Integrated Financial Plan	Budget	Dec 2022– Feb 2023	CFO	Achieved
	3 Year Integrated Investment Programme	Budget	Dec 2022– Feb 2023	CFO	Achieved
	Integrated SDF	IDP	Dec 2022– Feb 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Partially Achieved
	Integrated SDI Integrated Sectoral Programmes e.g. (WSDP)	IDP	Dec 2022 – Feb 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Not Achieved
	Consolidated Monitoring e.g. (PMS)	PMS	Dec 2022 – Feb 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
ion	Disaster Management Institutional plan and sector plans	IDP	Dec 2022 – Feb 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Awaiting Council Approval
Integratic	Tabling of draft IDP & Budget informal meeting	IDP/ Budget	March 2023	CFO	In progress
	Bi-lateral engagements on the IDP & Budget	IDP/ Budget	1st Week of May 2023	CFO	Achieved (Feb 2023)
	Meeting: IDP Steering Committee (to review progress to date)	IDP	18 March 2022	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Special Council for tabling of 2023/24 IDP and 2023/2024 MTREF (At least 90 days before the start of the budget year – Section 16(2) of the MFMA)	IDP/ Budget	31 March 2023	CFO IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Meeting: IDP Representative Forum (to review progress to date)	IDP/ Budget	11 April 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	
	Conduct public hearings and community consultations on Draft IDP and Budget :	IDP/ Budget	April 2023	CFO IDP/PMS Manager IDP/PMS	Achieved
	B2B one-on-one engagements	B2B	14 April 2023	Manager	A 1:
	2023/24 Draft IDP and 2023/24 MTREF available to public for comments	IDP/ Budget	4 April 2023	CFO	Achieved

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

				IDP/PMS	
	Submit Draft IDP and MTREF to: National and Provincial Treasury, Provincial CoGTA and FDDM	IDP/ Budget	4 April 2023	Manager CFO IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Executive Mayor responds to public submissions	IDP/ Budget	6 May 2023	Manager in the Office of Executive Mayor	Not Achieved
	Finalise 2023/24 IDP and 2023/234MTREF	IDP/ Budget	02-06 May 2023	CFO IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
	Informal Council meeting: To consider 2023/24 IDP and 2023/24 MTREF	IDP/ Budget	16 May 2023	CFO IDP/PMS Manager	Postpones (24/05/23)
	Council meeting: To approve 2023/24 IDP and 20223/24 MTREF (at least 30 days before the start of the budget year)	IDP/ Budget	31 May 2023	CFO IDP/PMS Manager	In Progress (31/05/23)
	B2B one-on-one engagements	B2B IDP	13 May 2023 May 2023	IDP/PMS Manager CFO/Directors	Achieved
val	Final IDP assessments		May 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	Achieved
Approval	Publish approved 2023/24 IDP and 2023/24 MTREF (10 working days after approval of budget)	IDP/ Budget	10 June 2023	CFO IDP/PMS Manager	
	Submit approved 2023/24 IDP and 2023/234 MTREF to National Treasury, Provincial Treasury and CoGTA	IDP/ Budget	10 June 2023	CFO IDP/PMS Manager	
	Submit 2023/24 Draft (SDBIP) and Performance Agreements to the Executive Mayor (14 days after approved of the budget)	PMS	June 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	
	Executive Mayor approves 2023/234 SDBIP (28 days after approval of the budget)	PMS	June 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	
	Publish approved 2023/24 SDBIP and signed Performance Agreements (10 working days after approval of SDBIP)	PMS	July 2023	IDP/PMS Manager	

For Metsimaholo Municipality to give effect to the implementation of its approved process plan, the following internal and external key role players as presented hereunder, were identified, and were assigned various roles and responsibilities in order to ensure efficient and effective management of this IDP drafting process.

Table 12: Internal & External Role-Players

Role-Player	Roles/Responsibilities					
Municipal Council	Monitoring of the process and the final approval of the IDP					
Councilors	Organize public participation in their respective constituencies					
	Linking IDP process to their constituencies					
Executive Mayor and the Mayoral Committee	Political oversight of the IDP					
Finance and IDP Portfolio Committee	Responsible for assisting the Executive Mayor and the Mayoral Committee in their oversight role					
	Summarizing /and processing of inputs from the participation process					
	Commenting on inputs from other specialists					
Municipal Manager	Overall responsibility of the IDP					
IDP Manager	Responsible for managing the IDP process through:					
	Facilitation of the IDP Process					
	Coordinating IDP related activities including capacity building Programmes					
	3. Facilitate reporting and the documentation of the activities					
	Making recommendations to the IDP Portfolio Committee					
	5. Liaising with Provincial Sector Departments					
	Providing secretariat functions for the IDP Steering Committee and Representative Forum					
Chief Financial Officer	Ensure that the municipal budget is linked to the IDP					
	Co-coordinating budget implementation as per IDP					
	Development of the 5-year Municipal Integrated Financial Plan					
IDP Steering Committee	Responsible for IDP processes, resources and outputs					
	Oversees the status reports received from departments					
	Makes recommendations to Council and oversees the meeting of the Representative Forum					
	Responsible for the process of integration and alignment of the projects					
IDP Representative Forum	Forms the interface for community participation in the affairs of the Council					
	Participates in the annual IDP review process					
Municipal Officials	Provide technical expertise and information					
	Prepare draft project proposals					

	Mobilize	funding	for the	IDP	projects
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Provide scheduled reports on the IDP implementation process



Public Participation (Ownership by the communities)

Section 152(1) (a) mandates local government to provide democratic and accountable government for local communities. This mandate means that activities at local government should be underpinned by the principles of democratic governance and accountability. In terms of a planning process, it means that one of the critical principles for the development of an IDP is that the entire process needs to be consultative.

To this effect, the Municipal Systems Act 2000 forms the pedestal for community participation at local government. This piece of legislation explicitly entails in Chapter 4, section 16, the notion of community participation and mechanisms for development. Importantly, experience has shown that improving public participation in municipal administration can enhance good governance in the following areas:

- increase level of information in communities.
- better needs identification for communities.
- improve service delivery.
- community empowerment.
- greater accountability.
- better resource distribution
- greater community solidarity
- greater tolerance of diversity.



For the development of this IDP, Ward based community consultation meetings were conducted during Sept/Oct months 2022. Furthermore, the local Business and Private Sector were engaged in this regard.

The Office of the Executive Mayor and the Speaker played a critical role through Ward Councillors in officiating, encouraging and communicating with the community about various municipal governance issues.

IDP Representatives Forum

The IDP Representative Forum is a consultative structure that institutionalizes and ensures a representative participation in the IDP process. The representative forum represents the interest of its constituents in the IDP process and is thus required do give feedback to its constituents. The Representative Forum of Metsimaholo Local Municipality is a functional structure chaired by the Executive Mayor, consisting of representatives of the following structures:

- a) Community Based Organizations,
- b) Non-Governmental Organizations,
- c) Business Community,
- d) Government Sector Departments,
- e) Ward Committees and
- f) Community Development Workers

The Council has approved the schedule of Stakeholders Representative meetings as part of the Process Plan. The relevant stakeholders and Sector Departments will be consulted wherein the Municipal issues will be presented and submitted for further intervention and incorporation in this Reviewed Plan (IDP). The table below represents the IDP Rep Forum meetings held /to be held thus far:

ACTIVITY	DATE	PURPOSE	STATUS
IDP Representative Forum	November 2022	To present	Successfully held
		outcomes of IDP	
		Public consultations	
		from all 23 Wards	
IDP Representative Forum	March 2023	To table 2023/24	Not Achieved
		Draft IDP	
IDP Representative Forum	Apr/May 2023	To Table Final IDP	District IDP Forum

The IDP Steering Committee

The Budget Steering Committee is one of the most important internal structures in the process of development and / or review of an IDP. The committee is largely responsible for the following key functions in the IDP process, namely:

- Responsible for IDP processes, resources, and outputs
- Oversees the status reports received from departments.
- Makes recommendations to Council and oversees the meeting of the Representative Forum
- Responsible for the process of integration and alignment of the projects

For the purpose of this 2023/24 Reviewed IDP, four Budget Steering Committee (Senior Management) meetings are scheduled, with one meeting planned per quarter). Each meeting will provide feedback on the progress on each phase of the IDP & Budget process.

ACTIVITY	DATE	PURPOSE	STATUS
IDP Steering Committee	October 2022	To present Process	Successfully held
		Plan & items for IDP	
		public consultation	
	November 2022	To present	Successfully held
		outcomes of IDP	
		Public consultations	
		from all 23 Wards	
IDP Steering Committee	March 2023	To present 2023/24	Successfully held
		Draft IDP & Budget	
IDP Steering Committee	April 2023	To Table Final IDP	IDP presented to SM

Adherence to the Planning and Accountability Model

In developing this reviewed plan, the Metsimaholo Local Municipality acquainted itself with the Planning and Accountability Model. The introduction of the Planning and Accountability Model for the 4th generation of Integrated Development Plans is an initiative of the Fee State Provincial Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs.

This initiative emanates from and is informed by the Constitution, Act 108 of 1996, section 154 (i), which stipulates that, National and Provincial government, by legislative and other measures, must support and strengthen the capacity of municipalities to manage their own affairs, to exercise their powers and to perform their functions.

The planning and accountability model was subsequently endorsed and approved by the Free State Forum of Heads of Departments under the guidance and leadership of the Director General.

The rational for the Proposed Planning and Accountability Model is:

- a) To enhance integration of plans amongst all spheres of government
- b) To encourage maximum participation and accountability of the IDP stakeholders during IDP processes
- c) To strengthen legality of the IDP and to ensure the credibility of the IDP (signed by an internal auditor and municipal manager)
- d) To encourage continuous engagement with municipalities (quarterly IDP assessments at district level), and
- e) To improve the quality of the IDP document.

SECTION E: SPATIAL RATIONALE: METSIMAHOLO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

Introduction

This section provides a high-level Spatial Development Framework which reflects the text and maps and is reviewed on a 5 yearly basis. In terms of Section 26(e) of the Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000), a municipality's integrated Development Plan must reflect a spatial development framework which must include the provision of basic guidelines for a land use management system for the municipality.

The Spatial Development Framework of Metsimaholo Local Municipality as abridged within this IDP is formulated in such a manner that it gives effect to the general principles on land development contained in section 3 of the Development Facilitation Act, 1995. These principles indicate that in managing land use and new land development, the municipality's policy, administrative practice and laws should: -

- Provide for urban and rural land development and should facilitate the development of formal and informal, existing and new settlements.
- Discourage the illegal occupation of land, with due recognition of informal land development processes that constantly happen within the municipality's area of jurisdiction.
- Promote efficient integrated land development that may promote the integration of the social, economic, institutional, and physical aspects of land development.
- Ensure the best possible use of existing infrastructure and resources and contribute to the correction of historically distorted spatial patterns of development.
- promote the availability of residential and employment opportunities near or integrated with each other.
- Encourage members of communities affected by land development to actively participate in the process of land development.
- encourage environmentally sustainable land development practices and processes.

Geography, History, Economy and Demographics

TABLE 10: OVERVIEW OF IMPORTANT GEOGRAPHICAL, HISTORICAL, ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

INI ORMATION							
Geographical Location	Metsimaholo Local Municipality is part of Fezile Dabi						
	District Municipality, located in the Northern part of the						
	Free State province						
Description	Metsimaholo Local Municipality is a Category B						
	municipality. It is one of four municipalities in the						
	district (Moqhaka, Ngwathe & Mafube), making up 8%						
	of its geographical area. The municipality was						
	established in 2000 through the amalgamation of the						
	then Sasolburg, Deneysville and Oranjeville						
	Transitional Local Councils.						
	The dominance of Sasolburg, owing to its population						
	density and its proximity to the economically active						
	City of Johannesburg, provides the area with the						
	opportunity of being declared the head office of the						
	entire Metsimaholo Municipality. Metsimaholo means						
	'big water' in Sesotho.						
Municipal Demarcation	FS204						
Board (MBD) Code							
Area size	1 717km²						
Towns	Sasolburg, Zamdela, Deneysville, Refengkgotso,						
	Oranjeville, Metsimaholo, Viljoensdrif and Coalbrook						
Main Economic Sectors	Manufacturing, retail, community services, Petro						
	chemical (SASOL)and Industrial						
Estimated Population	163 564						
Estimated households	59 113						

Source: www.mumicipalities.co.za

Maps

The following map depicts Metsimaholo Local Municipality within the Fezile Dabi District Municipality. As it can be noticed from the map, Metsimaholo is one of the four local municipalities within the Fezile Dabi District Municipality. By geographical size, Metsimaholo Local Municipality is the smallest of four municipalities in the district.

Parys

Nerfontein

Vierfontein

Villiers

NGWATHE

Heilbron

Frankfort

Comelia

Tweeling

© municipalities.co.za

MAP 1: METSIMAHOLO WITHIN THE AREA OF JURISDICTION OF FEZILE DABI DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY:

Source: www.municipalities.co.za

On the other hand, the map below illustrates the area of jurisdiction of Metsimaholo Local Municipality. It is estimated that the area of jurisdiction of Metsimaholo Local Municipality covers an estimated area of 1 717 square kilometres. The major towns within the Metsimaholo areas of jurisdiction include Sasolburg, Zamdela, Deneysville, Refengkgotso, Oranjeville, Metsimaholo, Viljoensdrift and Coalbrook.

The dominance of Sasolburg because of its population density and its proximity to the economically active Johannesburg city provided the area with the opportunity of being declared the "head-offices" of the entire Metsimaholo Municipality. According to *Statistics South Africa's 2016 Community Survey and Municipal boundaries:2021*, it is estimated that the total population of the municipality is 163 564 with 59 113 estimated households.

Meyeron

Sebokeng

Asspreads

Donothiste

Vanderbijsan

Viljoensdrif

Coalbrook

Metsima holo (FS204)

Asspreads

Asspreads

Coalbrook

Metsima holo (FS204)

MAP: AREA OF JURISDICTION OF METSIMAHOLO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

Source: National Demarcation Board

Overview of Sasolburg / Zamdela:

The town owes its existence to the petro-chemical industry. Its refinery is one of the only two viable coal-derived oil refineries in the world (the other is at Secunda in Mpumalanga). The town was established in the early 1950s in order to provide housing and facilities for SASOL (South African Coal, Oil & Gas) employees.

The town has won the prize for the most attractive town entrance several years in a row and is a leader in environmental awareness as statistics show there are more trees and shrubs in the town. (Source: www.freestatetourism.org)

Deneysville / Refengkgotso:

Named after Deneys Reitz, son of a former Free State president, Deneysville is a small rural village established on the banks of the Vaal Dam in 1939. The town is also known as the Highveld's inland sea and the yachting mecca for its landlocked neighbours. The biggest inland regatta in South Africa, 'Round the Island Race", is held on the dam annually, during February. With six yacht clubs, marinas, boat chandlers, boat builders and repair yards, Deneysville is the home of yachting enthusiasts. (*Source: www.freestatetourism.org*)

Oranjeville / Metsimaholo:

This town, situated on the banks of the Wilge River, was established during 1919 as a halfway stop for ox wagons between Heilbron, Frankfort and Vereeniging. The town was named after the Prins van Orange of Holland. (Source: www.freestatetourism.org)

Characteristics of the major areas of the municipality:

The table hereunder describes the characteristics of three towns forming Metsimaholo Local Municipality. The table is segmented into four categories *viz*; name of the town, location, the size of the population and economic potential and needs.

TABLE 11: CHARACTERISTICS OF THE MAJOR AREAS OF THE MUNICIPALITY

Town / Area								
Sasolburg / Zamdela	Deneysville / R	efengk	gotso		Oranjeville	/ Me	etsimaho	0
Approximate Location:								
20 kilometers from Vereeniging and	North-east	of	Sas	solburg	Adjacent	to	Vaal	Dam
Vanderbijlpark	(approximately 36 km from		(approxima	tely	55 km	from		
	Sasolburg)				Sasolburg)			
Economic Potential:								
High	High			High				
Urban Growth Potential								
High Medium					Med	dium		

(Source: Metsimaholo LM SDF: 2016/17)

Legislative Context having effect on the municipality's spatial development: Historical Course of Legislation and Guidelines:

The historical development of urban areas in South Africa experienced a dramatic evolution since its origination as typical colonial cities, through a racially segregated development urban form, with challenges now presented to integrate urban areas and address spatial imbalances:

- 1910: Colonial City
- 1950: Segregation City because of discriminating legislation
- 1985: Apartheid City with a neighbouring segregated "Ethnic City"

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

- Since 1985: Apartheid City in Transition
- 1994: Post-Apartheid City, strongly advocated by the repealing of discriminating
- legislation and replacement thereof by interim legislation and development guidelines
- 2016 "Integrated City" because of revised legislation addressing, amongst others.
- spatial distorted settlement patterns (Source: Metsimaholo LM SDF: 2016/17)

The Municipal Systems Act:

Every municipality in South Africa must adopt a single, inclusive and strategic plan for the development of the municipality and every municipality must give effect to this plan, the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and conduct its affairs in a manner which is consistent with it.

The emergence of integrated development planning is strongly linked to the drive since the early 1990s towards addressing South Africa's legacy of the apartheid system through a so-called integrated approach to planning. One of the very first definitions of integrated development planning in South Africa was provided in 1994 by the Reconstruction and Development Plan (RDP): "A participatory approach to integrate economic, sectoral, spatial, social, institutional, environmental and fiscal strategies in order to support the optimal allocation of scarce resources between sectors and geographical areas and across the population in a manner that provides sustainable growth, equity and the empowerment of the poor and the marginalised."

The Municipal Systems Act (MSA, Act 32 of 2000), Section 34 is also clear in stating that "A municipal council must review its integrated development plan annually according to changing circumstances and may also amend an existing Integrated Development Plan". Considering the Act, it is evident that the municipality should promptly consider procedures to, as part of the annual reviewing of their IDP, also review the SDF. (Source: Metsimaholo LM SDF: 2016/17)

The Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act

Section 21 of the SPLUMA is specific in so far as the contents of a Municipal SDF is concerned, it must:

- 1. Give effect to the development principles and norms and standards.
- **2.** Provide a future spatial structure (nodes, corridors, activity spines etc.)
- 3. Indicate areas where investment should be prioritised and indicate those areas where:
 - Inclusionary housing should be developed.
 - Incremental upgrading approaches to development and regulation will be applicable.
 - More detailed local plans are needed.
 - Shortened land use development procedures may be applicable.
 - Represent integration and trade-offs between sectors plans.
 - Guide planning and development decisions across all sectors of government
 - Address historical imbalances.
 - Identify long term risks of patterns of growth and propose strategies to address those risks.
 - Provide directions for
 - Strategic developments
 - Infrastructure investment
 - Efficient, sustainable and planned investments by all sectors
 - Include priority areas for investment in land development.
 - Guide decision-making regarding all spatial planning and land use management systems
 - Coherent planned approach to spatial development

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

Spatial Development Objectives:

Through its strategic planning and public participation processes, the municipality determined its spatial development objectives for the various urban and rural areas, namely:

TABLE 12: SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES (SDOS)

Details	
Spatial Development Objective 1:	Spatial Integration
Spatial Development Objective 2:	Environmental protection
Spatial Development Objective 3:	Spatial Economic diversification
Spatial Development Objective 4:	Nodal (Centre) based spatial order
Spatial Development Objective 5:	Urban regeneration in under- developed areas
Spatial Development Objective 6:	Growth areas to encourage economic growth
Spatial Development Objective 7:	Major open space protection
Spatial Development Objective 8:	All water resource protection

The intended outcome with these spatial development objectives is to:

TABLE 13: INTENDED SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT OUTCOMES

Details					
1: Spatial Development Outcome	Improve and protect the quality of the built and green				
	environment in the municipality				
Spatial Development Outcome 2:	Incorporate energy conservation measures in all forms				
	of development				
Spatial Development Outcome 3:	Improve the image of the municipality as a whole				
Spatial Development Outcome 4:	Improve the quality of spaces between buildings and				
	other open spaces				
Spatial Development Outcome 5:	Protect and preserve all forms of heritage of the				
	municipality				
Spatial Development Outcome 6:	Be responsive to the diverse characteristics of the				
	various parts of the municipality				

Spatial Vision and Spatial Development Goals

Long-Term Spatial Vision

During the SDF review process during 2016/17 financial year, the municipality formulated the following as its long-term spatial vision up to the year 2030:

"Metsimaholo as a Tourism and Investment Destination"

Spatial Development Goals

The municipality has formulated and adopted the following spatial development goals as part of its approved SDF:

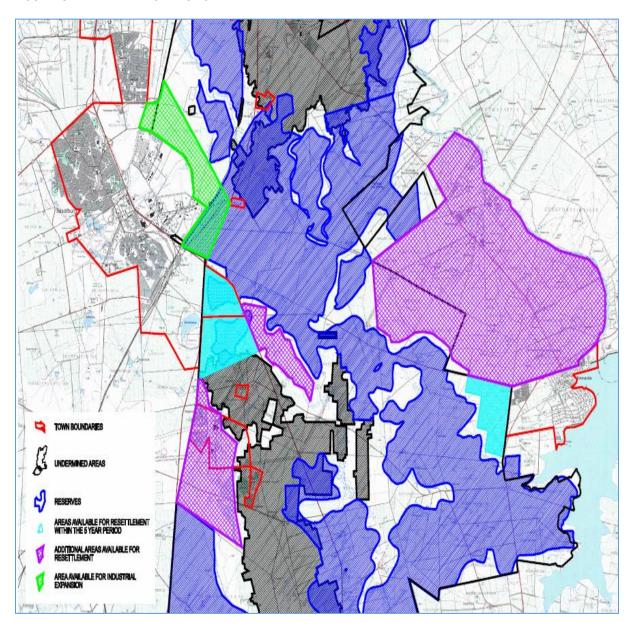
A: CORE & B: BUFFER		
Goal 1	All developments must be aligned with, and support environmental legislation and policy.	
Goal 2	All developments must be cognisant of protecting the environment and the optimisation of natural	
	resources.	
Goal 3	Tourism opportunities must be enhanced and developments related thereto, supported.	
Goal 4	Deneysville and Oranjeville will remain the primary tourism focal points of the region.	
C: AGRICULTURAL AREAS		
Goal 1	Access to agricultural land, commonage and all urban agriculture endeavours must benefit to the	
	broader community.	
Goal2	Responsible utilisation and control measures (carrying capacity) of commonage and agricultural land	
	must be implemented.	
Goal 3	High yield agricultural land must at all times be maintained.	
D: URBAN RELATED		
Goal 1	The existing "housing and property stock" must accurately be determined and serve as a source of	
	revenue to the municipality.	
Goal2	Future housing developments must ensure differentiation in typologies and where feasible, provide for	
	densification and infill planning.	
Goal 3	Future developments must safeguard the purposeful provision of social facilities and open space access;	
	especially in high density precincts.	
Goal 4	Current norms and standards must be applied to ensure availability of amenities in existing urban areas;	
	restricting conversion thereof into other land uses.	
Goal 5	Available land for urban extension must timely be acquired; especially considering prevailing challenges	
	with undermined areas, currently enfolding urban areas.	
Goal 6	A municipal based land use management system must timely be implemented, ensuring unhindered	
	progression of the development processes.	
Goal 7	Establishment of an industrial related tertiary education facility must timely be investigated and	
	implemented ensuring the prolonged industrial	
	E: INDUSTRIAL AREAS	
Goal 1	Sasolburg will remain the primary industrial focal point of the region and the continuous development of	
	its industrial areas must be promoted – duplication of facilities in the other precincts is not proposed;	
	especially in view of the proposed tourist related focus in these areas.	

A: CORE & B: BUFFER		
Goal 2	Continual expansion of the industrial zones must procure preference.	
Goal 3	"Clean Air Policy" must also procure preference when considering future development in the region, in an	
	attempt to safeguard the prolonged tourist related development thereof.	
Goal 4	Establishment of an industrial related tertiary education facility (as proposed under "Urban Related"	
	category).	
Goal 5	Neighbouring mining companies must timely be involved in discussions to determine a long-term	
	development scenario for all urban precincts in the Metsimaholo Region, in relation to undermined areas	
	and foreseen undermined areas.	
F: SURFACE INFRASTRUCTURE & BUILDINGS		
Goal 1	Infrastructure and bulk service delivery must continually focus on:	
	- Eradication of backlogs;	
	- Maintenance;	
	- Upgrading; and	
	- Provision to new precincts	
Goal 2	Access to services must be ensured to the broader community,	
Goal 3	Accessibility to all new extension (road infrastructure) must be deemed a priority,	
Goal 4	Development must continually ensure an appropriate transportation system for goods and people.	

Future Spatial Proposals

The figures that follow below provides and overview of land distribution within the municipality as well as the proposed future spatial development proposals in line with the reviewed SDF. The future proposals considering the municipality's spatial vision, objectives, and goals as detailed above.

FIGURE: SPATIAL LAND DISTRIBUTION



Deneysville / Refengkgotso - Future Spatial Proposals:

Deneysville has a well-developed CBD and a business node located at the entrance to the town. The CBD in Deneysville shows limited growth potential. Due to the limited growth potential of the CBD, no specific direction for development is indicated. The current CBD is largely occupied by boat related activities and commercial activities supporting thereto.

A need has been expressed the past few years to provide for alternative business opportunities and continuous development pressure is experienced at the existing business node at the town entrance and along the main collector road (Main Street) leading to the CBD.

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

Core:

Optimal development and utilisation of the unique tourism potential of the Vaal Dam and Vaal Barrage areas are proposed, but without compromising the outstanding universal value thereof and unduly impairing the safe, undisturbed and quiet enjoyment of the area.

Riparian areas and marshes draining toward the Vaal Dam and Vaal Barrage and their tributaries are an integral part of the river ecosystem and regarded as important ecological features, experiencing substantial development pressures. They must be regarded as sensitive to activities that threaten to severely degrade them.

Development proposed in the interim, prior to a "wall-to-wall Scheme" must meet the existing guidelines pertained in the Vaal River Complex Regional Structure Plan, the Vaal Dam Zoning Plan and Provincial Policy36.

Buffer:

Vaal Dam Riparian Management Plan

- Continuous leisure residential development adjacent the Vaal Dam, between Oranjeville and Deneysville, will necessitate the proper long-term planning of bulk services to ensure that future demands will be met.
- Incessant development in the region should preferably be preceded by a Management Plan, integrating the Vaal River Complex Regional Structure Plan with the Council's vision and strategy.
- In this respect, the continuous needs of the high-income market should not be overlooked.
- Although subdivision of farmland adjacent the Vaal Dam, mostly for leisure residential purposes will continue, a detailed land audit, in cooperation with the Department of Water Affairs and the Rand Water Board is required, determining which properties since developed, must be included as part of the "housing and property stock". The latter will serve as a source of revenue to the municipality.
- Several shallow pans occur in the Deneysville region, some of which are located closer to Sasolburg. Areas within 32 m and 100 m of water courses, as defined in

the National Water Act, and within 500 m of wetlands should be regarded as sensitive.

Residential:

Rural Housing Development (Tourist and Recreational Related) :

Several subdivisions of agricultural land, especially adjacent the Vaal Dam (refer to Table 11B), allegedly to provide for tourism and recreational purposes, occurred the past few years. Subdivisions ensured a minimum waterfront of 100 m for all subdivisions and the remainder. Several of these subdivisions are developed. However, agricultural land, included in the Structure Plan under the zoning "Recreation and Tourist Attractions", related to riparian properties, resulted in much higher densities (in the form of sectional title schemes).

Urban Development:

- The Greater Deneysville comprises a total of 8 034 residential erven of which Refengkgotso comprising 5757 (including the recent Mooi-Plaats extension of 2 526 erven, known as Themba Khubeka; most of which are now occupied.
- Although subject to further investigation and a resulting municipal policy, a
 continuous need is expressed for mixed used residential uses (limited business
 activities, excluding sheer business activities, guesthouses, backpackers, small
 hotels, densification to allow for holiday accommodation and the like); especially
 on properties facing the water surface of the Vaal Dam.
- It could be considered, subsequent to an investigation, to establish a tourist related "belt" in specifics zones, on riparian properties, but without compromising the outstanding universal value thereof and unduly impairing the safe, undisturbed and quiet enjoyment of the area. It would, however, increase access to the riparian for a larger portion of the community, other than merely restricting aces in the form of large single residential properties.
- Developments occurring at a former caravan park (remainder of erf 1871) are, however, deemed a "conflicting use", not in support of the aforesaid.
- A large portion of Deneysville is presently undeveloped, especially adjacent Refengkgotso. The concerned vacant sites of between 1 500 m² and 2 000 m² can

purposefully be subdivided allowing for densification options. Most of the properties are privately owned.

- Further possibilities exist to extend the Deneysville high cost residential areas north, including the development of a business node (B1 – only on the southern side of the road) on the prominent Sasolburg/ Heidelberg/ Vereeniging/ Deneysville crossing.
- It is envisaged to also establish a 9-hole golf course to be integrated with the
 existing golf course of the Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (S6) and a
 possible estate development.
- An earlier airstrip used to be located in the area and the heritage significance thereof has to be determined prior to any development endeavours.
- The Housing Development Agency (HDA) purchased and transferred eleven of the Vaal Dam small holdings (Plots 1, 3, 14, 16, 20, 25, 26, 28, 32, 39 & 40) (measuring 45 ha in extent) to the Municipality.
- The Council during January 2015 also considered Plots 2, 4, 13, 19, 24, 36, 37, 41, 50, 51 and 52 (measuring 50 Ha in extent) to be obtained for urban extension.
- It is likely that the remaining Vaal Dam small holdings (measuring 58 Ha in extent)
 will be acquired in the foreseeable future.
- Future long-term limited opportunities exist to extend the residential areas north onto the Remainder of the Farm Knoppiesfontein 94 and the Lake Deneysville Small Holdings.
- Re-alignment of the Heidelberg/ Sasolburg Road (P85/3) will be required to exclude the provincial road from the future residential area.
- (Clidette) and (Club 40) are existing private residential areas (Sectional Title Schemes) primarily comprising of holiday homes under administration of a body corporate.
- These areas are zoned (in the Vaal dam Complex Regional Structure Plan) as "Recreation and Tourist Attractions" and amendment of the Structure Plan will have to be addressed prior to the formalisation of the areas as residential areas.

- Large erven, initially established between Refengkgotso and Deneysville (erven 3142-3133 & 3143-3156), earmarked a "mixed zone" (transition zone between the two areas) area now proposed for infill planning, focusing on the provision of residential erven.
- It excludes erf 3160, currently accommodating a reservoir and mechanical workshop, registered as a Municipal property.
- Developable land between the Themba Khubeka precinct and the Deneysville/ Sasolburg Road (P85/3), should be identified and the area used for infill planning

 development should steer away from two less prominent viei areas.
- Long-term urban expansion will ultimately, include all the Lake Deneysville small holdings and portions of the Farm Pan-dam 587.
- Development in these areas should timely identify suitable and accessible premises, located in close proximately of the residents of both Refengkgotso and Deneysville for the purposes of inclusionary housing.
- The 20-year development plan will ultimately result in a substantial residential precinct further northwest, being the principle long-term urban spatial form of the Metsimaholo Region (refer to the Metsimaholo Rural Spatial Framework in the preceding section for more detail).
- Long-term development: especially of the Vaal Dam small holdings, resulted in the inclusion of Portions 22, 19, 353, 492, 493 and 494 of the Farm Vaal Dam Settlement 1777 in the Urban Fringe and should timely be excluded as agricultural land.
- These properties, apart from Farm Helena "A" 1385 (to also be included in the Urban Fringe but only for commonage/ small scale farming.

Central Business District (CBD):

• Further possibilities exist to extend the Deneysville residential areas north, including the development of a business node on the prominent Sasolburg/ Heidelberg/ Vereeniging/ Deneysville crossing.

- A business-related development corridor is identified within Deneysville from the town entrance on the Sasolburg/Heilbron Road (P85/3) along Main Road.
- A business node, further south, along main road will be restricted to the areas earmarked thereof.
- Continuous upgrading and development of the existing sport terrain in Refengkgotso, as a business/high density housing area is proposed, mainly due to a lack of business premises in Refengkgotso.
- Continuous development of Refengkgotso, further eastward will necessitate at least a neighbourhood centre40, adjacent to the Themba Khubeka precinct. Large erven, initially established between Refengkgotso and Deneysville (erven 3142-3133 & 3143-3156), earmarked a "mixed zone" (transition zone between the two areas) area now proposed for infill planning, focusing on the provision of residential erven.
- A substantially large business node is proposed in Themba Khubeka precinct, deemed a necessity due the area's remote location from the Deneysville CBD and smaller business activities in Refengkgotso.

Community Nodes:

• The existing taxi rank is not developed, and the provision of suitable infrastructure and shelter are considered exceedingly urgent.

Urban Open Space:

Sport and Recreation

- Continuous upgrading and development of the existing sport terrain, as a business/high density housing area is proposed, mainly due to a lack of business premises in Refengkgotso.
 - The above site is, however, not of adequate proportions and a more centrally located sport stadium is proposed in the envisaged new residential precincts.
 - Land included in water storage servitudes (related to the Vaal Dam 96 formal erven) surrounding Deneysville has been acquired by the Department of Land Affairs and transferred to the Local Municipality.
 - It resulted in wide green band surrounding the urban area, buffering it from the Vaal Dam's water surface but also serving as flood line or full capacity servitude.

- The land was transferred for the exclusive utilisation as recreation areas for the general public. Day visiting facilities must be upgraded to improve utilisation and public access to the dam.
- A formal conservation area, Gawie de Beer Nature Reserve, also a proclaimed National Heritage Site, is located in the centre of Deneysville (park erf 965) and should be maintained for that purpose.
- Archaeological remains, related to the Koi San indigenous tribe, have been excavated on the site.
- Current investigation is underway to establish a resort, on subdivision 3 of Knoppiesfontein 94, downstream from the Vaal Dam wall.
- It is envisaged to also establish a 9-hole golf course to be integrated with the
 existing golf course of the Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (S6) and a
 possible estate development.
- The partial development of a golf course already commenced on land belonging
 to the Department of Water Affairs (immediately below the dam wall). The
 possibility exists to, in the end, developed 9 holes in the area, ultimately to be
 linked to an additional 9-hole course opposite the Deneysville/ Heidelberg
 Road.

Resorts and Tourism

Deneysville should, in so far as strategic planning is concerned, be earmarked as the tourism hub for the region.

Two scenic roads were identified in the region namely sections of roads R716 (north of the Vaal Dam) and R159 (south of the Vaal Dam to Jim Fouché Resort) providing relatively good access to various sections of the Vaal Dam. The tar road to Oranjeville (R716), extending to link up with Frankfort (S159) is exceedingly scenic in nature and upgrading thereof will be required to also provide access to the already mentioned numerous leisure residential properties on the Vaal Dam riparian.

Development of the identified scenic routes should be endeavoured to enhance the tourism potential of the area. In a sense, these roads should be considered as "tourism development corridors" and land use changes adjacent thereto, relating to tourism, should favourably be considered.

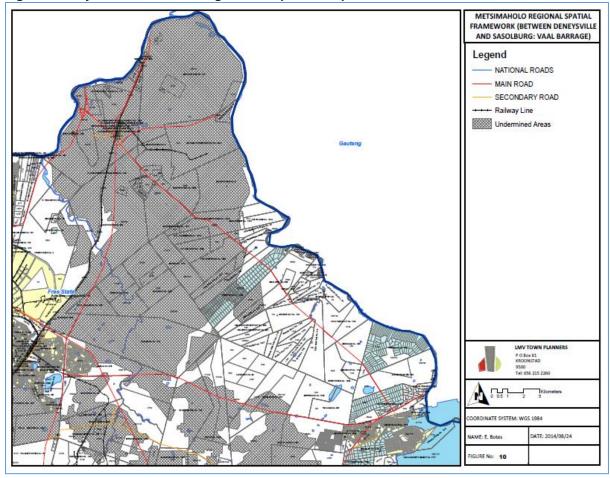


Figure: Deneysville and Sasolburg Future Spatial Proposals

Source: Metsimaholo LM SDF: 2016/17)

METSIMAHOLO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY ORANJEVILLE/METSIMAHOLO: VAALDAM SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK Legend LIZARD POINT Landfill Site F3 CBD Demarcation Community Facility Parks METSIMAHOLO Primary School Secondary School ttttt; Existing Cemetery Proposed Cemetery **ORANJEVILLE** LMV TOWN PLANNERS P O Box 61 KROONSTAD Tel: 056 215 2260 VAALDAM 00.150.3 0.6 0.9 COORDINATE SYSTEM: WGS 1984 DATE: 2015/09/01 NAME: E. Botes FIGURE NO: 30

Figure 1: Metsimaholo / Oranjeville Future Spatial Proposals

(Source: Metsimaholo LM SDF: 2016/17)

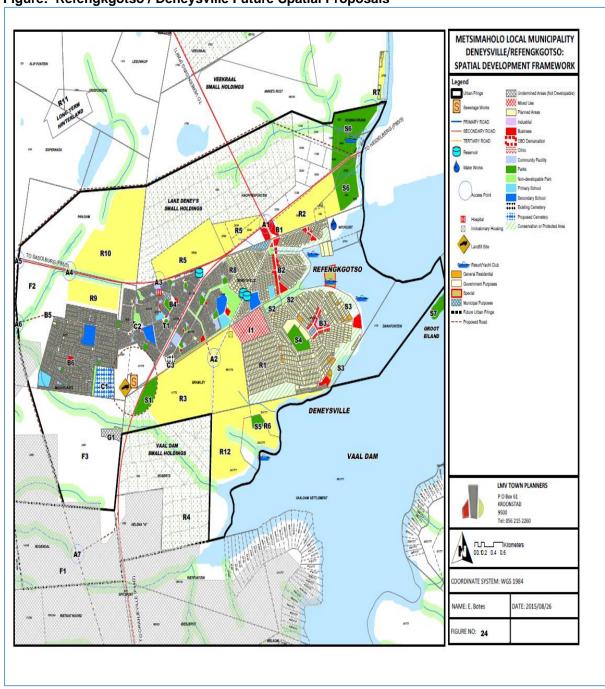


Figure: Refengkgotso / Deneysville Future Spatial Proposals

(Source: Metsimaholo LM SDF: 2016/17)

Zamdela / Sasolburg Future Spatial Proposals

Limited short and medium-term infill opportunities exist in the Sasolburg / Zamdela urban area but will not contribute a 20 year solution for urban development. Due to prevalent mining conditions, development opportunities surrounding Zamdela are largely being negated.

Core:

- Optimal development and utilisation of the unique tourism potential of the Vaal River and Vaal Barrage areas are proposed, but without compromising the outstanding universal value thereof and unduly impairing the safe, undisturbed and quiet enjoyment of the area.
- Riparian areas and marshes drain towards the Vaal Barrage and their tributaries are an integral part of the river ecosystem and regarded as important ecological features, experiencing substantial development pressures.
- They must be regarded as sensitive to activities that threaten to severely
 degrade them. Development proposed in the interim, prior to a "wall-to-wall
 Scheme" must meet the existing guidelines pertained in the Vaal River Complex
 Regional Structure Plan, the Vaal Dam Zoning Plan and Provincial Policy28.
- It is proposed that tree planting should also be extended to Zamdela (at least 20 000 trees per annum).
- The Vaal River is finally considered a natural resource of strategic importance.
 Open areas adjacent the river has important environmental status and development thereof should not occur out of hand.
- Areas of ecological significance of the proposed commonage properties must timely be identified and reserved as natural areas (for example upper attributers to Leeuw and Taaibosch Spruit).

Buffer:

Vaal River and Vaal Barrage Riparian Management Plan

Continuous leisure residential development adjacent the Vaal River and Vaal Barrage will necessitate the proper long-term planning of bulk services to ensure that future demands will be met.

Incessant development in the region should preferably be preceded by a Management Plan, integrating the Vaal River Complex Regional Structure Plan with the Council's vision and strategy.

In this respect, the continuous needs of the high-income market should not be overlooked.

Land use control on the numerous small holdings and small farms is problematic and exclusion thereof as agricultural land and inclusion in either the Sasolburg or Deneysville scheme boundaries, is deemed inevitable.

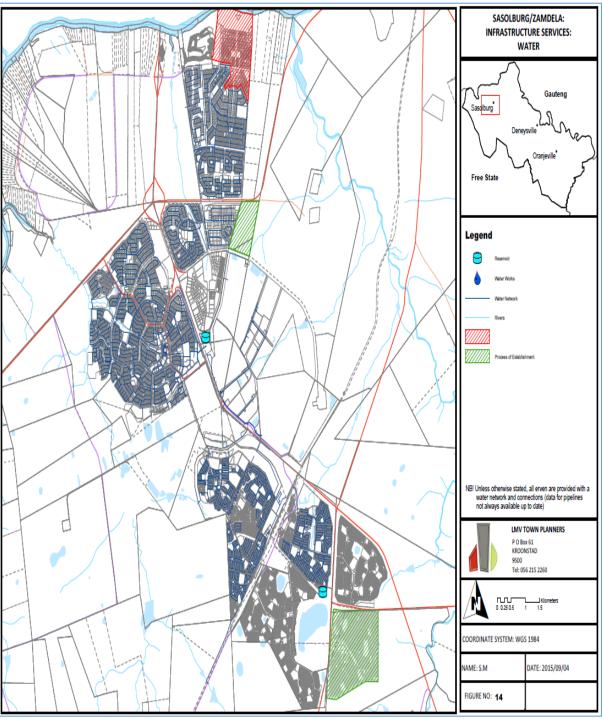
A pertinent need for a well-developed communal garden exists in the Zamdela precinct. Undermined land in close proximity of the urban area, could be utilised for urban agriculture and small-scale farming activities, including:

- Undermined land adjacent Zamdela (several farms 29, mainly commonage at present)
- Portions of the Farm Mooidraai 44, opposite the Heilbron Road not occupied by the current urban expansion of Zamdela (Mooidraai Extension).
- The Farm Bequest 1548 (council owned), south of the Mooidraai Extension.

Although subdivision of farmland adjacent the Vaal River and Vaal Barrage, mostly for leisure residential purposes, will continue, a detailed land audit, in cooperation with the Department of Water Affairs and the Rand Water Board is required determining which properties, since developed, must be included as part of the "housing and property stock" (including numerous villages dispersed throughout the area; especially in the vicinity of Sasolburg). The latter will serve as a source of revenue to the municipality.

Areas within 32 m and 100 m of water courses, as defined in the National Water Act, and within 500 m of wetlands should be regarded as sensitive.

Figure: Zamdela / Sasolburg Future Spatial Proposals



(Source: Metsimaholo LM SDF: 2016/17

Cross Cutting Issues applicable to all Urban Areas and the Metsimaholo Rural Areas:

Cross Cutting Issues applicable to all Urban Areas and the Metsimaholo Rural Areas: A: CORE Spatial Development Goals

- 1. All developments must be aligned with, and support environmental legislation and policy,
- 2. All developments must be cognisant of protecting the environment and the optimisation of natural resources,
- 3. Tourism opportunities must be enhanced and developments related thereto, supported,
- 4. Deneysville and Oranjeville will remain the primary tourism focal points of the region.

Cross Cutting Issues

- a) Incessant development adjacent to the Vaal River, the Vaal River Barrage and the Vaal Dam preferably be preceded by a Management Plan, integrating the Vaal River Complex Regional Structure Plan, the Vaal Dam Zoning Plan and Provincial Policy with the Council's vision and strategy for the area.
- b) To promote the optimal development and utilisation of the unique tourism potential of the Metsimaholo region, whilst not compromising the outstanding universal value of the adjacent Vaal Dam and Vaal Barrage and unduly impairing the safe, undisturbed and quiet enjoyment of the area.
- c) Because of the important role played by the Vaal Dam and the Vaal–Barrage in providing potable water to the economic heartland of the republic, everything possible must be done to restrict the pollution of these sources to the minimum. With this in view it is considered undesirable that large increase in the population concentration takes place in riparian areas. Open spaces must be protected against injudicious use on account of their ecological aesthetic or recreational value (Vaal River Regional Structure Plan, 1996 (Vaal River Complex Guide Plan, 1982)).
- d) The status of existing heritage areas should be upheld and maintained i.e. Highveld Garden (Sasolburg), archaeological remains, related to the Koi San (Deneysville) and "Groot" Island in the Vaal Dam (close to Deneysville).
- e) Development proposed in the interim should, however, meet the existing guidelines pertained in the Vaal River Complex Regional Structure Plan, the Vaal Dam Zoning Plan and Provincial Policy23.
- f) All development applications have to be assessed in terms of the Free State Province Biodiversity Plan.24

SECTION F: STATUS QUO

Introduction:

This section deals with the current situation within the Metsimaholo Local Municipality's area of jurisdiction. It aims to provide a comprehensive view of the municipality's acknowledgement and understanding of its own internal operations, strengths and weaknesses as well as the problems faced by the community at large. The priority issues / problems addressed here came as a result of inputs from community and other stakeholders following public participation process that was embarked upon during the planning process.

The municipality therefore acknowledges that it is important to understand the real causes of the problems affecting the community in order that informed decisions are made for appropriate solutions needed to address these problems. Because of the inherent lack of resources at the municipality's disposal, the municipality, in consultation with the community and other stakeholders weighs the identified challenges according to their urgency and / or importance and come up with those to be addressed first.

In line with the IDP Framework Guidelines 2012 & 2020, the *status quo* analysis as contained in this section reflects overall challenges faced by a municipality in the following 5 key performance areas for local government as determined by the National Government:

	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA (KPA)
KPA 1	Basic Service Delivery and Infrastructure Investment
KPA 2	Local Economic Development
KPA 3	Financial Viability and Financial Management
KPA 4	Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development
KPA 5	Good Governance and Community Participation

Analysis of Existing level of Development:

This subsection focuses on a detailed status quo analysis of the municipal area as in relation to the above Key Performance Area:

KPA1: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY AND INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT:

Strate	egic Objectives for KPA 1:	Intended Outcomes for KPA 1:
1.1	To ensure that the municipality broadly delivers	Provision of services to communities in a
	service according to the strategic orientation	sustainable manner.
	based on key sector plans.	
1.2	To ensure universal access to reliable and quality	Provision of services to communities in a
	basic municipal services by all communities.	sustainable manner.
1.3	To build environmental sustainability and	Safe and healthy environment.
	resilience	
1.4	To promote social cohesion and ensure nation	Safe and healthy environment.
	building	
1.5	To promote Community safety and social	Provision of services to communities in a
	protection	sustainable manner.

Service under Review: WATER

Status of Water Services Development Plan (WSDP)	Draft awaiting council approval
Number/Percentage of Households without access	537 households
Areas without services are:	Mooidraai
Number/Percentage of Households with RDP level of	2 408 households (5.3%)
access	
Number/Percentage of Households with above RDP level	43 469 households (93.8%)
of access	
Areas without access to basic and reasons	Mooidraai - informal settlement
Areas with unreliable access to basic and reasons	Ward 15, Ward 16 & Ward 19 - Main supply
	pipes regularly bursting.
Approved service level in terms of SDF	
Is the Municipality a service authority? (Yes / No)	Yes
Blue Drop Score	83,4%, 2013 results
Status of Provision of Free Basic Service	8519 Households as per the indigent register

Challenges with water supply	Frequent burst due ageing infrastructure,
	asbestos pipes for bulk supply and distribution
	losses.
Status of Operations & Maintenance Plan	Awaiting Council Approval
Status of Bulk Supply Storage	Currently sufficient for existing areas
Availability of water to schools, clinics, police stations, etc.	Effectively available

Analysis of Water Service on a Ward-by-Ward basis:

	(Incl.	Househo	lds		
Electoral Wards	Number of Households (I	Piped water inside dwelling/yard	Piped water on community stand	No access to piped water	Intervention(s) Required
Ward 1	5413	4432	212	67	
Ward 2	1778	1198	11	14	Replacement of old ageing asbestos pipes to
Ward 3	1595	1574	20	1	prevent unplanned disruption of supply and prevent
Ward 4	1379	1358	8	12	losses due to leakages (galvanized pipes).
Ward 5	1941	2117	42	6	The Water Services Development Plan (WSP) is
Ward 6	1418	1410	2	6	still to be finalized in consultation with DWA to
Ward 7	2051	1070	5	2	strategically address water resources development
Ward 8	1865	2043	4	6	with respect to demand management, water
Ward 9	1927	1706	14	19	balance issues, ecological reserve and protection
Ward 10	2005	1928	63	13	of all available water resources.
Ward 11	1432	1427	2	2	Improve the quality of drinking water to blue drop
Ward 12	1476	1427	14	35	status and to remain with the status on a long-term
Ward 13	2658	3550	388	101	basis.
Ward 14	3187	3663	31	21	Extend availability of portable drinking water to all
Ward 15	825	1006	5	2	formalised settlements within the municipality
Ward 16	2562	2354	8	14	 Municipality to increase number of standpipes in Mooidraai, currently water tankers are delivered to
Ward 17	2781	2772	6	5	augment provision by stand pipes.
Ward 18	1685	1126	13	21	Municipality expedite planning process to provide
Ward 19	2605	3964	476	17	water connections to yards in Mooidraai
Ward 20	3538	1600	1081	38	Water commodicing to yards in modicidal
Ward 21	1632	1196	4	24	
Ward 22	2090	2048	1	5	
Ward 23	2344	1353	3	25	

Source: Statssa, Census 2011,2016 CS & Census on 2021 Municipal Boundaries

Service under Review: ${\color{red} {\bf SANITATION}}$

Status of Water Services Development Plan (WSDP)	Draft awaiting council approval.
National Target	
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage system)	33 850 households (73.9%)
Number/Percentage of Households with Flush toilet (with	696 households (1.5%)
septic tank)	
Number/Percentage of Households with Chemical toilet	223 households (0.48%)
Number/Percentage of Households with Pit latrine with	197 households (0.43%)
ventilation (VIP)	
Number/Percentage of Households with Pit latrine without	7 466 households (16.3%)
ventilation	
Number/Percentage of Households with Bucket latrine	1 533 households (3.4%)
Number/Percentage of Households with no sanitation	617 households (1.3%)
Areas with no access to Sanitation services are	Mooidraai
Number/Percentage of Households using other sanitation	1 170 households (2.6%)
methods	
Challenges with sanitation service	Some informal settlements not receiving
	proper sanitation service, deteriorating
	infrastructure and incomplete projects. Ageing
	and frequently busting asbestos pipes for bulk
	supply.
Status of Provision of Free Basic Service	5 462 Households as per the indigent register
Challenges with provision of sanitation	Delays in registration of informal areas and
	development of existing proposed areas.
Status of Operations & Maintenance Plan	Integrated operations and maintenance plan
	in place awaiting Council approval
Status of Bulk Infrastructure	Fairly good to render expected services
Availability of service to schools, clinics, police stations,	Effectively available
etc.	

Analysis of **Sanitation Service** on a Ward-by-Ward basis:

	mal	Toilet fac	ilities							
Electoral Wards	Number of Households (Incl. informal houses)	Flush toilet (connected to sewerage system)	Flush toilet (with septic tank)	Chemical toilet	Pit latrine with ventilation (VIP)	Pit latrine without ventilation	Bucket latrine	None	Other	Intervention Required
Ward 1	5413	83	8	168	41	4261	311	201	340	To ensure reach of basic
Ward 2	1778	1707	6	-	4	19	5	12	27	service by communities and
Ward 3	1595	1568	7	-	3	3	9	7	-	ensuring rapid response to
Ward 4	1379	1356	3	-	3	-	3	12	-	any service failures.
Ward 5	1941	1334	107	15	56	80	167	156	25	Completion of house
Ward 6	1418	1404	-	-	-	-	-	3	10	connections and pump
Ward 7	2051	1080	12	3	13	766	23	3	152	stations to reduce inadequate
Ward 8	1865	1839	14	-	-	-	-	9	-	provision of service.
Ward 9	1927	1894	7	-	-	-	-	18	6	replacement of outfall sewer
Ward 10	2005	1916	-	-	-	-	5	12	70	line in Sasolburg and
Ward 11	1432	1425	3	-	-	-	-	-	4	asbestos pipes in all old areas
Ward 12	1476	1301	123	-	-	-	20	21	11	Fastrack completion projects
Ward 13	2658	1468	3	5	3	1039	5	7	128	of upgrading of Waste
Ward 14	3187	3059	32	4	17	41	16	11	7	Treatment Plants(WWT) in
Ward 15	825	814	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	Deneysville and Orangeville). • Municipality to expedite
Ward 16	2562	2537	8	-	-	-	3	7	5	planning process to provide
Ward 17	2781	2766	11	-	-	-	-	3	-	basic sanitation in Mooidraai.
Ward 18	1685	1614	18	-	3	39	6	-	5	basic samanon in Modiciaal.
Ward 19	2605	960	18	10	40	1165	10	60	342	
Ward 20	3538	2100	308	15	10	50	951	71	33	
Ward 21	1632	1624	3	-	3	-	-	3	-	
Ward 22	2090	2083	1	-	3	-	-		-	
Ward 23	2344	604	19	145	21	1241	6		178	

Source: Statssa, Census 2011,2016 CS & Census on 2021 Municipal Boundaries

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

Service under Review: $\underline{\textbf{ELECTRICITY \& ENERGY}}$

Status of Integrated Energy Plan (IEP)	There is no plan in place.		
Number/Percentage of households with access to	8 196 households (13.9%)		
electricity through conventional meters			
Number/Percentage of households with access to	41 558 households (70.3%)		
electricity through prepaid meters			
Number/Percentage of households Connected to other	737 households (1.2%)		
source which household pays for.			
Number/Percentage of households Connected to other	41 households (0.1%)		
source which household is not paying for			
Number/Percentage of households using generator	None		
Number/Percentage of households using Solar home	None		
system			
Number/Percentage of households using other sources	720 households (1.2%)		
of energy.			
Number/Percentage of households with no access to	7 862 households (13.3%)		
basic electricity.			
Areas with no access to basic electricity are	Themba Kubheka and Mooidraai		
Challenges with electricity services	Sharply rising cost of bulk electricity, electricity		
	theft, distribution losses and high costs of		
	maintenance and repairs of network and		
	distribution infrastructure.		
	Impact of loadshedding		
Status of Provision of Free Basic Service	6 624 Households as per the indigent register		
Status of network and distribution infrastructure	The current network and distribution		
	infrastructure needs to be extend to newly		
	developed areas.		
Availability of service to schools, clinics, police stations,	Effectively available		
etc.			

Analysis of **Electricity Service** on a Ward-by-Ward basis:

	of (Incl.	Energy for	lighting						
Electoral Wards	Number Households (Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Candles	Solar	Other	None	Intervention Required
Ward 1	5413	3384	12	599	1383	14	-	21	Integrated Energy Pan must be
Ward 2	1778	1691	3	26	49	6	-	5	developed in order to address issues
Ward 3	1595	1548	-	3	40	3	-	3	relating to energy mix required, and
Ward 4	1379	1367	-	3	7	3	-	-	preservation of the current electricity
Ward 5	1941	1506	6	14	395	14	-	6	sources.
Ward 6	1418	1390	-	5	20	3	-	-	
Ward 7	2051	1969	3	10	65	3	-	-	Expanding and improving the quality
Ward 8	1865	1848	-	-	12	3	-	3	of service in areas where the service is unreliable.
Ward 9	1927	1879	5	-	38	-	-	-	
Ward 10	2005	1919	-	8	76	-	-	-	Improving and ensuring continuous
Ward 11	1432	1417	-	-	12	-	-	3	maintenance of the infrastructure
Ward 12	1476	1449	-	13	12	-	-	-	Improve security measures or
Ward 13	2658	2216	13	168	258	-	-	-	facilities to protect the infrastructure
Ward 14	3187	3162	6	-	14	3	-	3	and avoid continuous cable theft Municipality has to develop a plan to
Ward 15	825	818	3	-	5	-	-	-	 Municipality has to develop a plan to survive the impact of load shedding,
Ward 16	2562	2551	6	-	3	3	-	-	currently, no generators nor backup
Ward 17	2781	2768	3	5	5	-	-	-	systems in the main substations to
Ward 18	1685	1648	-	3	32	-	-	3	overcome the situation.
Ward 19	2605	1000	15	404	1166	9	-	11	Municipality to provide basic
Ward 20	3538	2434	12	83	962	26	-	21	Electricity to newly established area
Ward 21	1632	1579	-	5	40	3	-	4	(Mooidraai)
Ward 22									(5)(()
Ward 23									

^{*} Data on Ward 22 & 23 not available at the moment in Statssa records

Review: ROADS AND STORM WATER CHANNELS

Status of Integrated Transport Plan (ITP)	There is no plan in place.
Council approved service levels in relation to the SDF	N/A
Status with regard to road classification	Gravel: 322 km
	Tarred: 379 km
Status of roads with regard to public transport, major	In fair conditions but requiring substantial
economic roads and roads leading to social facilities such	maintenance and renewal.
as clinics, schools, etc	Experiencing lot of potholes
Status of arterial roads or internal roads	Total graveled internal roads: 322 km, in
	usable conditions
	Total tarred internal roads: 379 km, in usable
	conditions.
Areas with access to the service in relation to the SDF	Formal areas
Areas without access (backlog) to the service and the	All informal settlements
reasons for this.	
Resources available to support the delivery of the service	Resealing of internal roads is done through a
	skilled external contractors
Status of the operations and maintenance	Currently patching of potholes is done due to
	financial constraints and grading of dirt roads
Other challenges with local roads	Encroachment of roads, reserves, servitudes
	and building lines, Deterioration

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

Service under Review: **REFUSE REMOVAL**

Status of Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP)	Draft is available and waiting to be submitted
	to Council for approval.
Number/Percentage of households with refuse removed by	36 084 households (78.9%)
local authority at least once a week	
Number/Percentage of households with refuse removed by	491 households (1%)
local authority less often	
Number/Percentage of households using communal	1 459 households (3.2%)
refuse dump	
Number/Percentage of households with own refuse dump	5 812 households (12.7%)
Number/Percentage of households with refuse removed	1 591 households (3.5%)
no rubbish disposal	
Areas with no access to refuse removal are	
Number/Percentage of households using other refuse	316 households (0.7%)
removal methods	
Challenges with refuse removal service	Landfill sites that are reaching full capacity
	and ageing refuse removal fleet.
Status of Provision of Free Basic Service	7 776 Households as per the indigent register
Status of landfill sites	All licensed and the one in Sasolburg is full
	capacity
Availability of service to schools, clinics, police stations,	Effectively available
etc.	

Analysis of Refuse Removal Service on a Ward-by-Ward basis:

	nal	Type of refu	ise removal						
Electoral Wards	Number of Households (Incl. informal houses)	Removed by local authority at least once a week	Removed by local authority less often	Communal refuse dump	Own refuse dump	No rubbish disposal	Other		ervention Required
	5413	432	73	621	3380	836		•	Land required for new landfill sites and rehabilitation
Ward 2	1778	1732	-	7	20	10	7		of landfill sites to be closed
Ward 3	1595	1490	3	73	20	9	3		
Ward 4	1379	1372	-	-	5	-	-	•	Replacement of refuse removal fleet (compactor
Ward 5	1941	1553	24	12	315	25	14		Trucks)
Ward 6	1418	1410	-	-	4	-	3		
Ward 7	2051	1961	4	13	71	3	-	•	Provision of refuse removal bins to all households
Ward 8	1865	1865	-	-	-	-	-		
Ward 9	1927	1910	-	-	3	3	8	•	Extend the service to reach all communities and
Ward 10	2005	1940	-	-	63	-	-		ensuring rapid response to any service failures.
Ward 11	1432	1430	-	-	-	-	-		
Ward 12	1476	1448	25	-	-	-	-	•	Municipality to improve roads infrastructure in
Ward 13	2658	2234	-	36	44	339	4		Mooidraai to enable access for regular refuse removal
Ward 14	3187	2913	96	17	127	22	12		
Ward 15	825	818	6	-	-	-	-	•	Alternatively, provide waste containers to curb illegal
Ward 16	2562	2516	28	10	-	3	3		dumping that might cause health hazard
Ward 17	2781	2731	18	10	8	-	13		
Ward 18	1685	1480	75	9	82	15	23		
Ward 19	2605	956	32	287	1147	159	25		
Ward 20	3538	2264	103	364	516	164	127		
Ward 21	1632	1627	-	-	3	-	-		
Ward 22	2090								
Ward 23	2344								

 $^{^{\}star}$ Data on Ward 22 & 23 not available at the moment in Statssa records

Review: **SOCIAL SERVICES**

HOUSING & LAND REFORM:	
Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHS) /	
Housing Sector Plan (HSP)	Draft Plan to be submitted to Council for approval
Spatial Development Framework (SDF)	2016.17 SDF Approved by Council (to be Reviewed)
Status and functionality of Municipal Planning	
Tribunal in accordance with SPLUMA	Functional
Backlog information and identified housing	
needs.	Ward 20, 1, 19, 9, 12, and 17
Number of Land/Plots purchased for human	Number of hectares for Land acquired for settlement
settlement or Township establishment	(466h): Mooidraai, Modderfontein
Number of households and areas with	9 400 informal settlement households: Ward
Informal settlements	12(Angola),19(Amelia),10(Somersport),13(Ext.15)
Number of eradicated Informal settlements	00
Number of Title Deeds distributed	00
Any other housing related challenges.	Land availability and the high cost of acquiring privately
	owned land.
	Provision of housing to middle income earners and low
	cost housing.
	Informal Settlement Influx
	Eradication of Informal Settlement
	Delay in formalizing new township establishment
	Providing +/- 3000 Informal households with refuse
	removal services.
HEALTH CARE SERVICES:	
Backlogs or needs in relation to national	Accessibility of clinics to the following Wards a challenge:
norms and standards.	Ward 2, 4, 14 18 and 19
Mortality and Fertility rate	
HIV/AIDS Prevalence	
Number of Hospital (s)	01 Fezi Ngubentombi Hospital
Number of Clinics within the Municipality	
Status of other support services such as	Available above basic level.
water, electricity and roads.	
Other challenges related to the sector.	Need for improvement of the capacity and the level and
	quality of service at the available clinics.
	Need for upgrading of Zamdela Clinic
	Need Level 2 Hospital in Refengkgotso

None
Early Childhood Centre
Primary Schools:
Primary Schools
Schools for the Learners with Special Needs:00
Institution of Higher Learning: 1 TVET
All schools within the municipality are provided with clean,
portable drinking water, sanitation and electricity. Access
roads to schools are fairly maintained.
Establish Schools for learners with Special Needs
(Disabilities included).
Not in place
All Centres have access to basic services and provided by
the Municipality
02
02 (Sasolburg & Groenpunt Correctional Centres)
Municipality is involved in the local crime joint cluster
meetings.
Satelite Police stations in some Wards to extend
immediate access to policing services to certain Wards

SOCIAL SECURITY & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:		
	Community have access to	SASSA/Home
Access to Social Services Infrastructure	Affairs Offices for social gra	ants and other
	social services.	
Poverty rate (People living below poverty line)	29.6 showing a slight dec	crease though
	poverty is still high and	need to be
	addressed by creating more	e opportunities
	and rural development(agrica	ulture)
Human Development Index (HDI)	0.63% which is better Index	x compared to
	SAs Index(0.58) and FDDM	(0.55%).Huge
	inequalities, however, still ex	kist which need
	to be addressed or improve	d by means of
	consistent provision of	services and
	economic opportunities	close to
	communities.	
Poverty Alleviation Initiatives	EPWPs & CWPs	
Social Grants beneficiaries	Old age pension	15 191
(Note be taken that the statistics include Mafube and	Disability grant	5 658
Ngwathe towns as per Department of Social Development	Child support grant	33 810
which service all towns).	Care dependency grant	557
	Foster care grant	962
Households receiving Foster care Grants		
Child-headed families/households		
Child Welfare Centre(s)	01	
Old Age & Orphanage Centres within Municipal area	03: (Letsoho la None in W	ard 11, On se
	Grys in Sasolburg	
Women and Children Support programmes	Programmes are carried or	ut through the
	Office of Executive Mayo	or as special
	programmes.	
Disability Support Programmes	Programmes are carried or	ut through the
	Office of Executive Mayo	or as special
	programmes.	
NGO & CBO Support Initiatives	Currently, Municipality has	developed a
	database and involve N	GOs/CBOs in
	relevant stakeholders progra	mmes.
Other challenges related to the sector.	Establish more Old Age	& Orphanage
	Centres.	

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan	ı (IDP)
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Increase	poverty	alleviation	initiatives	to
curb high	unemplo	yment and	inequalities	i

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT:	
Youth Unemployment Rate	41.6%
Number of Skills Development Centre(s) for Youth	None
Development	
Special Programmes for Youth Empowerment(HIVAIDS	The Office of Executive Mayor is
Awareness/Gender-Based Violence /Drug	coordinating these programmes.
Abuse/Entrepreneur/Youth Indaba)	
Other challenges related to the sector.	The establishment of Skills Development
	Centre(s) for youth development to curb
	high unemployment rate amongst youth.
	Inefficiency of Small Enterprise
	Development Agency to respond on youth
	development.
	High level of gender based violence and
	HIV/AIDS.

ENVIRIMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY:

BIODIVERSITY

Rivers: Metsimaholo LM is situated in Fezile Dabi Region which is within the Vaal Hydrological Zone. Natural tributaries and floodplains as well as the natural open spaces created by these, need to be protected.

The Vaal Dam is located on the Vaal River and has a capacity of 2,536 million m and a surface area of approximately 320km. The Vaal Dam is for water supply to Gauteng, Free State and other surrounding provinces; and South Africa as a whole.

CHALLENGES:

Development pressure within the District and or Municipality which threatens sensitive habitants including unplanned and incompatible development (informal/formal/rural/urban tourism).

Wetlands: Wetlands are defined by the Integrated Coastal Management Act (Act 24 of 2008) (ICMA) as "land, which is transitional between terrestrial and aquatic systems where the water table is usually at or near the surface, or the land is periodically covered with shallow water and supports vegetation typically adapted to life in saturated soils". Wetlands are a critical part of our natural environment. They reduce the impacts of floods; absorb pollutants to improve water quality. They provide an important habitat for vertebrates, invertebrates and birds listed as Red Data status.

The wetland zone needs to be kept undeveloped with adequate buffer zones around them (Fezile Dabi IDP, 2015).

PROPOSED SOLUTIONS:

Development of Local Bio-diversity Management Plan

Rivers must be protected

Environmental Management Plans must be implemented, enforced and monitored

Ensure mitigation of potential impact of water as important resources within Municipality and District at large

(Fezile Dabi District Municipality Environmental Profile)

WASTE MANAGEMENT:	
Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP)	Approved by Council (2014-2019)
	Draft Plan for 2021-2026 developed and
	awaiting to be submitted to Council for
	approval.
Status of Landfill Site	Full to Capacity
Licensing of Landfill sites	Not licensed and operating with permits
	(written in Afrikaans)
Number of Recycling Plants within Municipality	01:Vaal Park
Operations and Management of Waste Water Treatment	
Plants	Good
Management of Illegal Dumping in Informal Settlements	Ongoing process
Challenges to the Sector	Landfill site which is full to capacity
	Delay in application for licensing (landfill
	site)
	Apply for translation of operating permits.
	Illegal Dumping in all area within
	Municipality
	Low drive to fastrack the establishment of
	recycling plants and programmes
	(cooperative support model)
	Maintenance of Highveld Garden and Bird
	Sanctuary

AIR QUALITY:	
Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP)	Not Available. Municipality to engage with
	District for FDDM and Seriti Mine for their
	Air Quality Framework/Plan.
Number of Emission Licensed Facilities within MLM	11
Number of Air Pollution Monitoring Station(s)-PM10 Ambient	
air quality monitoring station (pollution)	01
Challenges within the Sector	Limited software and knowledge exists
	within spheres of government to support
	dispersion modelling.
	Development of the following Sector Plans:
	- Environmental Management Plan
	- Air Quality Management Plan
	- Climate Change Response Plan
	Conducting the Environmental Impact
	Assessment process.
	Appointment of Environmental Officer (
	currently DFFE has deployed an Officer to
	assist in regard.
Proposed Interventions	Air Quality Management tools are required
	within the District and Local Municipality to
	fulfill their air quality functions
	Emission reduction interventions have been
	recommended for air pollution sources
	within the District and Local Municipality.

(Fezile Dabi District Municipality Environmental Profile)

CLIMATE RISK & VULNERABILTY (CLIMATE CHANGE):	
Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment	Conducted by LGCCS programme by DEA
	within FDDM
High priority Climate Change Indicators identified as high	Agriculture; Biodiversity & Environment;
sensitivity and low adaptive capabilities	Human Health & Settlement and Water
DROUGHTS: According to Disaster Management Centre	CHALLENGES
Fezile Dabi has been categorized as low to low-medium	Ecosystems are under pressure from land
vulnerable to droughts. However, an increase to temperature	use change and related processes causing
will lead to risk of droughts, as a results to the increase in	degradation.
frequency of storm events will impact negatively on food	Improvement of Disaster Risk Management
security and livestock.	capacity (risk assessment, reduction &
	mitigation strategies, appointment of

	personnel and community involvement in
	disaster risk reduction).
FLOODS: Metsimaholo last experienced a heavy rainfall in	PROPOSED INTERVENTIONS:
December 2010 which affected local inhabitants in a form of	Establish an effective Disaster Management
damage to property and settlement destruction.	Centre
	Implementation of Integrated Disaster
	Management Strategy
	Improve Community Resilience
	Reduce greenhouse emissions and improve
	energy efficiency
	Shift towards green economy(plant trees)

DISASTER MANAGEMENT:	
Disaster Management Plan/Strategy	Approved by Council
Disaster Management Unit	In place with Disaster Coordinator
Functionality of Disaster Forum	Established and Functional at District level
Possible disaster threads and areas prone to disaster conditions	Floods, storms &severe rainfall: Amelia, Gortin
Disaster Risk Analysis: Hazards	,Harry Gwala, Themba Kubheka, Mooidraai
	,informal settlement, between ward 7 (Chris
	Hani) & 8 (Somerpost)
	Fire: Mainly in Informal settlements
	Human Disease/Pandemic: HIV/AIDS
	prevalence and possible spread of COVID19
Municipal Covid 19 Response Strategy	Available
Challenges to the Sector	Municipality managed to deal with pandemic and
Disaster Risk Management	all is under control.
Disaster Risk Response Strategies	
DRRS Steps: Dissemination of Early warnings, Disaster	
Assessment, Response & Recovery, Relief measures and	
Rehabilitation & reconstruction.	

PARKS SPORTS AND RECREATION:	
Youth Sports and Recreation Unit established	Not Available
Sports, Arts and Recreation Master Plan	Not Available
Recreational Facilities available	Harry Gwala Multi-Purpose Centre: Ward 21
	High Performance Centre (Sasolburg
	Showground in Ward 17). Community Halls
	available in Zamdela, Refengkgotso,
	Metsimaholo and Thembalethu hall.
Theater, Stadiums and Swimming Pools available and	Etienne Roseau Theatre under
maintained	management of SASOL, DP De Villiers
	under private board management, Penny
	Heyns & Zamdela Swimming pool are
	maintained by Municipality and Zamdela
	Stadium dilapidated and not usable.
Sports Grounds in townships established and maintained	Municipality was providing grading
	maintenance to ensure local sports grounds
	to fulfill local games by youths. However, the
	spaces were illegally turned residential
	areas(sites). Showgrounds is the only
	sportsground that is operating.
Family Parks established and maintained	Zamdela Ward 10, Amelia Ward 19 donated
	by Rand Water & Sasol Rejuvenation
	Family Park was developed next to the clinic
	in Gortin (Ward 1) by SASOL.
Challenges for the Sector	Appointment of caretakers especially in
	MPC & Highveld Gardens and incorporation
	of MPC & Highveld Gardens staff into
	Municipal organizational structure.
	Shortage of equipment and machinery for
	maintenance per facility.
CEMETRY MANAGEMENT	
Cemetery Maintenance Plan Available	Yes, Plan is available
Number of cemeteries available	Zamdela cemetery, Sasolburg cemetery,
	Refengkgotso cemetery and Metsimaholo
	cemetery.
Challenges to the Sector	Capacity constraints and land is needed in
	Sasolburg and Zamdela: New

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)		
	establishment in Amelia is underway and re-	
	tendered.	
	Vandalism of infrastructure (Fencing &	
	tombstones)	
	Regular maintenance of cemeteries and	
	storm water challenges especially in	
	Metsimaholo/Orangeville (wetland & clay	
	soil).	

PUBLIC SAFETY FIRE & TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:	
Fire Unit established	Yes
Fire Response Strategy/Plan available	Yes (SANS 10090)
Number of Fire Station within Municipality	02 Sasolburg
Number of Fire Engen(s) available for Municipal area	04
Training of volunteers available and support by District	Yes, Awareness training for community are
	conducted regularly
Challenges	Establishment of satellite stations to service
	Deneysville and Oranjeville
	Staff constraints
	Inadequate budget.
	Skilled personnel.
TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT	
Integrated Transport Plan available	Provincial competency and national.
Traffic Unit established	Yes
Challenges of The Sector	1. inadequate fleet.
	2 Shortage of personnel
	3 Insufficient budgets (capital & operational)
	4 Shortage of supervisors.
	5 No traffic software to capture fines.

MIGRATION AND URBANISATION:	
Population growth rate	1.42% (High)
Average Population Households size	3.2
Population Density	66.6 % (High population density which
	allows for increased economic opportunities
	but also for socio-economic issues and
	problems.
Rural Migration	Rural migration to urban areas in
	Metsimaholo has reached high level due to
	people looking for job opportunities and as
	a results, a decline in agriculture.

KPA 2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT:

Stra	tegic Objectives for KPA 2:	Intended Outcomes for KPA 2:
2.1	To create a conducive environment for improving	Sustainable social and economic development
	local economic development.	- Positioning the municipality as an economic
		hub in the province)
2.2	To use the municipality's buying power to	Sustainable social and economic development
	advance economic empowerment of SMMEs and	- Preservation and creation of job opportunities
	Cooperatives.	though supporting SMMEs
2.3	To maximize on the tourism potential of the	Sustainable social and economic development
	municipality.	- maximising on the tourism potential of the
		municipality as another means to boost the local
		economy.
2.4	To implement the projects that promote spatial	Sustainable social and economic development
	and economic integration	-spatial land use management
2.5	To promote integrated and sustainable human	Sustainable social and economic development
	settlement and increasing the supply of housing	- Integrated human settlement
	opportunities	

Overview of the sector: **LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	STATUS & INTERVENTIONS REQUIRED
Status of Local Economic Development (LED) Strategy	The municipality's LED strategy was reviewed
	and approved by Council in 2017/18 financial
	year and currently under with assistance by
	CoGTA. However, processes stalled by Covid
	19 lockdown.
	The LED Strategy is currently under review
	and will be adopted in this Quarter 3
Total Municipal unemployment rate	32.1%
Youth Municipal unemployment rate	41.6%
Level of current economic activity – dominant sectors and	Manufacturing – 91.96% production
potential sectors	Water & Electricity – 96.46 production
	Mining and quarrying – 100% production
Support initiatives provided to special groups	The Department is currently having SMMEs
categories(Youth, Disabled, Women) in Business	Roadshow, from 07, 09 and 10 March 2023 in
empowerment	Oranjeville, Deneysville and Zamdela.
SMMEs Initiatives existing in the Municipal area	
Local Businesses Database and status	The Department is currently compiling a
	database
Local Business Forum Established and	LED Forum has been established by the
status(functionality)	Municipality and the next one to be hosted on
	14 th March 2023
Local Business Empowerment Initiatives and or	The Department is planning to initiative a
Interventions	business mentorship programme and link
	Local Businesses with big businesses e.g.,
	Spar, Checkers, etc.
Business Corporative Initiatives and Interventions	Mentorship programme
Private Business Partnership (SLPs) Initiatives and	The Department is working hand in hand with
Interventions	the Department of Mineral Resources and
	Energy to guide and regulate SLPs within the
	municipal jurisdiction
Long-term economic prospects	Further development of the chemical industry
	Potential that is in the agricultural sector
	Significant tourism potential

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)	
	Vaal Special Economic Zones to be included
	(renewable energy, agriculture and tourism)
	Development opportunities exist adjacent the
	Vaal River and Vaal Dam
	Regional Vaal Spatial Development
	Framework
Job creation initiatives by the municipality (e.g. local	EPWP:
procurement, EPWP implementation, CWP, etc).	CWP: 1000
procurement, EPWP implementation, CWP, etc).	CWP: 1000

VIABILITY AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Stra	tegic Objectives for KPA 3:	Intended Outcomes for KPA 3:
3.1	To ensure financial management practices that	sound financial management practices and
	enhance financial viability & compliance with the	functional financial management systems which
	requirements of MFMA, relevant regulations and	include rigorous internal controls -
	prescribed Treasury norms and standards	

Overview of the KPA: **FINANCIAL VIABILITY & FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

STATUS OF BUDGET RELATED POLICIES:	
Asset Management Policy	All the budget related policies will be reviewed and approved by Council for June
Bad Debts Write Off Policy	2023 financial year.
Borrowings Policy	
Budget Policy	
Cash Management Debt Collection & Customer Care Policy	
Indigent Policy	
Property Rates Policy	
Rates Policy	
Unauthorized, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure	

STATUS OF BUDGET RELATED POLICIES:		
Virement Policy		
Revised SCM Policy		
SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT:		
The following positions are currently filled in the unit:	Number of positions filled:	
Manager	Vacant	
Secretary	1	
Supply Chain Practitioner (Demand Acquisition)	1	
Supply Chain Clerk (Acquisition)	1	
Supply Chain Practitioner (Logistics)	1	
Supply Chain Administration Clerk	1	
Store Attendant	1	
Interns (not-permanent)	1	
Temporary Staff	2	
Total Staff Compliment of the Unit	09	
Status of Bid Committees	The Bid Specifications, Bid Evaluation and Bid Adjudication committees are legally constituted and are fully functional	

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S FINDINGS ON FINANCIAL MATTERS FOR 2020/21 FINANCIAL YEAR:

Audit Opinion	Qualified
Major Audit Findings	Root Cause
Property, Plant and Equipment	The municipality did not correctly classify infrastructure assets in accordance with GRAP 17, <i>Property, plant and equipment,</i> as infrastructure assets were incorrectly classified as information technology (IT) equipment. Consequently, infrastructure assets was understated by R18 939 200 and IT equipment was overstated by the same amount. In addition, I was unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence that property, plant and equipment had been properly accounted for, due to the status of the accounting records. I was unable to confirm the property, plant and equipment by alternative means. Consequently, I was unable to determine whether any further adjustment was necessary to property, plant and equipment, stated at R1 319 635 770 (2021: R1 231 528168) in note 7 to the financial statements
Investment Property	The municipality did not account for investment property in accordance with GRAP 16, Investment properly. The municipality accounted for land and buildings over which it has, in substance, lost control, resulting in investment property being overstated by R14 793 167. In addition, I was unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence that investment property had been properly accounted for, due to the status of the accounting records. I was unable to confirm the investment property by alternative means. Consequently, I was unable to determine whether any further adjustment was necessary to investment property, stated at R242 260 298 (2021: R240 181 961) in note 9 to the financial statements. This also has an impact on the surplus for the period and on the accumulated surplus.
Service Charges	The municipality did not recognise service charges from exchange transactions, as required by GRAP 9, Revenue from exchange transactions. Consumers were identified that were incorrectly classified as indigent and service charges were levied against accounts registered in the name of the municipality. Consequently, service charges and receivables from exchange transactions were each understated by R23 954 904 (2021: R19187 908).
Impairment losses	The municipality did not calculate the provision for impairment of its debtors in accordance with GRAP 104, <i>Financial Instruments</i> . The municipality did not apply the correct assumptions and rates for debtors due to the incorrect assessment of the credit risk for a group of debtors. Consequently, impairment losses disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements is understated by R41 557 752 and receivables from non - exchange transactions is overstated by the same amount. Additionally, there was an impact on the surplus for the period and on the accumulated surplus
Irregular expenditure	The municipality did not disclose all instances of irregular expenditure incurred in the notes to the financial statements as required by section 125(2)(d)(i) of the MFMA. The municipality made payments in contravention of supply chain management (SCM) requirements which were not disclosed. I was unable to determine the full extent of the understatement of irregular expenditure, stated at R649 234 975 (2021:

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

	R480 723 536) in note 45.3 to the financial statements, as it was impracticable to do so.
Restatement of corresponding figures	As disclosed in note 42 to the financial statements, the corresponding figures for 30 June 2021 were restated as a result of an error in the financial statements of the municipality at, and for the year ended, 30 June 2022.
	With reference to note 50 to the financial statements, the municipality is the defendant in various claims against the municipality. The municipality is opposing these claims. The ultimate outcome of these matters could not be determined and no provision for any liabilities that may result were provided for in the financial statements
Unauthorized expenditure	As disclosed in note 45.1 to the financial statements, the municipality incurred unauthorized expenditure of R25 418 564 (2021: R19 051 380) , due to overspending of the budget.
	As disclosed in note 46.1.8 to the financial statements, the municipality incurred material water distribution losses of R15 750 944 (2021: R65 888 545) and material electricity distribution
	losses of R55 498 644 (2021: R48 296 420), mainly due to illegal connections, leakages, burst water pipes, line losses, tampering and theft.

TRANSFORMATION AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Stra	tegic Objectives for KPA 4:	Intended Outcomes for KPA 4:
4.1	To capacitate and empower workforce.	Capacitated officials and Councillors so that
		they are able to deal with the challenges of local
		governance - Democratic and accountable
		government for local communities
4.2	To ensure sound labour relations so as to	Sustained platforms to engage organised
	minimise labour disputes and disruptions.	labour to minimise disputes and disruptions.
4.3	To improve the administrative capability of the	Well governed municipality and able to conduct
	municipality.	its business responsibly and within the
		framework of prescribed laws and regulations.
4.4	To build a risk conscious culture within the	A municipality that is proactively aware and
	organisation.	recognizes the risks that it is faced with so as to
		proactively plan for mitigation of such risks.
4.5	To ensure development of legally compliant and	Coordinated approach to planning,
	credible IDP.	implementation, monitoring, review and
		reporting.

Overview of the KPA: <u>MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT</u>

Status of Information Technology (ICT)	the municipality does not have sufficnet internal capacity to deal with its IT needs
	There is no disaster recovery and business continuity plan in place
Human Resources:	
Status of Human Resources Strategy/Plan	Approved by Council
Status of Employment Equity Plan	Approved by Council
Status of Organizational Structure	Approved by Council in 2012. Municipality is in process of developing new Organogram aligned to new staff regulations of 2021. Working on the comments by SALGA in order to finalize process of approval by Council.
Status of Works Skills Plan	WSP addresses the workforce profile and skills. Submitted to LGSETA
Status and Functionality of Labour Relations Forum	Established and Functional
Number of positions available as per the approved organisational structure	1 148
Number of positions filled as per the approved organizational structure	734
Vacancy rate	39%
Staff turnover rate	2,32%
Performance Management Framework	The framework policy is available and approved by council.
PDMS Policy & Staff Regulations	Performance Management will be cascaded to lower staff as per new Staff Regulations. The Action Plan is developed for implementation
Status on Filling of Critical Posts (Senior Managers)	All Senior Managers posts are filled

Signing of Performance Contracts and Agreements by Senior Mangers	Performance Contracts and Agreements are signed by Senior Managers.
Signing of the Code of Conduct by municipal staff in line with section 69 of the Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000.	All employees sign the Code of Conduct upon their employment.
Standard Operating Procedure (SOPs)	CoGTA to be approached for support

The table below provides an overview of the municipality's current staff complement according to different occupational categories.

TABLE: STAFFING

	Females			Males					
Occupations	Α	С	I	W	Α	С	I	W	Total
Legislators	16	00	00	02	23	00	00	05	46
Managers	04	01	00	01	23	01	01	00	31
Professionals	22	00	00	01	24	01	01	00	49
Technicians And Trade Workers	15	00	00	03	38	00	00	01	57
Community and Personal Service Workers	31	00	00	00	46	00	00	04	78
Clerical and Administrative Workers	49	00	00	03	27	00	00	00	79
Skilled and Related Trade Workers	00	00	00	00	44	00	00	00	44
Machinery Operators And Drivers	03	00	00	00	47	00	00	00	50
Elementary Occupations	111	00	00	00	259	00	00	00	370
Total	251	01	00	10	531	02	02	07	804

Status Implementation of Municipal Staff Regulations:

The Minister of CoGTA promulgated the Staff Regulations in September 2021, wherein every municipality is expected to implement these regulations effectively as of the 01st of July 2022. These regulations amongst others, prescribe and make mandatory cascading of performance management system (PMS) to all employees since currently the performance management system is only implemented at senior management level (Sec 57 Managers).

The Provincial CoGTA together with National CoGTA (DCOG) conducted workshops on the Staff Regulations on the 27 and 28 January 2022 and SALGA also conducted National Seminar on Local Government and Performance Management on 24 and 25 March 2022 to provide explicit perspective (framework) on how to go about cascading PMS to lower-level employees at municipal level.

The regulations place the process of cascading of PMS to every employee at Corporate Services Department (HR) and to each Head of Department including every manager and supervisor. Over and above that, employee performance should be directly aligned to the organisational performance, whereby organisational strategic documents such as IDP/Budget/SDBIP/Performance Agreements/Performance Plans

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP) including job descriptions should all form the basis for the performance measurement of individual employee of the municipality, the latter will ensure that every employee's work contributes to the bigger picture of organisational goals and objectives. The table below represents the Municipal Action Plan on the implementation of the regulations as from the 1st July 2022:

METSIMAHOLO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY - STAFF REGULATIONS IMPLEMENTATION PLAN: EFFECTIVE 01 JULY 2022

STAFF REG CHAPTER	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	REQUIRED ACTION	OUTPUT	RESPONSIBLE UNIT	TIMELINE	PROGRESS AS OF MARCH 2023
Chapter 2	Human Resource Management	Review of the Staff Establishment (Organogram) to align with the provisions of the Regulations	To have an approved Staff Establishment aligned to the Regulations	Corporate Services/ -HR	30 June 2022	Council adopted the Staff Establishment on the 27 February 2023 and was accordingly submitted to MEC COGTA for comments.
		Development/Review of HR policies (HR strategy/Change Management Plan/Recruitment and Selection/Succession Plan/Acting appointments etc)	To have an approved reviewed HR policies aligned to the Regulations	Corporate Services/ -HR	30 June 2022	Draft policies were presented to Snr Management Committee meeting on the 17 January 2023 for comments. Currently they are being presented to the LLF for consultations.
	Council Support	Review of systems of delegation	To have approved systems of delegation which is aligned to the Regulations	Corporate Services/ -Legal Services -Administration	30 June 2022	SALGA conducted Workshop for Councillors during April 2023.
Chapter 4	Performance Management System	Development/Review of the PMS Policy (Organisational/employee PMS)	To have an approved comprehensive PMS Policy which includes organisational and employee performance	Office of the MM and Corporate Services/ -PMS -HR	31st May 2022 (Approved at the same time with the final IDP and Budget)	PDMS was approved by Council in 2022.
		Cascading of PMS to all employees	To have PMS cascaded to all employees of the MLM	Corporate Services/ -HR	01 July 2022	Envisaged to cascade in phases to certain levels of Employees(Phase

STAFF REG CHAPTER	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	REQUIRED ACTION	ОUТРUТ	RESPONSIBLE UNIT	TIMELINE	PROGRESS AS OF MARCH 2023
		Sourcing and installation of Integrated Electronic System	To have an electronic performance management system in place to deal with organisational and employee performance	Office of the MM/Corporate Services -ICT -PMS -HR	30 September 2022	1: level 0-4) in July 2023. To plan for funding and even engage CoGTA on possible funding
	Performance Management System	Development of the Organisational SDBIP (Top layer SDBIP)	To have an approved Top layer SDBIP which is aligned to the IDP and Budget	Office of the MM/ -PMS	28 June 2022 (28 days after the approval of the IDP and Budget)	Achieved
		Development of the Departmental (Operational) SDBIP	To have departmental SDBIPs which are aligned to the Organisational SDBIP and job descriptions of employees	All departments -Heads of Departments and staff members	28 June 2022	Not Achieved and to developed in June 2023
		Concluding of annual performance agreements including annexures thereof and setting of performance standards/expectations (Senior Managers)	To have Performance Agreements and performance plans which are aligned to the Organisational SDBIP	Office of the MM/ -MM and Heads of Departments -PMS	31 st July 2022	31st July 2023
Chapter 4	Performance Management System	Concluding of annual performance agreements including annexures thereof and setting of performance standards/expectations (Individual/employees)	To have every employee concluding and signing a performance agreement which is aligned to operational SDBIP and job description	All departments/Corporate Services -Head of Departments and staff members -HR	31 st of August 2022	31st of August 2023
		Establishment of the municipal performance moderation committee	To have the municipal performance moderation committee in place as required by the Regulations	Council	31 st of August 2022	31st of August 2023

STAFF REG CHAPTER	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	REQUIRED ACTION	OUTPUT	RESPONSIBLE UNIT	TIMELINE	PROGRESS AS OF MARCH 2023
		Establishment of the departmental performance moderation committee	To have the departmental performance moderation committee in place as required by the Regulations	MM	31 st of August 2022	31 st of August 2023
Chapter 5	Skills Development	To conduct Skill Audit for all employees	Human Resource Capacity building and development	Corporate Services -HR (SDF)	30 June 2023	Process of collecting data for all Depts/Div. started on the 19 January 2023 and ended on the 13 February 2023. The progress report was presented in Snr management meeting on the 20 March 2023. It is estimated that the project will be completed on 30 September 2023.
Other Critica					00.4 11.0000	D
	Consultation of stakeholders	Tabling of the Staff Regulations and policies to LLF	To have a mutual understanding between employer and labour structures pertaining to the provisions of the regulations	Corporate Services -HR -Admin	29 April 2022	Report tabled at LLF on 14 June 2022. Workshop for both Organised Labour and Management was on 28 July 2023, and workshop for entire staff was from 22 November 2022 and 23 November 2022.

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)

STAFF REG CHAPTER	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	REQUIRED ACTION	OUTPUT	RESPONSIBLE UNIT	TIMELINE	PROGRESS AS OF MARCH 2023
						The first meeting for Policies consultation was on 13 February 2023 and still ongoing.
		Tabling of the Staff Regulations and policies to employees (Departmental workshop/ meetings)	To have a mutual understanding between supervisors (employer) and employees pertaining to the provisions of the regulations	Corporate Services -HR	29 April 2022	Workshop on Staff Regulations for entire staff was on 22 November 2022 and 23 November 2022.
		Tabling of the Staff Regulations and policies to Management	To have the support and commitment from the Heads of Departments on the adequate implementation of the regulations	Office of the MM/ -MM -PMS	29 April 2022	HR Policies were tabled to management on the 17 January 2023.
		Tabling of the Staff Regulations and the reviewed PMS policy to Council	To bring the Council on board regarding the expectations from the municipality	Office of the MM -MM	31 May 2022	Achieved
		Continuous engagements between employee and supervisor on the performance of employee	To establish a culture of performance within the municipality	All departments	Continuous	Continous

KPA 5: GOOD GOVERNANCE & PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Stra	tegic Objectives for KPA 5:	Intended Outcomes for KPA 5:
5.1	To ensure transparency, accountability and	Social distance between public representatives
	regular engagements with communities and	and communities and stakeholders is
	stakeholders.	eliminated
5.2	To ensure that ward committees are functional	Implementation of community engagement
	and interact with communities continuously.	plans through ward committees.
5.3	To ensure that ordinary council meetings are held	Oversight over administration for the benefit of
	regularly to consider and endorse reports.	the community.
5.4	To ensure that all council committees (s 79	
	committees) sit regularly and process items for	
	council decisions.	
5.5	To ensure functional governance structures and	Strengthened oversight to support and inform
	systems.	council decisions on various governance
		matters.
5.6	To promote Intergovernmental Relations amongst	Active role in advancing and participating
	stakeholders.	intergovernmental relations endeavors at
		various levels.
5.7	To ensure that Councillors fulfil their duties and	Improved reporting by Councillors on their
	obligations towards communities on a continuous	activities to the Speaker on a monthly basis.
	basis.	
5.8	To ensure that there is a coherent approach in the	Mainstreaming of HIV/AIDS and TB into the
	municipality in dealing with pandemics HIV/AIDS,	municipality's plans.
	TB and Covid 19.	
5.9	To implement special Programmes aimed at the	Recognition and properly addressed needs for
	needs of vulnerable groups and youth within the	women, orphans, disable people, youth and
	community.	school children through dedicated special
		programs.
		•

the KPA: **GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES:	
The Internal audit function	There is an established internal audit function within the municipality. The municipality's Internal Audit function plays a critical role in enhancing governance and accountability at all levels within the institution.
The Status and Functionality Internal Audit function	The Internal Audit Unit is fully functional and
(Include challenges)	effective. The unit is understaffed and could
	not provide reasonable assurance on entire
The Oletus and Functionality of Darfamana Audit	audit universe.
The Status and Functionality of Performance Audit Committee	The municipality has an Audit and Performance Committee, and it is fully functional.
	The Audit Committee consists of three
	members. All members are independent. The
	committee is efficient and effective in assisting the municipality in advising and providing
	oversight role on the system of internal audit,
	risk management and governance
The Status of Risk Management Committee	Risk Management Committee is functional
	and meet as required
Highlight Key or Strategic Municipal Risks (10) Identified	Irregular Expenditure, Inadequate cash flow,
	Loss of Revenue, Weak and constrained
	economic growth, No DRP/ Business Continuity mechanism for business
	Continuity mechanism for business operations, Failure to attract and retain skilled
	and competent workforce, Ageing
	Infrastructure (electricity network &water,
	stormwater and sewer networks),Fraud and
	corruption, Damage to Municipal property and
	possible of life(cable theft) and Poor cash
	management(possible loss of revenue)
Status of Audit Action Plan on matters raised by AG.	Action Plan developed with corrective
(2021/22 Annual Report)	measures to be implemented to address
	issues raised by AG and improve Audit opinion.
Oversight Committee – Functionality of MPAC	MPAC is functional and accountable Council

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES:							
(Include challenges)							
Functionality of Ethics Committee	Ethics Committee establish with chairperson						
(Include challenges)							
Public Participation Strategy	In Place and need to be revised						
Public Participation	In relation to public participation, the speaker's						
	plays a role in overseeing the establishment						
	and functioning of ward committees.						
	The speaker also plays a role in monitoring the						
	degree to which Councillors are open and						
	accountable towards the community.						
	Councillors must report back at least quarterly						
	to constituencies on the performance of the						
	municipality.						
Functionality of Ward Committees	Ward Committee structures were function						
	Public meetings within the municipality are						
	facilitated through Ward Committees in						
	various wards.						
Challenges affecting Ward Committees	Poor attendance of meetings by communities						
	Lack of resources for public participation.						
MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL SYSTEMS:							
Complaints management system	There is no effective complaints management						
(Incl. Petition management system)	system in place.						
Fraud prevention plan	Existing Plan outdated						
Communication strategy	Approved by Council in Feb 2023						
Stakeholder mobilization strategy or public participation	Approved by Council in 2022. However needs						
strategy.	to be Reviewed.						

Priority needs emanating from public consultations:

This section covers details of priority issues / problems and inputs received from the community and other stakeholders following IDP public participation and `processes that were embarked upon during the planning process.

To ensure effective alignment between community needs and budget programs, MFMA, Chapter 4, as well as Circular 48 provide guidance on the steps in the annual budget process. Critical to the development of a credible budget are:

g) the manner in which the strategic planning process is integrated;

h) the input of policy directions; and consultation with the community and other stakeholders.

The Council of Metsimaholo has approved IDP Public Participation or consultation meetings to take place in all Metsimaholo jurisdiction. The meetings took place in all Wards under stewardship of the Executive Mayor with the coordination of the Office of the Speaker. The table below reflects the time schedule of the IDP Consultation Meetings that took place during the review process of the current 5 - Year IDP.

TABLE: IDP PUBLIC PARTICIPATION SCHEDULE:

Ward	Date	Time	Venue	Ward Councillor		Progress
Ward 15 Ward 16 Ward 17	05/09/2022 Monday	18h00	Municipal Council Foyer 2 nd Floor Finance Building	Cllr LJ Van Heerden Cllr JJ Barnard Cllr TK Rankoe	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 14 Ward 18 Ward 22 (Vaal Park)	06/09/2022 Tuesday	18h00	Vaalpark Primary School	Cllr FJ v/d Merwe Cllr L Day	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 3	07/09/2022 Wednesday	17h00	Refengkgotso Community Hall	Cllr MS Poho	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 8 Ward 9 Ward 10	08/09/2022 Thursday	17h00	Iketsetseng Secondary School	Cllr LW Nhlapo Cllr ME Mqwathi Cllr NM Mtshali	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
			WEEK 2			
Ward 11 Ward 12	12/09/2022 Monday	17h00	Zamdela Community Hall	Cllr DV Rani Cllr LA Makhefu	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 5	13/09/2022 Tuesday	18h00	Metsimaholo Community Hall	Cllr SM Mofokeng	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 4 Ward 20	14/09/2022 Wednesday	18h00	Deneysville Primary School	Cllr TL Soetsang Cllr L Fisher	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 7 Ward 13	15/09/2022 Thursday	17h00	Sakubusha Secondary School	Cllr P Mahlaela Cllr FD Mosokweni	IDP EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 5	19/09/2022 Monday	18h00	Oranjeville Primary School	Cllr SM Mofokeng	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 6 Ward 13	20/09/2022 Tuesday	17h00	Multipurpose Sports Centre	Cllr M Nkheloane Cllr FD	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Not Achieved

Ward 21				Mosokweni Cllr TG Sehaole		
Ward 23 Ward 19	21/09/2022 Wednesday	17h00	Bekezela Secondary School	Cllr MB Mozolo Cllr L Mthetho	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 1 (Phase 3& 4)	22/09/2022 Thursday	17h00	Open Space: Zakwe	Cllr MJ Radebe	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
			WEEK 4			
Ward 2	26/09/2022 Monday	17h00	Lehutso Primary School Cllr M Molawa		EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 7(Snake Park)	27/09/2022 Tuesday	17h00	Ditamating	Clir P Mahlaela	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 23 Mooidraai	28/09/2022 Wednesday	17h00	Huising(Plot 44)	Cllr MB Mozolo	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 4	29/09/2022 Thursday	17h00	Ntai Mokoena Library	Cllr TL Soetsang	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
			WEEK 5			
Ward 20	03/09/2022 Monday	17h00	Themba Kubheka Sports Ground	Cllr L Fisher	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 22 (Lethabo)	04/10/2022 Tuesday	17h00	Lethabo Community Hall	R Meyer	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Ward 1 (Phase 5)	05/10/2022 Wednesday	17h00	Kopanelang Thuto Primary School	Cllr MJ Radebe	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE	Achieved
Business, Farmers, NPOs & Religious Groups	06/10/2022 (Thursday)	10h00	Harry Gwala Multi- Purpose Sports Centre	ALL Councillors	EXECUTIVE MAYOR CLLR ZJ ZWANE ALL COUNCILLORS	Achieved

Amid the above consultation IDP Meeting hereunder is the outcome of the process wherein all raised issues pertaining to service delivery challenges were captured for prioritization of projects and programmes within Municipal space.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORK	Ms. Vuyelwa Joyce Malindi		
		SSUES RAISED	
February 2022 (Five Year	Sept/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)
Development)			
 Resurfacing and grading of roads Gravelling of roads Maintenance of pump station Maintenance of the bridge next to Spoornet (accident and crime zone) Job creation for locals Fencing of Steenpan (dam) Provide sewer manhole to channel sewer capacity Reparation of electricity boxes Residential sites Bursaries Upgrade water supply (too many interruptions in the supply of water) Library High mast lights Installation of sewer connections (eradication of pit toilets) Provisioning of RDP houses Youth Development Centre Improvement of the IGG system Upgrading of water pressure Establishment of a community centre in the Multipurpose centre (SAPS) 	 Gravelling of roads Paved road in the main road to allow Taxi movement Sewer connections to certain yards Complete sewer lines/connections to yards (or provide material for community to assist with connections) Build outside Toilets Attend to issue of Water supply interruptions (got water 1-2 hrs limited time) Maintain pumpstations to increase water pressure Provide Water at Scott Farm Section Address Cable Theft during loadshedding Illegal Electricity connections Provide Water & Electricity connections at Baipehi Section (32 stands) and rezone those stands Masakeng Section is a wetlands area (relocate/soil infill) 		

NAME OF WARD		1 (Phase 4 & 5)		
WARD POPULATION		12 315		
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Matthews Jabulani Radebe		
WARD SECTIONS		Somerspost, Walter Sisulu, part of Amelia &	10 farms	
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & functional		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORK	ER	Ms. Vuyelwa Joyce Malindi		
	COMMUNITY IS	SSUES RAISED		
February 2022 (Five Year	Sept/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)	
Development)				
The Community members agreed that the following issues are to be prioritised as their immediate priorities in the Integrated Development Plan (IDP): • Sewer (Toilets) • Roads resurfacing • There is a need for high mast lights and the maintenance of those in existence	 Need Infills for G5 (soil) nearby Kopanelang Thuto Primary to enable movement of kids during rainy days Draining of sceptic tanks(sewer) at school Increase capacity of sewer pipes to avoid spillages Connect paved road to Provincial tarred road to Koppies Introduce security measures to curb cable theft Increase Electricity bulk supply to 			
Rebuilding of toilets and installation of outstanding sewer connections to yards Eradication of bucket system and pit toilets	 avoid interruptions Deal with faulty electricity metres Play oversight on contractors Fix High mast lights to increase quality of brightness Build sewer Toilets. Install a High mast Light in the main road nearby Zondo Church and 			
 Provisioning of flushing toilets Taxi rank Bus/taxi stop (shelter) Library with Wi-Fi Water connection (disaster park) Electricity connection (disaster park) Building of roads (disaster park) RDP houses (disaster park) Storm water drainage (ka Tshimong) 	Sekwati area.			

	Storm water drainage next to taxi rank Erect speed hump next to taxi rank Resurfacing of the paved main road. Job creation for locals Fencing of Stenmpane Review of Integrated Environmental Management Plan (IEMP) and consider public participation (consider effects of pollution) Youth Development centre Consider building a university Erect speed limit road signages on the Koppies road Regulation of the quality of contractor workmanship during projects			
	Amelia	Amelia	Amelia	Amelia
•	Need sewer installations/flushing toilets Move away Informal settlement Issuing of Title Deeds There is a need for a clinic that will be operating 24 hours	Need Toilets with with sewer system Need 24 hrs Clinic Resolve informal Settlements		

NAME OF WARD		2		
WARD POPULATION				
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Morena Molawa		
WARD SECTIONS		Mpumelelo, Topia, Luhutso & Resto	oration Church	
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & func		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Mr. Moya R. Mokoena		
		COMMUNITY ISSUE	ES RAISED	
February 2022 (Five Year	Sep	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)
Development)				
 Provisioning of residential stands Maintenance of storm water channels Streets are in a bad condition and need to be maintained Maintenance of high mast lights Provisioning of a mobile clinic Creation of job opportunities Construction of a bridge across the railways at the train station (Spoornet) Provisioning of ambulance services Provisioning of Early Childhood Development centres (creches) Provisioning of sports facilities Projects be given to local businesses Skills development for the youth 	t • F • I	Business sites for NPOs and small pusinesses Residential sites ntroduce Youth Development programmes Need Clinic or mobile one		

NAME OF WARD		3		
WARD POPULATION		5 975		
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Mosioa Solomon Pooho		
WARD SECTIONS		Slovo, Ramaphosa, Madiba, Tsher	oiso 1 & 2 and Di Four Rooms	
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & funct	ional	
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKE	₹	Ms. Moleboheng Rampai		
		COMMUNITY ISSUE		
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Se	pt/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)
Development)				
 Fixing of potholes Resealing of roads Reopen storm water channel in Madiba (closed due to illega dumping) Fencing of graveyard as it is filled to its capacity (next to Thomas' shop) Paving of roads in Tshepisong Appoint local contractors in loca projects to create employment High crime rate Improve public services (SAPS) Establishment of a rehabilitation centre for the youth who are struggling with drug abuse Fixing of paving in Rampuru Street Stands for churches High Electricity billing 		Revamping of sportsgrounds Constant Water Interruptions Increase water pressure High Electricity billing Need Solar panels to reduce high electricity demand & cost Need Paved Roads Need Shopping Complex/Centre Promote Events Management to promote tourism facilities(revenue) Complete the incomplete paved road near Lutheran Church Need Road signs Refurbish Police station and increase capacity Intensify Crime fighting programmes Need Youth Development Centre and support programmes Improve access and provision of services at Clinic Need Ambulance at Clinic Erect speed humps in main roads Ensure proper control on water metre reading Monitor quality (contractor poor workmanship) of RDP Houses Curb Water leaks Fix paved roads and ensure proper storm water drainage		

NAME OF WARD		4		
WARD POPULATION		5 308		
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Thandiwe Linah Soetsang		
WARD SECTIONS		Phomolong & Letamong		
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & functional		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Ms. Sofia Mkhuma		
		COMMUNITY ISSUE	ES RAISED	
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Ser	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)
Development)	•	` '	. ,	
Refengkgotso		Refengkgotso	Refengkgotso	Refengkgotso
 Maintain(reopen) all storm water channels including the one in the main street between Phomolong & Mbeki Maintain sewer system and reconfigure/remove the manhole outside the township Erect speed humps Paving of roads Effective utilisation of the Disaster Relief Grant without delays (responsive) Establishment of Youth Development Centre and skills development programmes Health clinic that will be operating 24 hours. Reconstruction/upgrading of internal gravel roads and tarred roads(potholes) Establishment of family - and recreational parks Establishment of a monitoring system for reservoir overflowing Job creation initiatives for locals and improvement of recruitment strategies to avoid nepotism and corruption Consider local graduates for job opportunities Improve service delivery in all public services centres (clinic, police station) 	• S F F F F F	Couth Employment Shortage of water in Mbeki & Phomolong (delivery of tankers) Control flowing of water from eservoir to avoid uncontrollable overflowing Cable Theft Deal with illegal occupancy of sites(churches) and rezone them for esidential sites/community centre Fix High mast lights Card infills with G5 as a results of vater drainage increase capacity at Police station only 12 officers) Regulation of local taverns Address sewer spillage in graveyards Provide land for residential sites Fix roads in Wonke Wonke section Establish rehabilitation centre		

 Improve safety measures to guard against cable theft Establishment of a shopping complex Reopening of a greenbelt (passage) to allow free flowing of water Building of a bridge across the road from Oranjeville to allow pedestrian to cross safely (esp. scholars) Review the bad debt write-off policy to safeguard the poorest against legal actions. Address the issue of non-functional water meters 			
Ward 4 Deneysville	Ward 4 Deneysville	Ward 4 Deneysville	Ward 4 Deneysville
Water: installation of a generator and additional pumps are needed for efficiency at the Water Treatment Works Additional street lights are needed (West Street) Sewer reticulation (modernize 2 pump stations) Crime Prevention programmes: grass cutting on vacant stands & side walks Replace overhead electrical wiring electricity with underground electrical wiring and modernize the reticulation Rebuild streets and storm water drainage (West & Union streets) Resurface Asphalt roads: Main, Horace, Island, Wall & High streets Soil cushioning & storm water management of all gravel roads in Deneysville	Fencing of reservoir Resurfacing of the Deneysville main road R549 road from Deneysville to Sasolburg be maintained as it is in a hazardous state Fixing of stormwater drainage in main road near short street/bus stop (its been open and left that that since 2014) High mast lights should be fixed as its only few that are functional Rehabilitation Centre be in Phomolong to eradicate drug abuse and to create jobs for our graduates Autostart/Generator at our water plant to keep water pressure up Maintenance of our infrastructure to accommodate growing townships as we heard there will be Refengkgotso Extension 10		

NAME OF WARD		5 METSIMAHOLO		
WARD POPULATION		6 048		
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Sara Mapule Mofokeng		
WARD SECTIONS		Oranjeville town and Metsimaholo 7	Township.	
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & func-	tional	
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Sozabile Nebulane		
		COMMUNITY ISSUE	ES RAISED	
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)
Development)				
METSIMAHOLO		METSIMAHOLO	METSIMAHOLO	METSIMAHOLO
Residential sites are needed	Fast	track issuing of residential sites		
Sports Centre	 Monit 	tor projects under construction to		
Ablution facilities (toilets) and paved	curb	vandalism and material theft		
road in the graveyard	• Deal	with nepotism in awarding projects		
Commonage: Land		ob opportunities and investigate		
Family Parks		ed maladministration thereof		
Storm water drainage		with shortage of water in Zonke		
 Create job creation opportunities and 		Phahameng Sections-timeous		
employment	delive	ery of water tanks in Zonke)		
Erect speed humps	 Munic 	cipality to play oversight on projects		
 Establish business sites 		g place		
 Establish Public services offices/sites 		en Municipal Offices to provide		
to allow community access (SASSA,		ces dispatch competent staff		
Department of Labour & Police		ote Economic Development for		
station)		n and create opportunities		
Improve services and capacity in the		igh mast lights		
library		pads in cemetery (mud roads)		
Establish Skills Development centre		roads in informal settlements to		
and programmes to capacitate the		access by SAPS & Ambulances)		
youth		Police Station		
Revamp Jim Fouche	_	de title deeds		
Promote Local Economic		ove turnaround time to attend		
Development and Tourism		ricity outages		
Attend to incomplete RDP houses (fix	• Need	Sports and Recreation facilities		
and investigate)				
Improve capacity in the Municipal				
Offices for efficient service delivery				
•				

ORANJEVILLE	ORANJEVILLE	ORANJEVILLE	ORANJEVILLE
Upgrading of Water supply system	Promote Tourism		
 Upgrading of roads (Scott, Malan, 	 Street Markings/signs 		
Van Nie Kerk, Cnr Routes & Alberts)			
 Upgrading of Electricity network 	 Grading of roads (need dedicated 		
system	grader)		
 Upgrading of sewer system and 			
wastewater treatment plant	maintained to avoid spillages		
 Upgrading of dumping site and 			
improve refuse removal system	Malan)		
 Purchasing of a new sewer truck 	 Need interim water tanker 		
Purchasing of a new refuse removal	_		
truck	Install light in the Orangeville Bridge		
Establishment of a satellite fire station	Need Fire Engine & Ambulance		
Grass cutting	Revamp Waterfront for revenue		
Purchasing of Tractor-Loader-	collection and recreation (fencing &		
Backhoe (TLB)	ablution facilities)		
Upgrading of facilities at Waterfront	Reopen Municipal Offices to render		
	services		
	Fix potholes on the Provincial Road to		
	Sasolburg		
	Fix Electricity transformer (next to hotel)		
	Need Cherry picker		

NAME OF WARD		6		
WARD POPULATION	WARD POPULATION 4 278			
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Mahadi Nkheloane		
WARD SECTIONS				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & fund	ctional	
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Vacant		
		COMMUNITY ISSU	IES RAISED	
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	t/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)
Development)				
High mast lights	 Pave 	d roads		
 Maintenance of blocked storm water 	High	mast lights		
channels	 reside 	ential sites		
 Provisioning of residential sites to 				
curb Informal settlements				
 Create job opportunities (apply 				
fairness)				
Remove Illegal dumping				
Paved roads				

NAME OF WARD		7		
WARD POPULATION		6 428		
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Portia Mahlaela		
WARD SECTIONS		Snake Park, part of commonly known as Spoornet and part of Gortin: Phase 2.		
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & funct	tional	
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Mr. Willie Mareletse		
		COMMUNITY ISSUE	ES RAISED	
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)
Development)				
SNAKE PARK		SNAKE PARK	SNAKE PARK	SNAKE PARK
Erect storm water drainage in internal and main roads		ider Youth employment during local cts in the Ward (fibre, paving)		
Unblock sewer drainage systems		ediate revamping of storm water		
Erect storm water channels towards		nel which is hazardous for		
Ward 10 (Theha Sechaba)		ents& kids.		
Paved Roads		love informal settlement in sports		
Create job opportunities and local	grour			
economic development (engage		High mast lights (esp. around		
SEDA)		rnet)-exam times & hazardous		
Upgrade sewer system (in the main		nd to uncontrollable sewer spillage		
road next to Litamating)		e Ward		
Upgrade pump station		Electricity poles at risk of falling in		
Upgrade water pressure	yards • Fix F			
Upgrade Electricity supplyErect fire hydrants that will be used in	boxes	Faulty/non-functioning electricity		
times of fire emergencies	DOXE			
Allocation of residential sites				
Grading of streets				
Toilets in Phase 2				
 Facilitate social amenities (housing 				
ownership change, IGGs)				
Maintain high mast lights				
Community project to reinstall				
electricity boxes in the houses				
Resolve illegal occupation of RDP houses				
Construction of way bridge				
connecting Wards 1,6 & 7				
Improve the Free Basic Services				
system				

	SAKUBUCHA	•	SAKUBUCHA	SAKUBUCHA	SAKUBUCHA
•	Maintenance of high mast lights	•	be assisted with IGG issue-when		
•	Municipal officials to assist/respond		parents have passed and we struggle		
	when community members are		with change of ownership		
	reporting electricity faults hence there	•	Sewer spillage is a challenge next to the		
	would be illegal connections		station		
•	Municipality to have enough	•	CWP/EPWP job initiatives are only		
	electricity meters in stock because		benefiting residents from Snake park,		
	when community members require		whilst overlooking Gortin (Iraq)		
	new meters because of stolen meters	•	Fast track delays in approving IGG		
			application for elderly		
		•	Ensure provision of sites with services		
			and houses (comparative to other		
			Provinces)		
		•	Monitor Projects and play oversight		
		•	Need roads with proper storm water		
			drainage		
		•	(Fix) Maintenance of high mast lights		
		•	Improve turnaround time for reported		
			electricity outages		
		•			

NAME OF WARD 8						
WARD POPULATION		7 503				
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Lefa Lawrance Nhlapo				
WARD SECTIONS		Chris Hani & part of Coalbrook				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & fund	tional			
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Mr. Bonginkosi Lion Mdoda				
COMMUNITY ISSUES RAISED						
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sen	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)		
Development)		,	,	(1)		
ZAMDELA		ZAMDELA	ZAMDELA	ZAMDELA		
High water and electricity bills must be addressed Incomplete RDP houses must be fixed as these houses have been incomplete since 2019 Maintain sewer manholes (blocked) Maintain playgrounds Revamp the Art and Culture Centre building Pave roads and do away with gravel roads in the Ward Clean and unblock storm water channels in the Ward Expedite the approvals of the IGGs High mast lights must be maintained High rate of unemployment Job creation initiatives in the Ward Fencing of graveyard New electricity transformer to be installed Provisioning of residential sites to curb Informal Settlements There are business sites that need water and lights	IncorFix HactiviAbluResu	n Unemployment mplete RDP Houses (Chris Hani) digh mast light to reduce criminal ties (Chris Hani) tion facilities in Zamdela graveyard urfacing of roads to Sasolburg cation of residents in Baipeing				
SASOLBURG	· SASO	OLBURG	SASOLBURG	SASOLBURG		
• N/A	Fix pEnsupatch	rfacing of roads and maintenance ootholes ure good quality work when ning roads. et lighting				

Enforcing bylaws (Rezoning)-on establishment of student accommodation(communes)	
Cleaning of greenbeltsGrass cutting	

NAME OF WARD	9				
WARD POPULATION	7 609				
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Mosokoli Elias Mqwathi			
WARD SECTIONS	Phomolong, Thembalethu, Kwaz	ola, Hostel 2, Thubelisha, Belina Park, Succe	ss & part of Chris Hani		
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE	Established in 2022, trained & fu	nctional			
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER	Ms. K. Sylvia Mafatle				
	COMMUNITY ISS				
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sept/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)		
Development)					
The community agreed that the	 Reduce/regulate scrap yards to 				
highlighted community issues be	eliminate cable theft				
prioritiood mainly 101 till 2022/20	Uncontrollable Sewer spillage in				
financial year:	Success nearby Thembalethu				
maintain, or amp	Improve meter reading system				
channel in Chris Hani to allow the	Improve billing system esp. On				
water to flow	estimates				
Domention of all flootols and balla	Paved Roads in Ward 9				
family units/RDP houses	Proper Refuse Removal Vouth Skills development				
Paving of roads (Hector Peterson & Chris Hani)	Youth Skills developmentQuality of fixing potholes				
One (1) high mast light is needed in	RDP Houses				
Belina Park	Illegal Electricity connections				
Assessment of buildings need to be	Employment of graduates and skills				
conducted as all apartments are	transfer				
	Regulate trucks on road usage to				
collapse (Thembalethu)	reduce potholes				
Infrastructure (building, pipes etc.)	 Speed humps in road next to ladies 				
needs to be maintained at all hostels	palace				
Provisioning of RDP Houses	Reduce Illegal dumping				
The issue of wetlands in hostels	•				
(between ladies palace & sloja park)					
needs to be addressed					
Resurfacing of all roads					

•	Grading of roads and maintenance
	and fixing of the storm water channel
	system is needed (Hector Peterson)
•	The storm water channel next to Spirit
	of Life church needs to be maintained
•	The storm water channel between
	Chris Hani & Success needs to be
	maintained
•	speed humps must be erected in the
	street between ladies palace &
	success)
•	high mast lights in the Ward need to
	be maintained
•	Roads to accommodate people with
	disabilities (wheelchairs)
•	Establish transfer stations for waste
	in all Wards to curb illegal dumping
	(Waste container)
•	Re install new electricity cable that
	feeds Ward 9 (Malakabeng Primary
	School)
•	Intervention strategies (especially in
	cooperation with SASOL) are needed
	to curb the high unemployment rate Address environmental hazard
•	
	issues (pollution) with SASOL
•	Propose community projects in partnership with SASOL to maintain
	and upgrade the cemetery
	SASOL to fast-track employment and
	job creation in locality and partner
	with the local forum
	Sustainable jobs for people with
	disabilities
•	Illegal land occupation and selling
	(especially by Municipal officials)
	needs to be addressed
•	Remove asbestos roofs (all hostels)
•	Maintain graveyards
•	Wetland in informal settlement (ka
	lefifing)

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/20)24 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)	
Complete incomplete RDP Houses		
(slabs) in Chris Hani and built new		
ones for identified beneficiaries		
Other Issues include:		
Electricity theft		
Proposal to have a bad debt write-off		
policy		
Fastrack the issuing of Title Deeds to		
deserving beneficiaries and deal with		
the red tape (Hector Peterson)		
High electricity costs (step tariff)		
billing)		
 Malfunctioning of electricity metres 		
Overcrowding in hostels		
Illegal (drugs) business operation by		
foreign nationals		

NA	ME OF WARD		10	10			
W	ARD POPULATION		7 184				
W	ARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Nokuthula Merriam Mtshali	Cllr Nokuthula Merriam Mtshali			
W	ARD SECTIONS		Taylor Park, Maru Park, Saratoga a	and Somersport			
ST	ATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & func	tional			
CC	MMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Mr. Molefi Mabe				
			COMMUNITY ISSUE				
	February 2022 (Five Year IDP		Sept/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)		
	Development)						
•	Paved roads	•	Fix/maintain High mast light				
•	High mast lights	•	High billing on rates & taxes				
•	Stormwater drainage	•	Improve billing system(sms)				
•	RDP Houses	•	Change of Ownership to beneficiaries				
•	Introduce a policy for the writing off of		(title deed)				
	bad debt (cancel debts)	•	Clean unsafe Stormwater channel(Maru				
•	Upgrade Electricity Transformers		park block 30)				
•	Provisioning of residential sites	•	Create fair employment on job				
•	Community members need to buy		opportunities				
	electricity directly from Eskom	•	Fix High mast light in Maru Park for				
•	Maintenance potholes		public safety				
•	Provisioning of solar geysers	•	Need Skills development Training/				
•	Reinstall/maintain electrical poles		programmes				
	that are falling down		-				
•	Improve the IGG approval system						
•	Empowerment of small businesses						
	(SMMEs)						

NAME OF WARD 11						
WARD POPULATION		5 764				
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Dial Vakele Rani				
WARD SECTIONS		Tswape, Berlina, Dikgutsaneng, Soweto, Midville (Accommodation previously owned by ACI), Thubelisha and part o Tylor Park.				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & function	tional			
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Vacant				
		COMMUNITY ISSUE	S RAISED			
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	t/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)		
Development)						
Upgrade Zamdela Hall		Sewer spillage from manhole near				
Upgrade Zamdela Stadium	Zamo	lela Stadium				
Upgrade Zamdela swimming pool	 Upgr 	ade Zamdela Stadium				
and allow children from the township		se removal				
to access the Sasolburg swimming	 High 	unemployment				
pool.		ating of IGG information on billing				
Water leaks in old Zamdela need to	accou					
be attended to		afe electric cable in Bafokeng				
Create jobs for the youth and		(harzad)- to cut trees.				
establish a Skills Development		t speed humps near Bofulatshepe				
Centre	Prima					
Address effects of pollution in Ward		onstruct storm water channel behind				
11,12, 9 & 10 (engage SASOL)		Church(Midville)				
Unlock jobs and Local Economic		se removal staff not providing				
Development (LED) opportunities for		ces in a good manner				
community development (engage key		Need Title deeds in Terreblanche				
stakeholders)	section					
Install high mast lights (Thubelisha)		ove illegal dumpings (Near Ntate				
Upgrading and resurfacing of street		bela & Pastor Sekete Church)				
between Nkgopoleng & Anglican		r Panels/Gysers				
Church		rging Churches				
Upgrade and resurface the street	 Recr 	eational Facilities				
next to the Roman Catholic Church						
Upgrade and resurface of Telle Street						
Paved Roads						
Maintain blocked storm water						
channel around post office and						
Presbyterian Church						
Establish sports and recreation facilities in Thubelinks						
facilities in Thubelisha						
Provision of Solar Geysers						

•	Remove electricity cables (posing
	danger) in Midville (ACI poles)
•	Storm water drainage in Midville
•	Improve provision of basic services in
	Midville
•	Introduce drug and substance abuse
	programmes in the community
•	Visible policing to curb illegal drug
	selling both in Zamdela & Sasolburg
•	Provisioning of waste collection
	containers
•	Family Parks in Thubelisha
•	Maintain storm water channel next to
	Tsatsi Primary School
•	Install water and electricity boxes to
	enable billing in family units
•	Install new sewer pumpstation to
	increase capacity
•	Provisioning of a new electricity
	transformer
•	Provisioning of fencing or installation
	of aluminium transformer to curb
	cable theft
•	Erect Speed humps
•	Create jobs for local entrepreneurs
•	Implement By-laws to evict foreign
	nationals' businesses

NAME OF WARD		12				
WARD POPULATION	RD POPULATION 4 072					
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Lebohang Andries Makhefu				
WARD SECTIONS		Umgababa, Boiketlong, Lusaka, Angola, Protem, Tladi-Mahlomola and Madiba Village.				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & fund	tional	_		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Mr. Richard Mofokeng				
		COMMUNITY ISSUI	S RAISED			
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)		
Development)						
 Tarred roads are need and potholes 		ove Asbestos Roofing (Proterm)				
need to be fixed		sfer of ownership to beneficiaries				
 Upgrading of tarred roads in Proterm 		deed)-IGG & Rent				
Removal of asbestos roofing		ll outstanding Electricity metre				
Provisioning of high mast lights in	boxe					
Angola & Proterm		amp Tennis court				
Paving of roads in Angola		en TLC Offices for services				
Upgrading of roofing		pen passage between two parks to				
Removal of informal settlement		movement esp. for elderly to clinic				
(shacks)		crime rate				
Sewer system in Angola (pipes burgeting)		er spillage RDP Houses				
bursting) High Crime rate		ulate Boiketlong accommodation:				
 Speed humps including pedestrian 	crime					
crossings		uscitate CPF to curb crime				
Maintain storm water channels		al church stands				
 Provisioning of high mast lights and 	illege	il charch stands				
or streetlights in passages						
New Municipal offices (TLC) to be						
opened (123) to 50						
Establishment of local office for						
community members to have access						
to Ward Councillors						
Resuscitation of shops						
Revamping and installation of street						
signage						
Addressing the issue of illegal						
dumping						
Re-fencing of graveyard						
 Maintenance of storm water channel 						
at graveyard						
Establishment of skills development						
centre (preferably in shops)						

Metsimaholo Local Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)							
 Provisioning of Title Deeds Provisioning of electricity metres in Angola Fixing of leaking sewer pipes The issue of commonage (animals roaming around) needs to be attended to 							

NAME OF WARD	WARD 13 (Including Phase 2)				
WARD POPULATION	7 57	4			
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Fikile Daniel Mosokweni			
WARD SECTIONS		y Gwala, Phase 1 and Phase 2			
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		blished in 2022, trained & function	tional		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER	Mr. T	Tiisetso Pitso			
		COMMUNITY ISSUE			
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sept/Oct.	2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)	
Development)					
SAKUBUCHA		SAKUBUCHA	SAKUBUCHA	SAKUBUCHA	
The Community agreed to prioritise the		ormalisation of informal			
following issues as their immediate		(erf numbers for those who			
priorities in the Integrated Development	still don't ha				
Plan (IDP):		all basic services (Water,			
	electricity ar				
Provisioning of electricity		ntly job opportunities are for			
Provisioning of water	,	adults/elders be assisted in			
Paving of the main road		projects/programmes so they			
Purchasing of land to curb many		to sustain themselves			
emerging and existing informal		it employment opportunities			
settlements		ught through the projects are			
Other Issues Raised:		n a transparent and fair			
Provisioning or installation of	manner.Attend to the	e incomplete projects and be			
standpipes in Baipehi and Extension		(paved road)			
15 (additional standpipes are also needed)		s in sections where there are			
 The high unemployment rate needs 	no toilets	s in sections where there are			
to be curbed		pasic services after the			
Building of roads in Steenpan		has completed registration			
 Provisioning of water and electricity in 		extension 15			
Steenpan		em be accurate- residents are			
Upgrading/reopening of storm water		before could occupy the sites			
channel in Extension 15		. ,			
 Upgrading of electricity supply 					
(inconsistent or low supply)					
Establishment and upliftment of small					
businesses especially those for					
Women Empowerment (support					
corporative initiatives)					
Maintenance of existing high mast					
lights					

•	Provisioning of VIP toilets on			
	temporary basis to alleviate the use of			
	pit toilets			
•	Installation of a new electricity			
	transformer to upgrade electricity			
	supply/capacity			
•	Address sewer spillage in the newly			
	constructed paved road			
HA	RRY GWALA MPSC	HARRY GWALA MPSC	HARRY GWALA MPSC	HARRY GWALA MPSC
•	Sewer connections	Sewer connections		
•	Upgrading and maintenance of roads	 Upgrading and maintenance of roads 		
•	Establishment of a library (with Wi-Fi)	 Establishment of a library (with Wi-Fi) at 		
	at the Multipurpose Centre	the Multipurpose Centre		
•	Establishment of a satellite police			
	station at the Multipurpose Centre	at the Multipurpose Centre		

NAME OF WARD						
NAME OF WARD		14				
WARD POPULATION	LATION 5 477					
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Francois Jacobus van der Merwe				
WARD SECTIONS		Commonly known as Vaal Park.				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & func	tional			
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Ms. Monica Mahlangu				
		COMMUNITY ISSUI	ES RAISED			
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)		
Development)		,	. , ,	, , ,		
Maintenance /Upgrading of roads	Resu	rfacing of roads				
(potholes)	• Fiv D	otholes				
 Upgrading of sewer system 	LIXE	otrioles				
 Upgrading of roads in the Naledi 	 Purch 	hasing of woodchipper				
industrial area						
Provisioning of a Clinic (mobile)						
 Provisioning of recreational facilities 						
Provisioning of a Taxi Rank and Bus						
stops						
Grass cutting						

NAME OF WARD	E OF WARD 15				
WARD POPULATION		4 511			
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Louis Jacobus Van Heerden			
WARD SECTIONS		Sasolburg town			
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & fund	ctional		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER	1	Mrs. Bella .M Kholong	Mrs. Bella .M Kholong		
COMMUNITY ISSUES RAISED					
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)	
Development)	nt)				
 Maintenance of roads (potholes) 	Pruning(trimming) of trees				
 Provisioning of street lighting 	 Fix potholes in the main road next to 				
Grass cutting	Kinde	erland ECD.			
Billing system					

NAME OF WARD		16				
WARD POPULATION		5 522				
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Jan Jacobus Barnard				
WARD SECTIONS		Sasolburg town and Industrial area				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & function	ional			
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Mr. Moses Setsheli				
		COMMUNITY ISSUE	ES RAISED			
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)		
Development)						
 Fixing of potholes Maintenance of greenbelts Improvement of billing system (step tariff) Addressing the issue of Illegal shops Establishment of a Youth Council/Desk 	upgr. statioImpr. attendComHighNeed	ove/establish compliants centre to d complaints imunity Hall mast lights I Electricity grid from SASOL HF Verwoed Road and erect fencing				

NAME OF WARD	17			
WARD POPULATION	WARD POPULATION 5 690			
WARD COUNCILLOR	Cllr Thabang Kenneth R	Rankoe		
WARD SECTIONS	Sasolburg town, Nic Fei	rreira		
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE	Established in 2022, tra	ined & functional		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER	Mrs. Winnie Mayekiso			
	COMMU	NITY ISSUES RAISED		
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sept/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Revi	ew) Sept.2023 (2 nd IDF	P Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)
Development)				
Installation of speed humps in	Deploy security at substatior	n to curb		
Nkandla	Cable and vandalism.			
Maintenance of roads	Substation in Hammelber	g street		
Reparation of water leaks (water)	exploded			
losses) •	Repair substation doors in	Havenga		
Provisioning of high mast lights	street			
Grass cutting	Erect speed humps in Nick	c Ferreira		
Inspection of Illegal shops	extension(Nkandla)			
Establishment of community projects	Illicit allocation of RDP Houses			
in the Department of Education •	Housing and property audit	to verify		
District Offices (Sakubusha):	ownership			
Community building projects				

NAME OF WARD		18				
WARD POPULATION		5 152				
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Linda Day				
WARD SECTIONS		Welgelegen, Vaal Racecourse, par	t of Vaal Park (Ward 14) and Naledi Park v	which is an industrial area		
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & func	tional			
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Mr. Shadrack Hlahane				
		COMMUNITY ISSUI	ES RAISED			
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Ser	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)		
Development)						
Resurfacing of Roads	 Repa 	ir water metres				
 Maintenance of storm water drainage 	 Fixing 	g potholes				
 Provisioning of a Fire Engine 	 Need 	l Fire Engine				
Grass cutting	 Grass 	s cutting				
 Improvement of water meter reading 	 Impro 	ove Billing system(accuracy)				
AND billing system						
• Establishment of a functional Hotline						
Centre (customer services)						
• Improvement of the Municipal						
Website and ICT						

NAME OF WARD	19					
WARD POPULATION	5 479					
WARD COUNCILLOR	Cllr Linda Mthetho					
WARD SECTIONS	Amelia					
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE	Established in 2022, trained &	functional				
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER	S Hlahane					
	COMMUNITY IS	SUES RAISED				
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sept/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)			
Development)						
Provisioning of paved roads with	Need shelter/container at clinic for sha					
stormwater channels •	Rezoning of two school sites	for				
Police Station	residential sites					
Shopping complex	9	ills				
Sewer Connections	development					
High mast lights	Grading of roads					
 Residential sites for informal 	Improve billing system (metre reading)					
settlements •	Remove waste containers to redu	ice				
Fix incomplete RDP houses and	criminal activities					
those affected by the disaster •	 Ensure functionality and capacitation 	of				
Community members need title	Ward committees					
deeds.	Fix storm water drainage as a result	of				
A clinic with ablution facilities is	construction of cemetery					
needed •	Attend to sewer spillages					
	Need Residential sites					
	Enforce Bi-laws (commonage)					

NAME OF WARD	20					
WARD POPULATION	12 218					
WARD COUNCILLOR	Cllr Lukas Fisher	Cllr Lukas Fisher				
WARD SECTIONS	Themba Kubheka, Deneysville,	Phomolong, Mbeki, Taaibos, Veekraal,	Groenpunt Correctional Services and			
	surrounding farms.		·			
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE	Established in 2022, trained & fur	nctional				
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER	Vacant					
	COMMUNITY ISS					
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sept/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)			
Development)						
THEMBA KUBHEKA	THEMBA KUBHEKA	THEMBA KUBHEKA	THEMBA KUBHEKA			
The community agreed and suggested	Fix newly RDP Houses (poor					
that the provisioning of electricity be	workmanship)					
prioritised as the most important need and	Electricity connection to households					
the following needs to be regarded as	Grading of roads					
priority in the IDP in order to advance	Clinic					
sustainable development in their Ward:	Need Schools					
Provisioning of storm water drainage	Skills centre/FET for youth					
Provisioning of a clinic Establishment of a police station	Storm water drainage					
Establishment of a police stationShopping Mall						
Eradication of the bucket system						
Establishment of an FET College						
Provisioning of schools						
DENEYSVILLE	DENEYSVILLE	DENEYSVILLE	DENEYSVILLE			
Provisioning of water	Erect road signs					
 Upgrading/maintenance of water 	Fire Engine to be stationed in					
treatment plant	Deneysville.					
Upgrading of sewer reticulation	Ensure security in substations.					
 Maintenance/Upgrading of storm 						
water drainage next to the police	Street lighting					
stationResurfacing of McKenzie Street						
Maintenance of storm water drainage						
(Oranjeville street)						
Resurfacing of Main Street & Horace						
Street						
Completion of unfinished projects						
(Sports complex)						
•						
	MBEKI SECTION					

•	Shortage of Water in Mbeki &
	Phomolong
	Ensure delivery of water tankers
	Need Residential sites
	Need/Fix High mast lights
	High crime rate

NAME OF WARD		21		
WARD POPULATION		6 272		
WARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Teboho Glen Sehaole		
WARD SECTIONS				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & function	tional	
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Vacant		
		COMMUNITY ISSUE	S RAISED	
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Ser	ot/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)
Development)		` '	,	, , ,
• ,				
 Provisioning of sewer connections 	 Need 	sewer toilets		
and flushing toilets	 Pave 	d roads		
Paving of roads	 Fix st 	form water channels		
 Provisioning of residential sites 	Fix ro	pads		
Curbing of Illegal dumping	 Addre 	ess issue of incomplete RDP		
 Provisioning of a clinic 	Hous	es		
 Unblocking of storm water channels 	 Need 	Clinic		
Maintenance of roads				
Provisioning of skills development for				
the youth				
Commonage				
 Completion of RDP houses 				

NA	ME OF WARD		22		
WA	ARD POPULATION	6 205			
WA	ARD COUNCILLOR		Cllr Ruanda Meyer		
WA	ARD SECTIONS		Vaal Park, Lethabo		
ST	ATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & func	tional	
СО	MMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Vacant		
			COMMUNITY ISSUI	ES RAISED	
	February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	t/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3 rd IDP Review)
	Development)				
	VAALPARK		VAALPARK	VAALPARK	VAALPARK
•	Provisioning of a taxi rank	 Suffic 	ient Projects to Vaalpark for		
•	Upgrading Vaalpark Hospital for		tructure development (ageing		
	capacity	infra)			
•	Installing speed humps next to	 Need 	Transfer station		
	Vaalpark Articon School		ase woodchipper		
•	Provisioning of a Compactor Truck	 Purchase more tractors 			
•	Provisioning of a clinic (mobile)	Upgrading electricity substations			
•	Reparation of Eskom electricity		night/day switch on streetlight		
	transformers		cement of bylaws		
•	Reparation of electricity meters and	 Erection 	ion of speed humps next to schools		
	distributor boxes		ere & Vaalpark/Articon		
•	LETHABO	• LETH	IABO	LETHABO	LETHABO
•	Provisioning of water	•			
•	Provisioning of electricity				
•	Provisioning of a clinic and or				
	upgrading of the existing clinic				
•	Provisioning of a library				
•	Provisioning of playgrounds and or				
	upgrading of the existing playgrounds				
•	Providing electricity directly from the				
	Municipality (not Eskom)				
•	Provisioning of residential sites and				
	registering Lethabo under the				
	Metsimaholo register (Currently				
	privately owned)				
•	Establishment of a sand factory to				
	minimise unemployment				

^{*} All Vaal Park issues are cutting across Ward 14,18 & 22.

NAME OF WARD		23		
WARD POPULATION		6 479		
WARD COUNCILLOR		Manana Bernice Mozolo		
WARD SECTIONS				
STATUS OF WARD COMMITTEE		Established in 2022, trained & functional		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT WORKER		Vacant		
		COMMUNITY ISSUE		
February 2022 (Five Year IDP	Sep	t/Oct. 2022 (1st IDP Review)	Sept.2023 (2 nd IDP Review)	Sept 2024 (3rd IDP Review)
Development)				
 The community sharply emphasized 		rack rezoning process to finalize		
the following Basic Needs as their		ition of sites		
main priorities to be speedily		Electricity directly from Eskom		
addressed in the IDP & Budget:		uct environmental Impact		
•		ssment (Flooding)- Responsive		
Water connections to yards	plan			
Sewer connections to yards	 Yard 	Infills with G5 for water drainage		
Electricity connections to yards				
(preferably directly from Eskom)				
Flush Toilets to curb pit toilets				
Provisioning of a clinic				
Other Issues:				
Provisioning of Schools				
Scholar patrols				
Provisioning of a temporary or a mobile clinic				
Fast track formalization of Mooidraai				
Residential/site permits				
Resolve the issue of unoccupied sites				
Provisioning of RDP houses				
Installation of a traffic light in the main				
/road between Amelia and Mooidraai				
Provisioning of waste collection				
containers				
Grading of roads (skoting & liftstances)				
diflakgeng) to enable scholar				
transport				
Management of storm water drainage Dianting of trans to mitigate the				
Planting of trees to mitigate the				
possibility of disasters Taxi rank				
· raxifatik				

 Taxi operation Police station Tourism development (Stenmpane) Youth employment and local job creation during projects Establish sustainable Public and Private Partnerships for community development (SASOL, Seriti etc.) AMELIA	AMELIA	AMELIA	AMELIA
 RDP houses are needed Provisioning of paved roads with stormwater channels Provisioning of water and sewer connections Clinic Schools 	 Fast track issuing of occupancy/ownership letters for sites Attend to shortage of water in Baipehi section (communal taps (ka skoting section) Grading of sandy road in the main road Need RDP Houses 		
Grading of Roads			

Priority Needs emanating from Business Sector:

The Business Sector remains a strategic partner in the local economic development and economic growth within the Municipal area, as result to this notion, this sector raised the following issues that are developmental and economical challenges that need to be attended in order to provide quality services and allow business to operate under normal circumstances:

TABLE: BUSINESS ISSUES ON IDP:

Issues Raised	Description	
Business Property Rates	 Financial implications on Changing of 3 Business Property Tax Rate to 2 (Heavy, Light, Business) Effects of Property valuation which results in business closure. Unjustifiable Property tax on Farmlands: no services rendered by municipality 	
Business Revitalization	Revitalize Business in Municipal area to promote investments and avoid more business closure	
Service Delivery & Infrastructure Maintenance	Service Delivery and Infrastructure maintenance: Storm water drainage, resurfacing of roads & potholes, street lighting (Naledi, Sasolburg,O/V & D/V)	
Clear Funding Model	Municipality must ensure that project funding model is clear on how it advance the Local Economic Development	

SUMMARY OF PRIORITY ISSUES PER WARD (CROSS-CUTTING ISSUES):

Emanating from the above community needs per Ward, the following issues have been identified as common and cutting across all Wards within Metsimaholo community. The table below will also serve as the basis for prioritization of community needs against the available resources. The needs are not presented in any order of importance but classified in accordance with departmental classification and or service delivery programme:

COMMUNITY NEEDS RAISED	WARDS AFFECTED	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT				
ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE & STORM WATER MANAGEMENT						
Resurfacing and Maintenance of Roads	ALL	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Fix Potholes	ALL	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Paved Roads	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Speed Humps in main roads and nearby schools	3,4,10,11	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Grading of Roads & Internal streets	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Street naming and maintenance of road signs	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Road markings	8,14,15,16,17 & 18	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Storm water channels & Management	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Resurfacing and Maintenance of Roads	ALL	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
	WATER & SANITATION					
Water connections to yards/communal taps(temporarily)	23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Improve measure on delivery of Water tanks	3,5,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Increase water supply/pressure	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,18,19,20,22,21	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Sewer connections to households/Sewer borne system	1,5, 20 & 23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Eradication of Bucket system	20(T/Kubheka)	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Water connections to yards/communal taps(temporarily)	23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
ROADS & STORM WATER MANAGEMENT						
Resurfacing and Maintenance of Roads	ALL	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Fix Potholes	ALL	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Paved Roads	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Grading of Roads & Internal streets	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Street naming and maintenance of road signs	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Road markings	8,14,15,16,17 & 18	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Roads with storm water drainage/channels	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				

Storm water channels & Management	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
ELECTRICITY & ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE						
Electricity connection to households	1 and 20,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Maintenance and or Installation of Street & High Mast lights	ALL	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Solar geysers	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,19,20,21,23	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
Upgrading of electricity supply	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,18,19,20,21,22	Technical Services & Infrastructure Development				
WASTE, ENVIROMENTAL, DISASTER MANAGEMENT & PUBLIC SAFETY						
Establish new Landfill Site	ALL	Social Services				
Air Quality (Pollution)	9,11	Social Services				
Ablution Facilities in graveyards	ALL	Social Services				
Pruning of trees	8,14,15,16,17&18	Social Services				
Grass cutting	ALL	Social Services				
Shortage of Compactor trucks for regular refuse collection	ALL	Social Services				
	PUBLIC SAFETY	I o · · · o ·				
Improve Security to curb Cable Theft	ALL	Social Services				
Security around sub stations	ALL	Social Services				
DISASTER MANAGEMENT						
Proper planning for Disaster and Response Plan (Disaster Grant						
Fund)	ALL	Social Services				
SPORTS AND RECREATIONAL FACILITIES MANAGEMENT						
Establish and Maintain existing Family Parks	ALL	Social Services				
Built Multipurpose Sports Centres	ALL	Social Services				
Provide Sports facilities and maintain existing ones	ALL	Social Services				
HUMAN SETTLEMENT, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TOWN PLANNING						
Need for residential sites for housing development (RDP Houses)	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,18,19,20,21,22,23					
Purchase land for human settlement & Business, Church sites	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,18,19,20,21,22,23	LED, Human Settlement & Town Planning				
Illegal occupancy of land (rezone here possible)	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,18,19,20,21,22,23	LED, Human Settlement & Town Planning				

Fast tracking Formalization of Mooidraai	23	LED, Human Settlement & Town Planning				
Promote Tourism in Municipal area	ALL	LED, Human Settlement & Town Planning				
Unlock tourism potential facilities, esp.in Deneysville and						
Oranjeville	ALL	LED, Human Settlement & Town Planning				
Develop SMMEs and local contractors	ALL	LED, Human Settlement & Town Planning				
Fast track finalization of LED Strategy to unlock opportunities	ALL	LED, Human Settlement & Town Planning				
FINACIAL VIABILITY AND MANAGEMENT						
Improve approval process for IGG applications and timeframes						
thereof	ALL	CFO				
Improve Billing system (accurate billing & meter reading)	ALL	CFO CFO				

Moreover, other identified community priorities were identified not be within the constitutional mandate (core function) and competency of at the municipality competency and as such, are to be elevated to the relevant government sector departments and private or business sector for possible intervention to ensure sustainable development within our municipal area. The issues are as follows:

TABLE: COMMUNITY NEEDS RELATED TO DIFFERENT EXTERNAL STAKEHOLDERS:

COMMUNITY NEEDS RAISED (PRIORITY ISSUES)	SECTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERVENTION
Clinic & level 2 Hospital (Refengkgotso)	Provincial Department of Health
Clinics/Mobile Clinics	Provincial Department of Health
Housing Development / Provision of Housing	Provincial Department of Human Settlement
Incomplete RDP houses	Provincial Department of Human Settlement
Schools	Provincial Department of Education
FET College and or University	Provincial Department of Education
Skills Development Centres	Private and Business Sector/Dept. Of Education
Post Office (Refengkgotso)	National Department of Communication
Taxi Rank	Private and Business Sector
Taxi operation (Mooidraai)	Taxi Industry
Cash ATMs	Banking Sector
Public Libraries with Wi-Fi	Provincial Department of Arts. Sports and
	Recreation
Multi-Purpose Centres & Shopping Complexes	Private and Business Sector
Opening of Sand Mining in Lethabo to increase job	Copper Sons Sand Mining Company & Eskom
creation	
Employment (Job) Opportunities/creation	ALL Stakeholders
Solar Geysers	DMRE

Municipality Economic Development Directorate convened and launched the LED Forum on the 4th of October 2022 wherein amongst others the Terms of Refence were outlined and the following developmental issues were raised:

Priority Needs emanating from LED Forum:

TABLE: ISSUES RAISED DURING LED FORUM

IISUES RAISED	PROPOSALS
Municipal LED Strategy	Municipality to fast-track finalization of
	Strategy
	Municipality to ensure alignment of ETB in its
Economic Transformation Bill	LED Strategy
Unlock Tourism potential of the Municipality (esp.	LED strategy to address the issue and Municipality to move part of LED Unit to
Deneysville & Oranjeville)	Oranjeville with an intent to promote tourism
	and economic development
	Municipality to increase capacity for proper
Town Planning	planning and approval of plans
Economic Indaba	Municipality to look at possibilities of hosting
	Indaba
	Municipality to consult with CoGTA Legal
Lack of By Laws	services to finalize By Laws for enforcement
	Municipality to look at possibilities of establishing partnership with Emfuleni LM to unlock possible economic opportunities and
Vaal River City Development (SEZ)	benefit from this development.
	Explore Aqua-culture for youth economic
Vaal River (Water Resource)	development and economic growth.
Property and Business Management	Municipality to engage with all property
	owners and conduct audit where possible to
	identify ownership and or unoccupied
	buildings

Priority needs emanating from IDP Representatives Forum consultations.

Metsimaholo Local Municipality is highly committed in making sure that stakeholder participation is sufficient within its jurisdiction. It has established and consistently maintaining a sound intergovernmental relations and partnership between both government and private sector. The Executive Mayor has successfully hosted Stakeholders Forum during November 2022 wherein different representatives make presentations, raised issues and submissions from their sectors.

The table below represents deliberations and issues raised during IDP REP FORUM:

ISSUES RAISED DURING IDP REPRESENTATIVE FORUM

PRIMARY HEALTH ISSUES	ISSUES RAISED
	Services at new Clinic
	Undocumented immigrants
	Need Mobile clinics in newly established areas
	(Mooidraai & Amelia, T/Kubheka)
	Ambulance Station at Refengkgotso & Oranjeville
LAND, PROPERTY & AGRICULTURE SECTOR Regulate undocumented & Illegal Immigran	
	Monitor occupancy of Business Properties in
	Sasolburg
	Conduct Land Audit to provide for Farming and
	Agriculture
	Avail Land for Business Development (SMMEs)
	Enforce Bi-Laws for Commonage
	Enforcement of other business-related BI-Laws
	Conduct property ownership audit in CBD.
	Provide Enterprise development and
	support(training)-Industry & Agricultural training
TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	Avail Land for Business Development (SMMEs)
	Unlock Tourism opportunities in Municipality esp.
	in Orangeville and Deneysville
YOUTH DEVELOPMENT	Unlock job and Business opportunities (Youth) Establish Skills Development Centre

Through its internal engagements and prioritization of all issues raised by the community, the Municipality managed to process and package all community challenges through IDP Steering Committee to come with possible interventions to accelerate service delivery and sustainable development.

Furthermore, issues will be elevated to relevant external stakeholders with intent to lobby and solicit funding or any possible intervention.

SECTION G: STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Introduction

Section 26 (a) of the Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) provides for the recognition and inclusion of the Municipal Council's vision with special emphasis on the critical development and internal transformation needs. The municipality's developmental strategy phase focuses on the future through the setting of objectives and appropriate strategies to achieve these objectives.

This section therefore covers the strategic objectives identified to achieve the set goals of the municipality. In line with the mandate accorded to it in terms of section 152 of the Constitution, it is a requirement that the IDP of the municipality should reflect its development priorities and strategic objectives in line with section 26 of Municipal Systems Act.

Therefore, the developmental priorities and objectives as espoused in this IDP, are directly linked to a specific developmental needs and objectives which must be measured in the organizational Performance Management System (PMS) and give effect to Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) indicators and targets.

Strategic Outcome Oriented Goals of the Municipality

In realization of the need to improve on overall institutional performance and sustainable service delivery, the municipality has adopted the following five goals as its Strategic Oriented Outcome Goals (SOOG) for the purpose of driving pursuing development over the current term of Council. SOOGs are the outcome indicators which serve as the basis of what the municipality needs to achieve over short to medium term. These are the foundation for sustainable service delivery, fully aligned with the 5 KPAs for local Government and the 2021 Local Government Indicators reporting initiative which will inform the basis for strategic objectives of the municipality.

For relevance and ensuring that the municipality remains on course to fulfill its constitutional mandate, these goals are drawn from the objects of local government as outlined in section 152 of the Constitution and are as follows:

- to provide democratic and accountable government for local communities.
- to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- to promote social and economic development.
- to promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- to encourage the involvement of communities and community organisations in the matters of local government.

The table below provides an overview of these SOOGs and their defining statements. These SOOGs focus broadly on the municipality, while the strategic objectives that will follow later focuses on each of the municipality's main service-delivery areas and are aligned to the budget.

TABLE: STRATEGIC OUTCOME ORIENTED GOALS OF THE MUNICIPALITY

Goal	Strategic Outcome Oriented Goal	Goal Statement
Nr.	Description	
1	To provide democratic and	This goal is about ensuring that the municipality is well governed and
	accountable government for local	demonstrate good governance and administration, including sound
	communities.	financial management, prudent manage of resources, hiring
		competent staff, ensure transparency and accountability.
2	To ensure the provision of services	This goal is about creating conditions for decent living by consistently
	to communities in a sustainable	delivering municipal services to the right quality and standard. This
	manner.	includes planning for and delivery of infrastructure and amenities,
		maintenance and upkeep, including the budgeting to do this. Ensure
		no failures in services and where there are, restore with urgency.
3	To promote social and economic	This goal is about putting measure in place to create an enabling
	development.	environment for local economic development to stimulate
		competitive, inclusive and sustainable economies and integrating
		and densifying our communities to improve sustainability.
4	To promote a safe and healthy	This goal is about creating safe, healthy and economically
	environment.	sustainable areas where citizens and people can work, live and
		socialize.
5	To encourage the involvement of	This goal is about improving transparency, accountability and regular
	communities and community	engagements with communities by ensuring that governance
	organisations in the matters of	structures are functional and meet regularly and implement
	local government.	responsive and accountable processes to communities. It is also
		about putting people and their concerns first and ensure constant
		contact with communities through effective public participation
		platforms.

The following directorate / departments and their respective functional units as outlined below will be responsible for realisation of the strategic oriented outcome goals, objectives, indicators, and targets as outlined in this plan:

DIRECTORATE / DEPARTMENT 3			
	FINANCE		
STRATEGIC OVERVIEW	This programme is responsible for performing various financial management		
	functions of the municipality including budgeting management and reporting,		
	financial accounting, financial analysis, cash management, debt management,		
	supply chain management, and also to advise the Accounting Officer and other		
	officials of the municipality in discharging their respective financial management		
	duties assigned to them in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act.		
DEPARTMENTS/DIVISIONS	This programme consists of the following divisions:		
	Income / Revenue Management;		
	Expenditure Management;		
	Budget & Statements; and		
	Supply Chain Management		

DIRECTORATE / DEPARTMENT 4		
	TECHNICAL & INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES	
STRATEGIC OVERVIEW	This programme is responsible for erection, maintenance and repairs of municipal	
	infrastructure and well as management of services distribution networks within the	
	municipality's areas of supply.	
DEPARTMENTS/DIVISIONS	This programme consists of the following divisions:	
	Civil Engineering;	
	Electrical & Mechanical Engineering; and	
	Project Management.	

DIRECTORATE / DEPARTMENT 5			
	SOCIAL SERVICES		
STRATEGIC OVERVIEW	This programme is responsible for provision of social services to the community		
	such as libraries, parks, cemeteries, public safety, etc. The main objective of this		
	programme is to ensure that members of the community receive easily accessible,		
	uninterrupted and quality social services.		
DEPARTMENTS/DIVISIONS	This programme is divided into three main divisions, namely:		
	Waste Management.		
	Parks and Recreation; and		

	Public Safety
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DIRECTORATE / DEPARTMENT 6	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING & URBAN PLANNING	
STRATEGIC OVERVIEW	This programme is responsible for local economic development, housing and urban	
	planning programs and initiatives of the municipality.	
DEPARTMENTS/DIVISIONS	This programme is divided into four main divisions, namely:	
	Tourism, Marketing & Heritage;	
	Local Economic Development;	
	Housing; and	
	Town Planning.	

Key Performance Area (KPA) Based Strategic Objectives

This section covers the strategic objectives identified to achieve the set goals. These strategic objectives are related to and discussed within the context of the approved budget and are aligned to the Strategic Oriented Goals above as well as various Outputs of Outcome 9 Delivery Agreement.

These strategic objectives clearly indicate what the municipality intends doing (or producing) to achieve its strategic outcomes-oriented goals. Each strategic objective is aligned with goals that are stated as performance statements that are SMART and allows for setting of performance targets the municipality can achieve by the end of the period of the IDP. These strategic objectives span for a period of five years commencing on Maximize on the tourism potential of the municipality, while the performance targets set in relation to those strategic objectives in the SDBIP must cover the present budget year.

In line with the IDP Framework Guide, these strategic objectives, and goals below are presented in line with 5 KPA's of the 5 Year Local Government Strategic Agenda as outlined in the Municipal Performance Regulations for Municipal Manager and Managers Accountable to the Municipal Manager of 2006 as follows:

KPA1: Basic Service Delivery and Infrastructure Investment

KPA2: Local Economic Development

KPA3: Financial Viability and Financial Management

KPA4: Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development

KPA5: Good Governance and Community Participation

Alignment of Annual Budget with IDP

The Constitution mandates local government with the responsibility to exercise local developmental and cooperative governance. The eradication of imbalances in South African society can only be realised through a credible integrated developmental planning process.

Municipalities in South Africa need to utilise integrated development planning as a method to plan future development in their areas and so find the best solutions to achieve sound long-term development goals. A municipal IDP provides a five-year strategic programme of action aimed at setting short, medium and long term strategic and budget priorities to create a development platform, which correlates with the term of office of the political incumbents.

The plan aligns the resources and the capacity of a municipality to its overall development aims and guides the municipal budget. An IDP is therefore a key instrument which municipalities use to provide vision, leadership and direction to all those that have a role to play in the development of a municipal area. The IDP enables municipalities to make the best use of scarce resources and speed up service delivery.

Integrated developmental planning in the South African context is amongst others, an approach to planning aimed at involving the municipality and the community to jointly find the best solutions towards sustainable development. Furthermore, integrated development planning provides a strategic environment for managing and guiding all planning, development and decision making in the municipality.

It is important that the IDP developed by municipalities correlate with National and Provincial intent. It must aim to co-ordinate the work of local and other spheres of government in a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in that area. Applied to the Municipality, issues of national and provincial importance should be reflected in the IDP of the municipality. A clear understanding of such intent is therefore imperative to ensure that the Municipality strategically complies with the key national and provincial priorities.

The aim of this IDP compilation process was to develop and coordinate a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in the area, also reflecting issues of national and provincial importance. One of the key objectives is therefore to ensure that there exists alignment between national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies and the Municipality's response to these requirements.

The national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies of importance include amongst others:

- Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Green Paper on National Strategic Planning of 2009;
- National Development Plan (Vision 2030);
- The New Growth Path (2010);
- Development Facilitation Act of 1995;
- Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (PGDS);
- National and Provincial spatial development perspectives;
- Relevant sector plans, legislation and policy;
- National Key Performance Indicators (NKPIs);

- National Spatial Development Perspective (NSDP) and
- The National Priority Outcomes.
- Batho Pele Principles
- Local Government Indicators Reporting Circular 88
- Fezile Dabi District Development Model (FDDM)

The Constitution requires local government to relate its management, budgeting and planning functions to its objectives. This gives a clear indication of the intended purposes of municipal integrated development planning. Legislation stipulates clearly that a municipality must not only give effect to its IDP but must also conduct its affairs in a manner which is consistent with its IDP. The following table highlights the IDP's five strategic objectives for the 2023/24 MTREF and further planning refinements that have directly informed the compilation of the budget.

To ensure integrated and focused service delivery between all spheres of government it was important for the municipality to align its budget priorities with that of national and provincial government. All spheres of government place a high priority on infrastructure development, economic development and job creation, efficient service delivery, poverty alleviation and building sound institutional arrangements.

The municipality has through its public participation processes ensured that the Municipal Strategic Priorities were unpacked by developing key performance areas (KPAs), programmes, objectives, key performance indicators (KPIs) and targets for each of the KPAs and programmes.

The objectives, indicators and targets have been aligned to the Provincial Priority Outputs, where possible and will form the basis for the development of the municipality's Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) and Annual Performance Plans of Senior Management for the 2023/24 Financial year.

The table below provides a summary of the strategic priorities, KPAs and programmes, as 2023/24:

TABLE: MUNICIPAL STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	PROGRAMMES
Ensure Municipality broadly delivers Service according to		PROGRAMME: WATER SERVICES
strategic orientation based on Key Sector Plans	KPA1: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY AND	PROGRAMME: SANITATION & WASTEWATER
	INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT	PROGRAMME: ELECTRICITY & ENERGY SERVICE
		PROGRAMME: ROADS & STORM WATER
Ensure universal access to		PROGRAMME: PROJECT MANAGEMENT
reliable and quality Basic Municipal Services by all		
Communities		

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	PROGRAMMES
To build Environmental		
sustainability and resilience		DDOOD AANNE (UEALTIL & OLEANOINO)
To promote and ensure social		PROGRAMME: (HEALTH & CLEANSING) WASTE MANAGEMENT
cohesion and nation building		
		PROGRAMME: PARKS AND RECREATIONAL FACILITIES
To promote and ensure community safety and social		PROGRAMME: DISASTER MANAGEMENT
protection		PROGRAMME: FIRE SERVICES
		PROGRAMME: TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT
		PROGRAMME: BY LAWS ENFORCEMENT
Create conducive environment for improving local economic		
development		PROGRAMME: LOCAL ECONOMIC
Use Municipality's buying power		DEVELOPMENT
to advance economic empowerment of SMMEs &		
Cooperatives		
To promote integrated and	KPA2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	PROGRAMME: HOUSING AND HUMAN
sustainable human settlements		SETTLEMENT
and increasing the supply of housing opportunities		
To implement the projects that		PROGRAMME: TOWN PLANNING
ensure the Spatial and Economic		PROGRAMME. TOWN FLANNING
Integration		
To Mavinsino on the Tourism		PROGRAMME: TOURISM & MARKETING
To Maximize on the Tourism potential of the Municipality		PROGRAMME: TOURISM & MARKETING
To improve Municipality's financial planning, revenue collection,	KPA 3: FINANCIAL VIABILITY AND FINANCIAL	PROGRAMME: INCOME/REVENUE MANAGEMENT
expenditure and reporting	MANAGEMENT	-
capability		PROGRAMME: BUDGET & FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
		PROGRAMME: ASSET MANAGEMENT
		PROGRAMME: EXPENDITURE MANAGEMENT
		DDOOD AMME OURDING COLORS
		PROGRAMME: SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT
		THOUSANDIE. GOT ET GITAIN MANAGEMENT

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	PROGRAMMES
To Improve administrative capability of Municipality	KPA 4: MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	PROGRAMME: INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT
To capacitate and empower workforce		PROGRAMME: HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT
To promote occupational health and safety environment for all employees		PROGRAMME: OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH & SAFETY
To ensure sound Labour Relations so as to minimize Labour disputes and disruptions		PROGRAMME: LABOUR RELATIONS
To improve administrative capability of Municipality		PROGRAMME: RECORDS MANAGEMENT SERVICES
To promote Legal compliance so as to minimize litigations and Lawsuits		PROGRAMME: LEGAL SERVICES
To ensure that there is a coherent approach in a Municipality in dealing with pandemics (incl. HIV/AIDS, Covid 19, TB & GBV) To ensure that there are outreach	KPA 5: GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION	PROGRAMME: SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
programmes aimed at vulnerable groups (women, children & disabled)		
To implement programmes aimed at Youth development		PROGRMME: YOUTH DEVELOPMENT
Ensure Transparency, Accountability and regular engagements with communities and stakeholders		PROGRAMME: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
Ensure that Ward Committees are functional and interact with communities regularly		
To provide continuous political support on matters affecting management and stability.		PROGRAMME: COUNCIL MANAGEMENT (WHIPERY)
Ensure that all Council Committees (S80) sit regularly and process items for Council decisions		PROGRAMME: COUNCIL SUPPORT
To provide continuous strategic support on organisational goals and performance		

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	PROGRAMMES
To ensure legally compliant and credible IDP		PROGRAMME: INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLANNING
To improve the administrative		PROGRAMME: PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT
capability of Municipality/		
		PROGRAMME: INTERNAL AUDIT
To build compliance culture on Municipal applicable prescripts		PROGRAMME: COMPLIANCE
To build a risk conscious culture within the organization		PROGRAMME: RISK MANAGEMENT
		PROGRAMME: INFORMATION
To improve the administrative capability of Municipality/		COMMUNICATION AND TECHNOLOGY
to promote IGR and effective communication channels with relevant stakeholders		PROGRAMME: COMMUNICATIONS
To ensure safety and security of Municipal assets/property		PROGRAMME: SECURITY MANAGEMENT

In line with the MSA, the IDP constitutes a single, inclusive strategic plan for the Municipality. The five-year programme responds to the development challenges and opportunities faced by the municipality by identifying the key performance areas to achieve the five the strategic priorities mentioned above.

Lessons learned with previous IDP revision and planning cycles as well as changing environments were taken into consideration in the compilation of this 2023/24 IDP, including:

- Strengthening the analysis and strategic planning processes of the Municipality.
- Ensuring better coordination through a programmatic approach and attempting to focus the budgeting process through planning interventions; and
- Strengthening performance management and monitoring systems in ensuring the objectives and deliverables are achieved.

The 2023/24 MTREF has therefore been directly informed by the IDP compilation process and the following tables provide a reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and operating revenue, operating expenditure, and capital expenditure.

The Municipal strategic planning session outcomes:

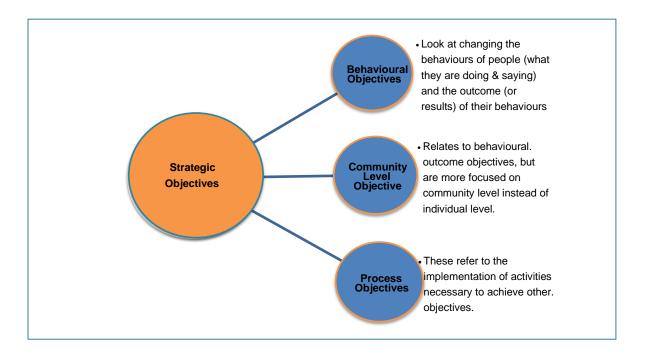
The Municipality hosted a Strategic session with an intent to review progress on the set targets for the financial year 2023/24. This process marked a first review of the current Five-Year IDP and aimed at compiling the 2023/2024 Reviewed IDP.

The Commissions were divided and classified in accordance with Local Government Five (5) KPAs wherein each commission reviewed a progress thus far and developed strategies with an action plan that will serve as a turnaround strategy to fastrack service delivery and realization of the Municipal IDP.

Principles underpinning our strategies and objectives:

Based on our mission and visions, strengths and weaknesses, we developed specific objectives and strategies that are focused on achieving our mission. Our objectives generally lay out how much of what will be accomplished and by when, and these objectives cover the three basic types as follows:

FIGURE: TYPES OF STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES WE ADOPTED



Action Plan:

The action plan is the last phase of the strategic planning process and of this report. It describes what change will happen, who will do what by when to make it happen. It describes what (i.e. strategies) will be implemented to accomplish the objectives developed. The action plan refers to the following two distinctive elements:

- a) specific changes to be sought, and
- b) the specific action steps necessary to bring about changes.

The action steps developed for each component of the initiatives or changes required include the following:

- Action step(s): What will happen.
- Person(s) responsible: Who will do what.
- Date to be completed: Timing of each action step.
- Resources required: Resources and support (both what is needed and what's available)
- Barriers or risks, and a plan to overcome them: What is likely to threaten our planned achievements and what will be done to avoid or overcome those threats
- Collaborators: Who else should know about this action

The plan will then have to be incorporated and aligned into the long-term strategic plan document of the municipality (i.e. the IDP), the annual implementation plan (i.e. the SDBIP) and so that it can then be resourced (i.e. aligned with the Budget), implemented, monitored and evaluated throughout the financial year until finally reported on in the municipality's annual report. The table below represents the Action Plan developed by the 2022 Strategic Planning session:

KPA 1: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY & INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT

		KPA 1: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY & INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT							
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborator s		
1	Lack of fleet and fleet	To ensure fully functional fleet	Recruitment and appointment of skilled fleet	31/03/2023	Financial	Director: CS	Director: T&IS		
	management.	management unit.	management staff.				Director: SS		
			Procurement of adequate spares at stores for	<mark>/202</mark> 28/02/2023	Financial		CFO		
			repairs.						
			Strengthening security at stores.	28/02/2023	Financial	Director: T&IS	Entire SMT		
			Replacement of obsolete fleet. Outsourcing of	28/02/2023	Financial	Director: SS	CFO		
			specialised mechanical work.						
2	Shortage of personnel and	To ensure skilled and	Recruit (external and internal) of suitably qualified	31/03/2023	Financial	Director: CS	Director: T&IS		
	staff capacity.	competent labour	personnel and develop internal staff – employee				Director: SS		
			retention						
			Support job evaluation initiatives in order to support	30/06/2023	None	Director: T&IS	Entire SMT		
			appropriate placement of staff in the right positions.			Director: SS			
			Support the approval of the organogram in order to	Ongoing	None	Director: T&IS	Entire SMT		
			ensure provision of adequate staff.			Director: SS			
3	Inadequate financial	To utilise available resources	Implement regulated O&M budget for critical M&R.	30/06/2023	None	Director: T&IS	CFO		
	resources.	efficiently.	Proper planning on procurement plan and budget submissions.	31/03/2023	None	Director: SS			

		KPA 1: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY & INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT							
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborator s		
4	Continuous mechanical breakdown of fleet and machinery.	To implement scheduled and preventative maintenance.	Develop and implement maintenance plans.	Ongoing	None	Director: T&IS Director: SS	CFO		
5	Theft/Loss of equipment and tools.	To ensure prevention of theft/loss of equipment and tools.	Implement control measures at stores, including – security systems.	30/06/2024	Financial	Director: T&IS Director: SS	CFO		
6	Aging Infrastructure	To ensure uninterrupted and sustainable service delivery.	Develop and implement infrastructure maintenance, provision and replacement plan.	30/06/2023	Financial	Director: T&IS	Director: SS CFO		
			Maximise expenditure of MIG in order to speed up infrastructure programmes.	30/06/2024	None	Director: T&IS	CFO		
7	Distribution losses	To eliminate technical distribution losses.	Upgrade existing bulk distribution infrastructure. Install meters (water & electricity) to measure and account for own consumption.	30/06/2023 Ongoing	Financial Financial	Director: T&IS	CFO		
			 Installation of energy saving lights for own building and street lights. Installation of zonal distribution meters. 	Ongoing – Multiyear budget funding 30/06/2024	Financial Financial				
8	Cable theft.	To prevent cable theft.	Implement security measures at all our vulnerable infrastructure.	30/06/2023	Financial	Director: T&IS	CFO		

KPA 2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

	KPA 2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT								
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborator s		
1	Revival of LED.	To review and formulate LED strategy in order to give effect to LED initiatives.	Conduct extensive public participation in order to gather public inputs to inform the strategy.	30 June 2023(Final strategy to be adopted by Council)	None	Director: EDH&P	Entire SMT		
2	Eradicate Illegal businesses.	To protect legal and compliant local businesses and entrepreneurs.	 Form partnership with various municipal and government departments to monitor business functions and the compliance thereof. Review municipal by-laws particularly that respond to business functions and enforce monitoring and compliance. 	On going Ongoing	None Financial	Director: EDH&P	Entire SMT, Police & Other External Stakeholders		
			Ensure relevant business permits applications are expedited and processed	30 March 2023	Human				
3	Stimulate local economy.	To provide dedicated support to small scale businesses.	Facilitate SMME business hubs in all townships.	Ongoing	None	Director: EDH&P	Entire SMT, Community		
			Provide support to formalize informal business trading.	Ongoing	None				
4	Agricultural development	To support hydroponic projects and agricultural infrastructure.	Facilitate support of subsistence farmers through various SLP initiatives that are available.	Ongoing with partnerships with the Dept of Agriculture/Seriti	None	Director: EDH&P	Entire SMT, Community		

			KPA 2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPM	MENT			
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborator s
				Mine/Cooper Sunset Mine			
5	Implement impactful LED	Revive tourism in both	Initiate investment summit to attract investments.	22 November	Financial	Director: EDH&P	Entire SMT,
	projects.	Oranjeville and Deneysville.		2022(Quarterly			Community
				basis)			
			Form a partnership with private sector to enhance	Ongoing	None		
			tourism opportunities.				
			Develop and implement tourism strategy.	30 June 2023	Financial		
				(Final draft to be			
				adopted by			
				Council)			
			Erect tourism signage to create public awareness	30 March	Financial		
			and for directions.	2022(Depending			
				on SCM)			O. 17
6	Support and strengthen local	To empower local businesses.	Influence municipal SCM policies to accommodate	30 June 2023 Part	None	Director: EDH&P	Entire SMT,
	procurement.		and promote local procurement.	of the LED			Local
				Strategy			Businesses
			Introduce programs such as contractor development		None		
			in conjunction relevant departments.				
			Facilitate the strengthening relationship between	Ongoing (LED	None		
			local business community and big business.	Forum on a			
				quarterly basis)			
			Facilitate and ensure business incubation to assist	Already adopted in	None		
L			and capacitate small business owners.	our KPIs		_	

	KPA 2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT							
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period /	Additional Resources	Responsible Person	Collaborator	
				Date of	Required to implement		s	
				Completion				
7	Review SDF document.	To facilitate spatial	Conduct extensive public participation in order to	30 June	None	Director: EDH&P	Entire SMT,	
		development and integration	gather public inputs to inform the framework.	2023(Depending			Community	
		that stimulates local economic		on SCM				
		development and investment.		processes)				

Metsimaholo Local Mi	unicipality: 2023/2024 Ir	ntegrated Development F	Plan (IDP)
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KPA 3: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT & VIABILITY

			KPA 3: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT & VIAI	BILITY			
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborators
1	Billing System	To improve billing accuracy.	Improve meter reading and publish meter reading schedule,	31 January 2023	None	CFO	Director: TS&I Director: CS
			Provide training and staff development	30 June 2023	Financial		Community
			Introduce electronic meter reading (gadget) monitoring and performance	30 June 2023	Financial		
			Use GIS mapping for all accounts.	30 June 2023	Financial		
			Create a revenue protection unit (include electricians and plumbers)	30 June 2023	Financial & Human		
2	Data purification and indigent	To address inaccurate and	Explore online indigent application	01 July 2023	None	CFO	Entire SMT,
	management.	incomplete customer information.	Amend policy to accommodate caretakers, installation of meter restriction for indigent.	30 May 2023	None		Community
3	Poor communication with customers.	To improve communication and customer care through efficient communication plan and strategy.	To improve communication and customer care through efficient communication plan and strategy.	30 March 2023	None	CFO	Entire SMT, Community
4	Distribution losses.	To eliminate technical distribution losses.	Conduct audit of meters (water & electricity) at end user point for any possible illegal connections.	01 April 2023	Financial & Human	CFO	Entire SMT, Community
5	Lack of payment points.	To make payments of accounts convenient and easily accessible.	Expansion of payment platforms such as EFT, Easy Pay, etc	01 April 2023	Financial	CFO	Entire SMT, Community

	KPA 3: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT & VIABILITY							
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborators	
6	Stagnant revenue base.	To expand revenue base.	Explore revenue source such as billboards, surcharge for	30 May 2023	None	CFO	Entire SMT,	
			dumping site (weight bridge),				Community	
			Use targeted law enforcement measures (by-laws) against	01 April 2023	None			
			those who do illegal connections.					
			Collaborate with Planning Division on land release	30 May 2023	None			
			programme to attract investment.					
7	Unrealistic Budget	To set realistic and attainable	Full review and adjustment of the budget in line with	28 February 2023	None	CFO	Entire SMT	
		budget forecasts.	National Treasury guidelines.					

KPA 4: MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION & INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

			KPA 4: MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION & INSTITUTION	NAL DEVELOPMENT			
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborators
1	High vacancy rate and	To reduce high vacancy rate	Approve the revised organisational structure.	30/06/2023	None	Director: CS	Entire SMT
	shortage of staff	by rectifying and reviewing municipal structure as per	Finalize a list of critical vacancies at LLF meeting	08/12/2022	None		
		requirements of staff	Identify and fill critical vacancies	30/03/2023	None		
	regula	regulations.	Fast track the process of job descriptions and evaluation.	30/06/2022	None		
2	Dysfunctional LLF	To ensure continuous	Adhere to the approved schedule of meetings	31/01/2023	None	Director: CS	Entire SMT
		consultation with organised	Capacitation of LLF members	30/06/2023	Financial		Organised
		labour through LLF.	Adherence to collective agreement.	31/01/2023	None		Labour
3	Office space.	To provide for sufficient office space.	Conduct feasibility study on smart office principle, including working from home.	30/06/2023	None	Director: CS	Entire SMT
			Explore other alternative options for office accommodation	30/06/2023	None		
4	Workplace Skills Plan	To review the WPSP in order	Consult employees on their skills development need	30/04/2023	None	Director: CS	Entire SMT
	(WPSP).	to respond to existing skills	in order to inform the WPSP review.				Organised
		gaps.	Conduct skills audit.	30/06/2023	Financial		Labour
5	Employment Equity Planning.	To redress the current	Review the municipality's recruitment and retention	30/03/2023	None	Director: CS	Entire SMT
		disparities within the	policy.				

	KPA 4: MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION & INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT							
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborators	
		municipality's organisational structure.		Completion			Organised Labour	
6	New Municipal Staff Regulations	To ensure full compliance and implementation.	Mobilise all stakeholders including labour through LLF.	31/06/2023	None			

Metsimaholo Local Mi	unicipality: 2023/2024 Ir	ntegrated Development F	Plan (IDP)
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KPA 5: GOOD GOVERNANCE & PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

			KPA 5: GOOD GOVERNANCE & PUBLIC PA	ARTICIPATION			
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborato rs
1	Qualified audit opinion.	To obtain clean audit	To identify qualification items and monitor implementation of corrective measures through audit action plan.		None	Municipal Manager	Entire SMT
			 To improve compliance to laws and regulations. To appoint Compliance Officer 		None Financial		
			To develop and monitor compliance check list for regular and continuous monitoring of compliance.		None		
			To implement Internal Audit and Audit Committee recommendations		None		
			To strengthen oversight.		None		
2	Ineffective public	To improve overall public	Conduct Community satisfaction survey.		None	Municipal Manager	Entire SMT
	engagements (participation	engagements.	Resuscitate the Ward Committee Forums to be functional.		None		

			KPA 5: GOOD GOVERNANCE & PUBLIC P.	ARTICIPATION			
	Priority Issue:	Objective	Strategies	Target Period / Date of Completion	Additional Resources Required to implement	Responsible Person	Collaborato rs
	and public programmes processes)						
3	Lack of performance	To cascade performance	Procurement of the integrated PMS system.	30/06/2023	Financial	Municipal Manager	Entire SMT
	management for all the	management to lower	Signing of performance agreements (all		None		
	staff.	occupational levels.	employees)	01/07/2023			
4	Non-implementation of	To improve implementation	Develop and implement a tracking system of		Financial	Municipal Manager	Entire SMT
	Council resolutions and	of Council resolutions and	Council resolutions.	01/02/2023			
	approved policies.	policies.	Implement Integrated Document Management system (IDMS).		Financial		
5	High levels of litigation and	To raduce litigations and	, ,		None	Municipal Manager	Entire SMT
5	High levels of litigation and	To reduce litigations and	Litigation strategy to be developed.		None	Municipal Manager	Elitile Sivi i
	lack of consequence management.	strengthen accountability.	Adherence to disciplinary policies and procedures.		None		
6	Ineffective	To strengthen IGR through	Develop terms of reference for IGR Local		None	Municipal Manager	Entire SMT
	Intergovernmental	District Development Model	Forums.				
	Relations (IGR).	(DDM).					

Implementation methodology of the Plan:

To ensure that both programmatic and project specific sustainability is developed and maintained through this action plan model, the following will need to be committed to.

- a) Agreed upon objectives and strategies must be budgeted for and implemented:
- b) Where appropriate, any external support necessary to improve institutional capacity should be diligently sourced in order to ensure sustainable service delivery;
- c) Where own financial resource capacity challenges are envisaged, develop other alternative means to fund the action plan.

Measuring the Action Plan:

The municipality has a Performance Management System (PMS). The PMS is therefore one of the instruments that can be used to measure performance against the strategic planning action plan.

Through the current IDP review process, the objectives and strategies of the strategic planning session as contained in this report set out realistic and measurable targets that need to be integrated into other complementing municipal core processes, like the Budget, PMS and SDBIP.

The operational plans of each department should ultimately incorporate the objectives and strategies of this report which, if properly aligned, will form and integral part of the IDP's broader service delivery objectives, which will be linked to the SDBIP. These operational plans will be used in the development of reviewed performance agreements for management which include the Municipal Manager and Managers directly accountable to him.

Risks associated with the implementation of the Plan:

There are a number risks associated with implementation of strategies which will need to be taken into account and mitigating actions will need considered in order to ensure that these risks do not derail the implementation of the strategy. These include, but are not limited to:

- Lack of / Non funding of the Action Plan.
- Poor communication with stakeholders.
- Poor coordination across functions.
- Insufficient definition of key implementation tasks and activities.
- Insufficient capabilities of employees involved in implementation.
- Resistance to change.
- Misalignment off the organisational structure.
- · Lack of active and consistent oversight.

A process to manage and review risks on a regular and on-going basis is critical to ensure the successful implementation of the action plan. In addition to the risks already mentioned above, there are several risks that will have a direct impact on the proposed initiatives. These risks, as well as their impact and potential mitigating factors are detailed on the table below.

Risk	Impact	Mitigation
Ineffective staff	High	Adequate training and supervision
Delays filling critical vacancies	Medium	Speed up recruitment processes
Budgetary constraints	High	Stakeholder engagement
Union and staff buy-in	Low	Union engagement framework
Change in political leadership of Council	High	Stakeholder engagement
Public buy-in	Low	Stakeholder engagement
Political interference	Medium	Stakeholder engagement

Strategic Objectives: IDP, Annual Budget and SDBIP - internal departments

These below strategic objectives clearly indicate what the municipality intends doing (or producing) to achieve its strategic outcomes-oriented goals. Each strategic objective is aligned with goals that are stated as performance statements that are SMART and allows for setting of performance targets the municipality can achieve by the end of the period of the IDP. These strategic objectives span for a period of five years (2023/24-2026/27), while the performance targets set in relation to those strategic objectives in the SDBIP must cover the present budget year.

These strategic objectives are related to and discussed within the context of the approved budget and are aligned to the Strategic Oriented Goals above as well as various Outputs of Outcome 9 Delivery Agreement. To ensure further alignment with annual implementation plans (SDBIP), the priority needs / programmes and projects are packaged according to the 5 KPA's of Local Government as follows:

- KPA1: Basic Service Delivery and Infrastructure Development.
- KPA2: Local Economic Development.
- KPA3: Financial Viability and Financial Management.
- KPA4: Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development.
- KPA5: Good Governance and Community Participation

KPA 1: FIVE-YEAR 2022/23-2026/27 DELIVERABLES TECHNICAL SERVICES

KPA 1		BASIC SERVICES	AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT		
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE		TECHNICAL SERV	ICES		
Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Target
Water Services	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	Ensure that the municipality broadly delivers service according to the strategic orientation based on key sector plans		Coordination and facilitation of Development of WSDP	Development of WSDP and Annually Reviewed
			1.2 Sewer Master Plan Developed	Coordination and facilitation of Development of Sewer Master Plan	Development of Sewer Master Plan
			1.3 Number of Conventional water meters replaced with prepaid meters in all the identified areas.	•	5000 Conventional water meters replaced with prepaid meters in all the identified areas.
		Ensure universal access to reliable and quality basic Municipal services by all communities		Coordination of replacement of obsolete asbestos/old water pipes replaced	21 kms of asbestos/old water pipes replaced
			1.5 % Minimization of Water distribution losses	Facilitation of minimizing water distribution losses	Water distribution loss minimized to 30%
			1.6 % Compliance with Blue Drop Water Quality accreditation system	Coordination of compliance with Blue Drop water quality	99% Compliance with Blue Drop Water Quality accreditation system (AG reporting concern)

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Target
			1.7 Number of new water connections to communal or public facilities (Circular 88 Indicators)	Facilitation and coordination of Water provision	20 new water connections to communal (taps) or public facilities
		Ensure universal access to reliable	1.8 Number of new water connection to piped water(tap): Mooidraai. (Circular 88 Indicators)	Facilitation and coordination of Water provision	6 333 new water connection to piped water(tap): 3 333Mooidraai & 3000 Wonderfontein
Sanitation & Wastewater	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	and quality basic Municipal services by all communities.	1.9 Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan developed and submitted to Council for approval	Facilitation and Coordination of development of WSMP	Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval
			1.10 Number of sewer connections to consumer units installed (Gortin) Circular 88 Indicators)	Coordination of sewer connections	6037 sewer connections to consumer units installed 2962(Moodraai)
			1.11 % of call outs responded to within 24 hours (Circular 88 Indicators)	Responsive coordination to call outs	100% call outs responded to within 24 hours
			1.12 % Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system	Coordination of compliance with Blue Green water quality	100% Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system
			1.13 Number of reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled	Coordination and facilitation for compilation of maintenance reports on water and sanitation	20 reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled
		Ensure that the municipality broadly delivers service according to the strategic orientation based on key sector plans	1.14 IEP Plans developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of development of Sector Plans (IEP&AQMP)	Development and annually review of Integrated Energy Plan submitted to council for approval
		Ensure universal access to reliable and quality basic Municipal services by all communities	1.15 Number of households Electricity connections installed (Circular 88 Indicators)	Provide Energy supply to all households	4962 Electricity House connections installed in (2000) Themba Kubheka & Mooidraai (2962)
Electricity & Energy Services		,	1.16 % of Electricity distribution losses minimized	Provide Energy supply to all households	100 % of Electricity distribution losses minimized to 20%

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Target
	Basic Services & Infrastructure				
	Development		1.17 Number of High mast lights erected	Provision of public lighting through erection of High mast lights	25 High Mast Lights Erected
			1.18 Number of reports on maintenance of electricity infrastructure compiled	Coordination and Facilitation of Infrastructure maintenance	20 reports on maintenance of electricity infrastructure compiled
Roads & Stormwater			1.19 Number of m ² of roads resealed/repaired (Circular 88 Indicators)	Road Maintenance	35 000 m² (7000m² per year) of roads resealed/repaired
			1.20 Number of kms gravel roads graded (Circular 88 Indicators)	Road Maintenance	100 kms gravel roads graded
			1.21 Number of potholes repaired (new)	Road Maintenance	20 000 of m ²
			1.22 Number of reports on maintenance of roads and stormwater drainage system infrastructure compiled	Facilitation and coordination for compilation of maintenance reports on roads & stormwater	20 reports on maintenance of roads and stormwater drainage system infrastructure compiled
Project Management Unit	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development		1.23 Number of New Capital Projects for which funding is source (MIG, DoE, DWS, INEP)	Sourcing funds for Capital Projects	15 New Capital Projects for which funding is source (MIG, DoE, DWS, INEP)
		Ensure universal access to reliable and quality basic Municipal services by all communities	1.24 % in spending of Grants as per DoRA requirements	Grants spending	100% in spending of Grants as per DoRA requirements
			1.25 Number of kms of new municipal roads built Circular 88 Indicators)	Construction of roads	21 kms of new municipal roads built
			1.26 Number of kms of storm water drainage constructed	Construction of storm water drainage	21 Kms of storm water drainage constructed
			1.27 Number of progress reports submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects submitted to Council	Monitoring of Grants spending	20 progress reports submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects submitted to Council

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Target
			1.28 Number of Business Plans developed and submitted (NEW)	Project Management	10 Business Plans developed and submitted (NEW)
		Town and Urban Planning	1.29 % of approved building plans comments within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2) (NEW)	Facilitation of approval of Building Plans	100% % of approved building plans comments within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2) (NEW)
			1.30 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Financial management	1.31 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	1.32 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained
		Demand Management Plan	1.33 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM	Coordination and Facilitation on development of Procurement Plan	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM
		Contract Management	1.34 % of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	services	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services

2023/2024 KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS, STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS PER DEPARTMENT TECHNICAL SERICES

KPA 1					BASIC SERVICES AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT								
OFFICE/DIREC	TORATE				TECHNIC	CAL SERVICES							
1 Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performan Indicators		Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	Annual Target 2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Water Services	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	Ensure that the municipality broadly delivers service according to the strategic orientation based on key sector plans		1.1 developed, annually r and subm Council approval	reviewed nitted to	Development	Approved WSDP & Council Resolution	Development of WSDP and Annually Reviewed	developed and		and submitted to	and submitted to Council for	

1 Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	Annual Targets	5			
								2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				1.2 Sewer Master Plan Developed and submitted to Council	Coordination and facilitation of Development of Water and Sewer Master Plan	Approved W&SMP & Council Resolution	Development of Water and Sewer Master Plan	Development of Water and Sewer Master Plan by 30 June 2023	Plan developed by 30 June 2024	Review of Sewer Master Plan by 30 June 2025	Review of Sewer Master Plan by 30 June 2026	Review of Sewer Master Plan by 30 June 2027
		Ensure universal access to reliable and quality basic Municipal services by all communities		1.3 Number of Conventional water meters replaced with prepaid meters in all the identified areas.	Coordination of replacement of conventional metres	Progress report	5000 Conventional water meters replaced with prepaid meters in all the identified areas.	Conventional water meters replaced with prepaid meters in all the identified areas by June 2023	meters in all the identified areas by June 2024	1000 Conventional water meters replaced with prepaid meters in all the identified areas by June 2025	1000 Conventional water meters replaced with prepaid meters in all the identified areas by June 2026	water meters replaced with
				1.4 Number of kms of obsolete asbestos/old water pipes replaced	Coordination of replacement of obsolete asbestos/old water pipes replaced	Progress report	25kms of asbestos/old water pipes replaced			5 kms asbestos/old water pipes replaced by 30 June 2025	5 kms asbestos/old water pipes replaced by 30 June 2026	5 kms asbestos/old water pipes replaced by 30 June 2027
				1.5 % Minimization of Water distribution losses	Facilitation of minimizing water distribution losses	Progress Report	Water distribution loss minimized to 30%	Water distribution loss minimized to 30% by June 2023	June 2024	Water distribution loss minimized to 30% by June 2025	Water distribution loss minimized to 30% by June 2026	Water distribution loss minimized to 30% by June 2027
				1.6 % Compliance with Blue Drop Water Quality accreditation system	Coordination of compliance with Blue Drop water quality	BDS Status Report	99% Compliance with Blue Drop Water Quality accreditation system	Compliance with Blue Drop	system by 30 June 2024	99% Compliance with Blue Drop Water Quality accreditation system by 30 June 2025	99% Compliance with Blue Drop Water Quality accreditation system by 30 June 2026	99% Compliance with Blue Drop Water Quality accreditation system by 30 June 2027

1 Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	Annual Targets	•			
								2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				1.7 Number of new water connections to communal or public facilities (Circular 88 Indicators)	Facilitation and coordination of Water provision	Progress Report	25 new water connections to communal (taps) or public facilities	5 new water connections to communal (taps) or public facilities on 30 June 2023		5 new water connections to communal (taps) or public facilities on 30 June 2025	5 new water connections to communal (taps) or public facilities on 30 June 2026	5 new water connections to communal (taps) or public facilities on 30 June 2027
				1.8 Number of new water connection to piped water(tap) (Circular 88 Indicators)	Facilitation and coordination of Water provision	Progress Report	6 333 new water connection to piped water(tap): 3 333 Mooidraai & 3000 Wonderfontein	N/A	1 500 new water connection to piped water(tap): Mooidraai by 30June 2024	1 500 new water connection to piped water(tap): Mooidraai by 30June 2025	1666 new water connection to piped water(tap): Wonderfontein by 30June 2026	1667new water connection to piped water(tap): Wonderfontein by 30June 2027
Sanitation & Wastewater	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	Ensure universal access to reliable and quality basic		1.9 Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan developed and submitted to Council for approval.	Facilitation and Coordination of development of WSMP	Approved WSMP & Council Resolution	Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2023	Maintenance Plan reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2025	Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2026	Water and Sanitation Maintenance Plan reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027
		Municipal services by all communities		1.10 Number sewer of connections to consumer units installed Circular 88 Indicators)	Coordination of sewer connections	Progress Reports	6037 sewer connections to consumer units installed. 2962(Moodraai),	N/A	6037 sewer connections to consumer units installed. 2962(Moodraai)30 June 2024	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sanitation & Wastewater	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	Ensure universal access to reliable and quality basic		1.11 % of call outs responded to within 24 hours (Circular 88 Indicators)	Responsive coordination to call outs	Progress Report	100% call outs responded to within 24 hours	100% call outs responded to within 24 hours by 30 June 2023	24 hours by 30 June	100% call outs responded to within 24 hours by 30 June 2025	100% call outs responded to within 24 hours by 30 June 2026	100% call outs responded to within 24 hours by 30 June 2027
		Municipal services by all communities		1.12 % Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system	Coordination of compliance with Blue Green water quality	GDS Status Report	100% Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system	100% Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system by 30 June 2023	2024	100% Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system by 30 June 2025	100% Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system by 30 June 2026	100% Compliance with Green Drop Quality accreditation system by 30 June 2027

1 Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	Annual Targets	ual Targets			
								2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				1.13 Number of reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled	Coordination and facilitation for compilation of maintenance reports on water and sanitation	Progress Reports	20 reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled	4 reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled by 30 June 2023	maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled by 30 June	4 reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled by 30 June 2025	4 reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled by 30 June 2026	4 reports on maintenance of water and sanitation infrastructure compiled by 30 June 2027
Electricity & Energy Services	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	Ensure that the municipality broadly delivers service according to the strategic orientation based on key sector plans		1.14 IEP Plans developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of development of Sector Plans (IEP&AQMP)	Approved Integrated Energy Plan & & Council Resolution	Development and annually review of Integrated Energy Plan submitted to council for approval	annually reviewed and submitted to	annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	IEP developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2025	IEP developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2026	IEP developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027
		Ensure universal access to reliable and quality basic.		1.15 Number of households Electricity connections installed (Circular 88 Indicators)	Provide Energy supply to all households	Reports	4962 Electricity House connections installed in (2000) Themba Kubheka & Mooidraai (2962)	House connections	2000 of Electricity House connections installed in Themba Kubheka by 30 June 2024	400 Households connected to Electricity in Mooidraai by 30 June 2025	1281 Households connected to Electricity in Mooidraai by 30 June 2026	1281 Households connected to Electricity in Mooidraai by 30 June 2027
		Municipal services by all communities		1.16 % of Electricity distribution losses minimized	Provide Energy supply to all households	Reports	Electricity distribution losses minimized to 20%	Electricity distribution losses minimized to 20% by 30 June 2023	Electricity distribution losses minimized to 20% by 30 June 2024 (Minimise the % per year) - Propose	Electricity distribution losses minimized to 20% by 30 June 2025	Electricity distribution losses minimized to 20% by 30 June 2026	Electricity distribution losses minimized to 20% by 30 June 2027

1 Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	Annual Targets				
								2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				1.17 Number of High mast lights erected	Provision of public lighting through erection of High mast lights	Reports	25 High Mast Lights Erected/Installed	0 High Mast Lights Erected by 30 June 2023	Erected/Installed	Erected/Installed (Deneysville&	5 High Mast Lights Erected/Installed (Mooidraai) by 30 June 2026	10 High Mast Lights Erected/Installed (Zamdela: infill) by 30 June 2027
				1.18 Number of reports on maintenance of electricity infrastructure compiled	and Facilitation	Progress Reports	20 reports on maintenance of electricity infrastructure compiled	4 reports on maintenance Electricity infrastructure compiled by 30 June 2023	maintenance Electricity infrastructure	4 reports on maintenance Electricity infrastructure compiled by 30 June 2025	maintenance Electricity infrastructure	4 reports on maintenance Electricity infrastructure compiled by 30 June 2027
Roads& Storm water				1.19 Number of m² of roads resealed/repaired (Circular 88 Indicators) (Circular 88 Indicators)	Road Maintance	Progress Reports	35 000m² of roads resealed/repaired (Reviewed to 35 000m	roads resealed	7000 m ² of roads			7000m ² of roads resealed/ repaired by 30 June 2027
				1.20 Number of kms gravel roads graded (Circular 88 Indicators)	Road Maintance	Progress Reports	100 kms gravel roads graded	20 kms gravel roads graded by 30 June 2023	graded by 30 June			20 kms gravel roads graded by 30 June 2027
				1.21 Number of Potholes repaired (NEW)	Road Maintenance	Progress Reports	20 000m ² of Potholes repaired	1000m² of Potholes repaired by 30 June 2023	4 500m² of Potholes repaired by 30 June 2024			5 000m² of Potholes repaired by 30 June 2027
				1.22 Number of reports on maintenance of roads and stormwater drainage system infrastructure compiled		Reports	20 reports on maintenance of roads and stormwater drainage system infrastructure compiled	4 reports on maintenance of roads and stormwater drainage system infrastructure compiled by June 2023	maintenance of roads and stormwater drainage system infrastructure compiled by June 2024	roads and stormwater drainage system infrastructure	maintenance of roads and stormwater drainage	

1 Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	Annual Targets				
								2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Project Management Unit	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development			1.23 Number of New Capital Projects for which funding is source (MIG, DoE, DWS, IEP)	Sourcing funds for Capital Projects		15 New Capital Projects for which funding is source (MIG, DoE, DWS, IEP)		Projects for which	3 New Capital Projects for which funding is source (MIG, DoE, DWS, IEP) by 30 June 2025	3 New Capital Projects for which funding is source (MIG, DoE, DWS, IEP) by 30 June 2026	Projects for which funding is source (MIG,
				1.24 100% in spending of Grants as per DoRA requirements		Progress Report	100% in spending of Grants as per DoRA requirements			100% in spending of Grants as per DoRA requirements by June 2025	100% in spending of Grants as per DoRA requirements by June 2026	
				1.25 Number of kms of new municipal roads built <i>Circular</i> 88 <i>Indicators</i>)		Progress Report	21 kms of new municipal roads built		4 new municipal roads built by 30 June 2024	4 new municipal roads built by 30 June 2025	4 new municipal roads built by 30 June 2026	4 new municipal roads built by 30 June 2027
				1.26 Number of kilometres of storm water drainage constructed	Construction of stormwater drainage	Progress Reports	21 km kilometres of storm water drainage constructed	5 km kilometres of storm water drainage constructed by 30 June 2023	constructed by 30	4 km kilometres of storm water drainage constructed by 30 June 2025	4 km kilometres of storm water drainage constructed by 30 June 2026	4km kilometres of storm water drainage constructed by 30 June 2027
				1.27 Number of progress reports submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects submitted to Council	Monitoring of Grants spending	Progress Reports & Council Resolution	20 progress reports submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects submitted to Council	reports submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects	submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects submitted to Council by 30 June 2024	4 progress reports submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects submitted to Council by 30 June 2025	4 progress reports submitted on monitoring of all Capital Projects submitted to Council by 30 June 2026	reports submitted on monitoring of
				1.28 Number of Business Plans developed and submitted (NEW)		Approved Business Plans	10 Business Plans developed and submitted (NEW)		3 Business Plans developed and submitted by 30 June 2024 (NEW)	2 Business Plans developed and submitted by 30 June 2025 (NEW)	3 Business Plans developed and submitted by 30 June 2026 (NEW)	developed and

1 Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	Annual Targets				
								2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				1.29 % of approved building plans comments within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2) (NEW)	comments on approval of	Report on Comments made/Comment Register	100 % of approved building plans comments within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2) (NEW)		100 % of approved building plans within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2 BY 2024	100 % of approved building plans within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2 BY 2025	100 % of approved building plans within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2 BY 2026	100 % of approved building plans within specified period of time(30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2 BY 2027
				1.30 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure Report	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027
				1.31 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure Report	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2027
				1.32 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	coordination of	Vacancy Rate Status Report	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained		75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2025	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2026	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027
				1.33 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM	.,	Approved Procurement Plan	4 Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM		1 Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2024	1 Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2025	1 Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2026	
				1.34 100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	contracted services	Evaluation report and register	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services		100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis

KPA1: FIVE-YEAR 2022/23-2026/27 DELIVERABLES

SOCIAL SERVICES

KPA 1		BASIC SERVICES AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT										
OFFICE/DIRECTORAT	E	SOCIAL SERVICES										
Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Targets							
Waste Management	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	To Build Environmental Sustainability and Resilience	1.35 Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP) developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	Facilitate development and annual review of IWMP	Develop and Annually review IWMP							
		To ensure universal access to reliable and quality Basic Service by all Communities	1.36 Number of households' areas provided with weekly waste collection services (frequency)	Facilitation of Waste collection services	23 household's areas provided with weekly waste collection services							
		To Build Environmental Sustainability and Resilience	1.37 Number of illegal dumping sites removed	Waste collection services	100 illegal dumping sites removed							
			1.38 Number of Waste management Awareness programmes conducted	Waste collection services	20 Waste management Awareness programmes conducted							
			139 Number of Landfill site(s) established, licenced & operational in Sasolburg	Establishment of Landfill site	1 Landfill site(s) established, licenced & operational in Sasolburg							
Parks & Recreational facilities	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	To promote and ensure social cohesion and nation building	1.40 Number of Sports & Recreational Parks developed	Development of Sports & Recreational Parks	5 Sports & Recreational Parks developed							
			1.41 Number of reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls, MPCC, Parks,sports,arts & culture)	Provision of maintenance and management services to community facilities	20 reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls, MPCC, Parks, sports, arts & culture)							
		To Build Environmental Sustainability and Resilience	1.42 Number of reports on maintenance and management of cemetery yards	Provision of maintenance and management services to cemetery yards	20 reports on maintenance and management of cemetery yards							
Public Safety Disaster Management	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	To promote and ensure community safety and social protection	1.43 Review of Disaster Management Plan	Coordination and Facilitation of Annual Review of Disaster Management Plan	Disaster Management Plan reviewed and submitted to Council for approval							

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Targets
			1.44 % of Disaster incidents within the Municipality attended as an when occur	Disaster Management	100% of Disaster incidents within the Municipality attended as an when occur
			1.45 Number of Disaster Awareness Programmes conducted	Disaster Management	10 Disaster Awareness Programmes conducted
			1.46 Number of Disaster Management training provided to Volunteers	Disaster Management	5 Disaster Management training provided to Volunteers
Public Safety Fire Services	Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	To promote and ensure community safety and social protection	1.47 % of Fire incidents attended as an when they occur	Fire fighting	100% of Fire incidents attended as an when they occur
			1.48 Number of Firefighting Awareness Programmes conducted	Fire Fighting	10 of Firefighting Awareness Programmes conducted
Public Safety Traffic Management			1.49 Number of traffic roadblocks conducted	Law enforcement operations	108 traffic roadblocks conducted
Public Safety By Law Enforcement			1.50 Number of bylaw enforcement operations conducted	Law enforcement operations	60 bylaw enforcement operations conducted
		Financial Management	1.51 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
			1.52 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	1.53 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained
		Contract Management	1.54 % of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Performance Evaluation on contracted services	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services
		Demand Management Plan	1.55 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM (NEW)	Project Management	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM

2023/2024 KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS, STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS PER DEPARTMENT SOCIAL SERVICES

KPA 1	BASIC SERVICES AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	SOCIAL SERVICES

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of	5 Year Targe	ets	Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence			2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Health & Cleansing (Waste Managem ent)	Basic Services & Infrastructur e Developmen t	To Build Environme ntal Sustainabi lity and Resilience		1.35 Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP) developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	Facilitate development and annual review of IWMP	Approved IWMP and Council Resolution	Develop Annually rev IWMP	-	Develop IWMP and summit to Council for approval by June 2023	the IWMP and submit to Council for approval by 30		submit to Council	IWMP and submit to Council for approval
		To ensure universal access to reliable and quality Basic Service by all Communities		1.36 Number of households' areas provided with weekly waste collection services (frequency)	Facilitation of Waste collection services	Progress report -	provided	with aste	23 household's areas provided with weekly waste collection services by 30 June 2023	23 household's areas provided with weekly waste collection services by 30 June 2024	areas provided with	areas provided	areas provided with weekly waste collection services
		To Build Environme ntal Sustainabi		1.37 Number of illegal dumping sites removed	Waste collection services	Progress Report			20 illegal dumping sites removed by 30 June 2023		20 illegal dumping sites removed by 30 June 2025	20 illegal dumping sites removed by 30 June 2026	sites removed by 30

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of	5 Year Targets	Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence		2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
		lity and Resilience		1.38 Number of Waste management Awareness programmes conducted	Waste collection services	Invitation, Register - Attendance	20 Waste management Awareness programmes conducted	4 Waste management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2023	4 Waste management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2024	4 Waste management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2025	4 Waste management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2026	4 Waste management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2027
				1.39 Number of Landfill site(s) established, licenced & operational in Sasolburg	Establishmen t of Landfill site	Progress Report on establishm ent of Landfill site	1 Landfill site(s) established, licenced & operational in Sasolburg	1 Landfill site(s) established by 30 June 2023	Landfill site(s) established, licenced & operational by 2024	1 Landfill site(s) established, licenced & operational by 2025	N/A	N/A
Parks & Recreation Parks (incl. cemeteries)	Basic Services & Infrastructur e Developmen	To promote and ensure social		1.40 Number of Sports & Recreational Parks developed	Development of Sports & Recreational Parks	Progress Report	5 Sports & Recreational Parks developed	1 Sports & Recreational Parks developed by 30 June 2023	1 Sports & Recreational Parks developed by 30 June 2024	1 Sports & Recreational Parks developed by 30 June 2025	1 Sports & Recreational Parks developed by 30 June 2026	1 Sports & Recreational Parks developed by 30 June 2027
	t	cohesion and nation building		1.41 Number of reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls,MPCC,Parks,sports,arts & culture)	Provision of maintenance and management services to community facilities	Reports	20 reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls,MPCC,Parks,sports,arts & culture)	4 reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls,MPCC,Parks, sports,arts & culture and cemeteries) by 30 June 2023	4 reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls,MPCC,Parks, sports,arts & culture and by 30 June 2024	maintenance and management of	4 reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls,MPCC,Park s,sports,arts & culture and cemeteries) by 30 June 2026	4 reports on maintenance and management of community facilities (Halls,MPCC,Parks,s ports,arts & culture and cemeteries) by 30 June 2027
		To Build Environme ntal Sustainabi lity and Resilience		1.42 Number of reports on maintenance and management of cemetery yards	Provision of maintenance and management services to cemetery yards	Progress Report on establishm ent of cemetery	20 Cemetery yards to be maintained		4 reports on maintenance and management of cemetery yards by 30 June 2024	4 reports on maintenance and management of cemetery yards by 30 June 2025	4 reports on maintenance and management of cemetery yards by 30 June 2026	4 reports on maintenance and management of cemetery yards by 30 June 2027
Public Safety	Basic Services & Infrastructur	To promote and		1.43 Review of Disaster	Coordination and Facilitation of	Approved Disaster Manageme	Disaster Management Plan reviewed	Disaster Management Plan	Disaster Management Plan	Disaster Management Plan	Disaster Management	Disaster Management Plan

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of	5 Year Targets	Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence		2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Disaster Managem ent	e Developmen t	ensure community safety and social protection		Management Plan	Annual Review of Disaster Management Plan	nt Plan and Council Resolution	and submitted to Council for approval	reviewed by 30 June 2023	reviewed by 30 June 2024	reviewed by 30 June 2025	Plan reviewed by 30 June 2026	reviewed by 30 June 20237
				1.44 % of Disaster incidents within the Municipality attended as an when occur	Disaster Management	Disaster register	100% of of Disaster incidents within the Municipality attended as an when occur	100% of of Disaster incidents within the Municipality attended as an when occur		incidents within the Municipality	100% of of Disaster incidents within the Municipality attended as an when occur	100% of of Disaster incidents within the Municipality attended as an when occur
				1.45 Number of Disaster Awareness Programmes conducted	Disaster Management	Attendance Register	10 Disaster Awareness Programmes conducted	2 Disaster Awareness Programmes conducted by 30 June 2023	Awareness Programmes	Awareness Programmes	2 Disaster Awareness Programmes conducted by 30 June 2026	Awareness Programmes
				1.46 Number of Disaster Management training provided to Volunteers	Disaster Management	Attendance Register	5 Disaster Management training provided to Volunteers	Management training provided to	Management training provided to	Management training provided to	Management training provided	
Public Safety Fire Services		To promote and ensure community		1.47 % of Fire incidents attended as an when they occur	Fire fighting	Reports	100% of Fire incidents attended as an when they occur	100% of Fire incidents attended as an when they occur by 30 June 2023	as an when they		incidents attended as an	100% of Fire incidents attended as an when they occur by 30 June 2027
		safety and social protection		1.48 Number of Firefighting Awareness Programmes conducted	Fire Fighting	Reports and Attendance Register	10 of Firefighting Awareness Programmes conducted	2 of Firefighting Awareness Programmes conducted by 30 June 2023	Awareness Programmes	Awareness Programmes	Awareness Programmes	2 of Firefighting Awareness Programmes conducted by 30 June 2027
Public Safety Traffic Managem ent		To promote and ensure community		1.49 Number of traffic road blocks conducted	Law enforcement operations	Report	108 traffic roadblocks conducted	12 traffic roadblocks conducted by 30 June 2023	24 traffic roadblocks conducted by 30 June 2024	roadblocks	24 traffic roadblocks conducted by 30 June 2026	conducted by 30

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of	5 Year Targets	rear Targets Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators			2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target	
		safety and social protection										
Public Safety By Law Enforceme nt		To promote and ensure community		150 Number of by law enforcement operations conducted	Law enforcement operations	Report	60 by law enforcement operations conducted	12 by law enforcement operations conducted by 30 June 2023	12 by law enforcement operations conducted by 30 June 2024	enforcement operations	12 by law enforcement operations conducted by 30 June 2026	enforcement operations
		safety and social protection		1.51 % of OPEX Allocation/Budg eted spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Financial Reports s71	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027
				1.52 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budg eted spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Financial Reports s71	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2027
				1.53 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM	Facilitation of procurement	Procureme nt Plan	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM		1 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2024	Procurement Plan compiled and	Procurement Plan compiled	submitted to SCM by
				1.54 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment		Vacancy status report	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained		75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	compliment/ establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2026	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of	5 Year Targets	Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence		2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				1.55 100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis		Assessmen t sheets/Su mmary	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services		Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on	Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on	Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis	contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis by 30

KPA 2: FIVE -YEAR 2022/23-2026/27

LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

KPA 2		LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT								
OFFICE/DIRECTOR	ATE ECC	NOMIC DEVELOPMENT, MARKETIN	G& TOURISM, HOUSING & URBAN PLANNING							
Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5Year Targets					
Local Economic Development		Create Conducive Environment for Improving Local Economic Development	2.1 Number of LED strategy Reviewed Annually and submitted to council for approval (Review only annual target)	Development and Annual Review of LED Strategy	5 LED Strategy reviews, on annually and submitted to Council for approval					
			2.2 Number of job opportunities created through EPWP initiatives	Monitoring of job creation through EPWP initiatives	500 jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives					
			2.3 Number of job opportunities created through CWP initiatives	Monitoring of job creation through EPWP initiatives	5000 jobs opportunities created through CWP initiatives					
	Local Economic Development		2.4 Number of SMMEs/Corporatives provided support through Provincial and National support programmes(Exhibitions)	Coordination and facilitation of Provincial & National Exhibition programmes by SMMEs/Corporatives	10 Provincial & National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corporatives					
		Use Municipality's buying power to advance Economic Empowerment through SMMEs & Corporatives	2.5 % of Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head		100% Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head					
			2.5 Number of SMMEs/Corporatives provided support through Incentive support scheme	Coordination of and facilitation of Incentive support scheme	100 SMMEs/Corporatives provided support through Incentive support scheme					
			2.6 % Development of SMME register with identified need compiled and approved by the departmental Head	Coordination and Facilitation of SMMEs' support	100% Development of SMME register with identified need compiled and approved by the departmental Head					
		Create Conducive Environment for Improving Local Economic Development	, , ,	Coordination of funding for Capital or SLPs	5 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality					

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5Year Targets
Housing & Human Settlement	Local Economic Development		2.8 Number of LED Forum meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation of LED Forum Meetings	20 LED Forum meetings convened
		To promote Integrated and	2.9 Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) developed and reviewed annually	Coordination of the development and annual review of Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP)	
		Sustainable Human Settlement and Increasing the supply of Housing opportunities	2.10 Application for Accreditation status for housing development (HDA)	Facilitation of accreditation status for housing development	Obtain Accreditation status for housing development
			2.11 % of processed applications and building plans approved	Facilitate and Contribute to Compilation of supplementary valuation roll	100% of processed applications and building plans approved
Housing & Human Settlement	Local Economic Development	To promote Integrated and Sustainable Human Settlement and Increasing the supply of Housing opportunities	2.12 % of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name	Facilitate registration of newly acquired properties in Municipality's name	100% of newly acquired properties and registered in Municipality's name
Town Planning	Local Economic Development		2.13 Number of Land Use Schemes reviewed and approved by Council.	Review of Land Use Scheme	Reviewed and approved Land Use Schemes
		To implement the projects that ensure the Spatial and Economic Integration	2.14 SDF developed/reviewed and approved by Council	Coordination of development and review of SDF	SDF developed and reviewed annually
			2.15 Number of informal Settlements formalized	Facilitation of formalization of informal settlements	1 (Mooidraai) informal settlement formalized
			2.16 Building Control Policy developed, annually reviewed and approved by Council	Coordination and facilitation of the development of Building Control Policy	Building Control Policy developed and annually reviewed
			2.17 % of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)	Facilitation of approving building plans	100% of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5Year Targets
			2.18 Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually	Coordination of development and annual review of Tourism Strategy	Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually
			2.19 Number of Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)	Coordination of Tourism, Marketing and advertising	20 Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)
			2.20 Number of Tourism promotional events organised annually	Coordination and facilitation of tourism promotional events	5 Tourism promotional events organised annually
			2.21 % Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction	Coordination and Facilitation of Tourism database	100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction
			2.22 Number of Tourism Forum meetings convened	Coordination and facilitation of Tourism Forum	20 Tourism Forum meetings convened
		Figure in Management	2.23 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Financial Management	2.24 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	2.25 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained
		Contract management	2.26 % of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Performance Evaluation on contracted services	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services
		Demand Management Plan	2.27 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM (NEW)	Project Management	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM

2023/2024 KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS, STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS PER DEPARTMENT

LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

KPA 2	LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, MARKETING& TOURISM, HOUSING & URBAN PLANNING

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	s			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Local Economic Developme nt	Local Economic Development			2.1 Number of LED strategy Reviewed Annually and submitted to council for approval	and Annual Review of LED Strategy		5 LED Strategy review on annually and submitted to Council for approval	reviewed LED strategy and submitted for	submitted for	reviewed LED strategy and submitted for	strategy and submitted for council approval	submitted for
				2.2 Number of job opportunities created through EPWP initiatives	job creation through EPWP initiatives	report from	created through EPWP initiatives	opportunities created	100 jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives by 30 June 2024	opportunities created through	opportunities created through	opportunities created through EPWP initiatives by
		Use Municipality's buying power to advance Economic Empowerme nt through		2.3 Number of job opportunities created through CWP initiatives	job creation	Progress report from implementin g agents/Dep ts to municipality	budget jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives	opportunities created through CWP	1000 jobs opportunities created through CWP initiatives by 30 June 2024	opportunities	opportunities created through	opportunities created through CWP initiatives by
		SMMEs & Corporatives		2.4 Number of SMMEs/Corporatives provided support through Provincial and National support programmes(Exhibitions)	Attendance of Provincial & National	Reports and Attendance registers	10 Provincial & National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corpora tives	National Exhibitions attended by	2 Provincial or National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corporati ves by 30 June 2024	SMMEs/Corpora	2Provincial & National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corpora tives by 30 June 2026	2 Provincial & National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corporativ es by 30 June 2027

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				2.5 % of Development of SMME database/Registe r with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head	and Facilitation of SMME database/Regi	Register	100% of Development of SMME database/Regist er with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head		100% of Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head by 30 June 2024	100% of Development of SMME database/Regist er with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head by 30 June 2025	Development of SMME database/Regist er with identified needs compiled and approved by the	100% of Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head by 30 June 2027
				2.6 Number of SMMEs/Corporati ves provided support through Incentive support scheme	facilitation of Incentive	Reports on SMME Register with identified needs.	100 SMMEs/Corpora tives provided support through Incentive support scheme		SMMEs/Corporati ves provided support through Incentive support scheme by end of June 2024	SMMEs/Corpora tives provided support through Incentive support scheme by end of June 2025	support through Incentive	es provided support through Incentive support scheme by
		Create Conducive Environment for Improving Local Economic Development		2.7 Number of Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality	Coordination of funding for Capital or SLPs	Reports	5 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality	1 LED Capital/SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2023	1 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2024	1 SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2025	1 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2026	1 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2027
				2.8 Number of LED Forum Meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation LED Forum	Minutes of the Meeting & Attendance Register	20 LED Forum Meetings convened	4 LED Forum Meetings convened by 30 June 2023	4 LED Forum Meetings convened by 30 June 2024	4 LED Forum Meetings convened by 30 June 2025	4 LED Forum Meetings convened by 30 June 2026	Meetings convened

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	s				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target	
Housing & Human Settlement				2.9 Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) developed and reviewed annually	of the development and annual	Report and Council Resolution	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) developed and reviewed annually	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2023	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2024	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2025	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2026	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2027	
			and Sustainable Human Settlement and		2.10 Application for Accreditation status for housing development (HDA)	Facilitation of accreditation status for housing development	Progress Report	Obtain Accreditation status for housing development	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2023	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2024	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2025	accreditation	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2027
			Out- Share With Finance (quantify to 100%	2.11 % of processed applications and building plans approved	supplementary valuation roll	Register of landuse applications /building plans approved	100% of processed applications and building plans approved	processed applications	100% of processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2024	100% of processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2025	processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2026	100% of processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2027	
			2.12 % of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name	Facilitate registration of newly acquired properties in Municipality's name	Report	100% of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name	acquired properties	100% of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name by June 2024	Municipality's	acquired properties registered in Municipality's	100% of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name by June 2027		

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Town Planning	Local Economic Development	To implement the projects that ensure the Spatial and Economic		2.13 Number of Land Use Schemes reviewed and approved by Council	Scheme		Use Schemes	Reviewed and approved LUMS by 30 June 2023 Reviewed quarterly targets	Development and approved LUMS by 30 June 2024			Reviewed and approved LUMS by 30 June 2027
				2.14 SDF developed/review ed and approved by Council	Coordination of development and review of SDF	Approved SDF & Council Resolution	SDF developed and reviewed annually	Five Year SDF developed and approved by Council by 30 June 2023		and approved by	and approved by	SDF reviewed and approved by Council by 30 June 2027
				2.15 Number of informal Settlements formalized	Facilitation of formalization of informal settlements	Reports and Council Resolution	1 (Mooidraai) informal settlement formalized	Mooidraai informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2023	100% informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2024	settlement	100% informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2026	100% informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2027
				2.16 Building Control Policy developed, annually reviewed and approved by Council	and facilitation of the development of Building	Council	Building Control Policy developed and annually reviewed	Building Control Policy developed by 30 June 2023	Building Control Policy reviewed by 30 June 2024			Building Control Policy reviewed by 30 June 2027
				2.17 % of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)	building plans	Progress Report & Register	100% of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)	within specified		approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days	approved building plans within specified period of time	100% of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2) by 30 June 2027

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Tourism, Marketing & Heritage	Marketing Economic Development To Maximis			2.18 Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually.	of	Report and Council Resolution	Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually	Tourism Strategy developed by 30 June 2023	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2024	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2025	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2026	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2027
		To Maximise on the		2.19 Number of Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)		Report	16 Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)		4 Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites) by 30 June 2024	advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks	advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism	advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites) by 30
		Tourism potential of the Municipality		2.20 Number of Tourism promotional events organised annually	Coordination and facilitation of tourism promotional events	Reports	5 Tourism promotional events organised annually	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2023	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2024	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2025	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2026	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2027
				2.21 % Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction	and Facilitation of Tourism database	Database and database Register	100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction		100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction by 30 June 2024	and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder		100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction by 30 June 2027
				2.22 Number of Tourism Forum meetings convened		Minutes and Attendance Register	20 Tourism Forum Meetings convened		4 Tourism Forum Meetings convened by June 2024	Meetings	4 Tourism Forum Meetings convened by June 2026	Meetings convened

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				2.23 % of OPEX Allocation/Budget ed spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Financial Reports s71	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027
				2.24 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budget ed spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Financial Reports s71	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2025	allocated	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2027
				2.25 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Staff				75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2025	compliment/ establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027
				2.26 Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Evaluation on contracted services	Assessmen t Sheet	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services		100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	s116 on monthly basis and	performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis
				2.27 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM	and Facilitation of procurement	Procureme nt Plan	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM		1 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2024	1 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2025	Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to	Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM

KPA 2: FIVE -YEAR 2022/23-2026/27

LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

KPA 2 OFFICE/DIRECTOR		OCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, MARKETING& TOURISM, HOUSING & URBAN PLANNING							
Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5Year Targets				
Local Economic Development			2.1 Number of LED strategy Reviewed Annually and submitted to council for approval (Review only annual target)	Development and Annual Review of LED Strategy	5 LED Strategy reviews, on annually and submitted to Council for approval				
			2.2 Number of job opportunities created through EPWP initiatives	Monitoring of job creation through EPWP initiatives	500 jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives				
			2.3 Number of job opportunities created through CWP initiatives	Monitoring of job creation through EPWP initiatives	5000 jobs opportunities created through CWP initiatives				

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5Year Targets
	Local Economic Development		2.4 Number of SMMEs/Corporatives provided support through Provincial and National support programmes(Exhibitions)	Coordination and facilitation of Provincial & National Exhibition programmes by SMMEs/Corporatives	10 Provincial & National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corporatives
		Use Municipality's buying power to advance Economic Empowerment through SMMEs & Corporatives	2.5 % of Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head	Coordination and Facilitation of SMME database/Register	100% Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head
			2.5 Number of SMMEs/Corporatives provided support through Incentive support scheme	Coordination of and facilitation of Incentive support scheme	100 SMMEs/Corporatives provided support through Incentive support scheme
			2.6 % Development of SMME register with identified need compiled and approved by the departmental Head	Coordination and Facilitation of SMMEs' support	100% Development of SMME register with identified need compiled and approved by the departmental Head
		Create Conducive Environment for Improving Local Economic Development	2.7 Number of Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality	Coordination of funding for Capital or SLPs	5 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality
Housing & Human Settlement	Local Economic Development		2.8 Number of LED Forum meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation of LED Forum Meetings	20 LED Forum meetings convened
		To promote Integrated and	2.9 Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) developed and reviewed annually	Coordination of the development and annual review of Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP)	
		Sustainable Human Settlement and Increasing the supply of Housing opportunities	2.10 Application for Accreditation status for housing development (HDA)	Facilitation of accreditation status for housing development	Obtain Accreditation status for housing development
			2.11 % of processed applications and building plans approved	Facilitate and Contribute to Compilation of supplementary valuation roll	100% of processed applications and building plans approved

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5Year Targets
Housing & Human Settlement	Local Economic Development	To promote Integrated and Sustainable Human Settlement and Increasing the supply of Housing opportunities	2.12 % of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name	Facilitate registration of newly acquired properties in Municipality's name	100% of newly acquired properties and registered in Municipality's name
Town Planning	Local Economic Development		2.13 Number of Land Use Schemes reviewed and approved by Council.	Review of Land Use Scheme	Reviewed and approved Land Use Schemes
		To implement the projects that ensure the Spatial and Economic Integration	2.14 SDF developed/reviewed and approved by Council	Coordination of development and review of SDF	SDF developed and reviewed annually
			2.15 Number of informal Settlements formalized	Facilitation of formalization of informal settlements	1 (Mooidraai) informal settlement formalized
			2.16 Building Control Policy developed, annually reviewed and approved by Council	Coordination and facilitation of the development of Building Control Policy	Building Control Policy developed and annually reviewed
			2.17 % of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)	Facilitation of approving building plans	100% of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)
			2.18 Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually	Coordination of development and annual review of Tourism Strategy	Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually
			2.19 Number of Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)		20 Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)
			2.20 Number of Tourism promotional events organised annually	Coordination and facilitation of tourism promotional events	5 Tourism promotional events organised annually
			2.21 % Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction	Coordination and Facilitation of Tourism database	100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5Year Targets
			2.22 Number of Tourism Forum meetings convened	Coordination and facilitation of Tourism Forum	20 Tourism Forum meetings convened
		Figure	2.23 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Financial Management	2.24 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	2.25 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained
		Contract management	2.26 % of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Performance Evaluation on contracted services	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services
		Demand Management Plan	2.27 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM (NEW)	Project Management	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM

2023/2024 KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS, STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS PER DEPARTMENT LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

KPA 2	LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, MARKETING& TOURISM, HOUSING & URBAN PLANNING

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Local Economic Developme nt	Local Economic Development	Create Conducive Environment for Improving Local Economic Development		2.1 Number of LED strategy Reviewed Annually and submitted to council for approval	Review of LED Strategy	Approved LED Strategy & Council Resolution	5 LED Strategy review on annually and submitted to Council for approval	reviewed LED strategy and submitted for	Annually reviewed LED strategy and submitted for council approval by end 30 June 2024	Annually reviewed LED strategy and submitted for council approval by end 30 June 2025	strategy and submitted for council approval	Annually reviewed LED strategy and submitted for council approval by end 30 June 2027
				2.2 Number of job opportunities created through EPWP initiatives	job creation	Progress report from implementin g agents/Dep ts to municipality	created through EPWP initiatives	100 jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives by 30 June 2023	100 jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives by 30 June 2024	100 jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives by 30 June 2024	opportunities created through	100 jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives by 30 June 2026
		Use Municipality's buying power to advance Economic Empowerme nt through		2.3 Number of job opportunities created through CWP initiatives	job creation	Progress report from implementin g agents/Dep ts to municipality	budget jobs opportunities created through EPWP initiatives	opportunities created through CWP initiatives by	1000 jobs opportunities created through CWP initiatives by 30 June 2024	1000 jobs opportunities created through CWP initiatives by 30 June 2025	opportunities created through	opportunities created through CWP initiatives by
		SMMEs & Corporatives		2.4 Number of SMMEs/Corporati ves provided support through Provincial and National support programmes(Exhibitions)	Attendance of Provincial & National	Reports and Attendance registers	National Exhibitions	National Exhibitions attended by	2 Provincial or National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corporati ves by 30 June 2024	2 Provincial & National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corpora tives by 30 June 2025	National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corpora	2 Provincial & National Exhibitions attended by SMMEs/Corporativ es by 30 June 2027

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				2.5 % of Development of SMME database/Registe r with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head	and Facilitation of SMME database/Regi		100% of Development of SMME database/Regist er with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head		100% of Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head by 30 June 2024	Development of SMME database/Regist er with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental	Development of SMME database/Regist er with identified needs compiled and approved by the	100% of Development of SMME database/Register with identified needs compiled and approved by the departmental Head by 30 June 2027
				2.6 Number of SMMEs/Corporati ves provided support through Incentive support scheme	facilitation of Incentive	Reports on SMME Register with identified needs.	100 SMMEs/Corpora tives provided support through Incentive support scheme	SMMEs/Corpo ratives provided support through Incentive support schemeby end of June 2023	SMMEs/Corporati ves provided support through Incentive support scheme by end of June 2024	support through Incentive support	SMMEs/Corpora tives provided support through Incentive support scheme by end of June 2026	SMMEs/Corporativ es provided support through Incentive support scheme by end of June 2027
		Create Conducive Environment for Improving Local Economic Development		2.7 Number of Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality	Coordination of funding for Capital or SLPs		5 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality	1 LED Capital/SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2023	1 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2024	Implemented within	1 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2026	1 Capital or SLPs projects Implemented within Municipality by 30 June 2027
				2.8 Number of LED Forum Meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation LED Forum	Minutes of the Meeting & Attendance Register		4 LED Forum Meetings convened by 30 June 2023	Meetings	Meetings	4 LED Forum Meetings convened by 30 June 2026	Meetings convened

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Targets					
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target	
Housing & Human Settlement	Human Economic	To promote Integrated and Sustainable Human Settlement and Increasing the supply of Housing		2.9 Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) developed and reviewed annually	of the development and annual	Report and Council Resolution	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) developed and reviewed annually	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2023	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2024	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2025	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2026	Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP) reviewed by 30 June 2027	
				2.10 Application for Accreditation status for housing development (HDA)	Facilitation of accreditation status for housing development	Progress Report	Obtain Accreditation status for housing development	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2023	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2024	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2025	accreditation	Facilitate application for accreditation status for housing development by 30 June 2027	
			Increasing the supply of	Out- Share With Finance (quantify to 100%	2.11 % of processed applications and building plans approved	Facilitate and Contribute to Compilation of supplementary valuation roll	Register of landuse applications /building plans approved	100% of processed applications and building plans approved	processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2023	100% of processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2024	100% of processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2025	processed	100% of processed applications and building plans approved by 30 June 2027
				2.12 % of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name	Facilitate registration of newly acquired properties in Municipality's name	Report	100% of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name	acquired properties	100% of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name by June 2024	100% of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name by June 2025	Municipality's	100% of newly acquired properties registered in Municipality's name by June 2027	

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Town Planning	Local Economic Development	To implement the projects that ensure the Spatial and Economic		2.13 Number of Land Use Schemes reviewed and approved by Council	Scheme		Use Schemes	Reviewed and approved LUMS by 30 June 2023 Reviewed quarterly targets	Development and approved LUMS by 30 June 2024			Reviewed and approved LUMS by 30 June 2027
				2.14 SDF developed/review ed and approved by Council	Coordination of development and review of SDF	Approved SDF & Council Resolution	SDF developed and reviewed annually	Five Year SDF developed and approved by Council by 30 June 2023		and approved by	and approved by	SDF reviewed and approved by Council by 30 June 2027
				2.15 Number of informal Settlements formalized	Facilitation of formalization of informal settlements	Reports and Council Resolution	1 (Mooidraai) informal settlement formalized	Mooidraai informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2023	100% informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2024	settlement	100% informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2026	100% informal settlement formalized by 30 June 2027
				2.16 Building Control Policy developed, annually reviewed and approved by Council	and facilitation of the development of Building	Council	Building Control Policy developed and annually reviewed	Building Control Policy developed by 30 June 2023	Building Control Policy reviewed by 30 June 2024			Building Control Policy reviewed by 30 June 2027
				2.17 % of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)	building plans	Progress Report & Register	100% of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2)	within specified		approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days	approved building plans within specified period of time	100% of approved building plans within specified period of time (30 days <500m2 and 60 days >500 m2) by 30 June 2027

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S						
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target			
Tourism, Marketing & Heritage	arketing Economic			2.18 Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually.	of	Report and Council Resolution	Tourism Strategy developed and reviewed annually	Tourism Strategy developed by 30 June 2023	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2024	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2025	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2026	Tourism Strategy reviewed by 30 June 2027			
		To Maximise on the Tourism potential of the Municipality	on the	on the	on the		2.19 Number of Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)		Report	16 Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites)		4 Marketing and advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites) by 30 June 2024	advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks	advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism	advertising initiatives on Municipal owned tourism facilities (resorts, parks and tourism sites) by 30
				2.20 Number of Tourism promotional events organised annually	Coordination and facilitation of tourism promotional events	Reports	5 Tourism promotional events organised annually	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2023	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2024	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2025	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2026	1 Tourism promotional events organised by 30 June 2027			
				2.21 % Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction	and Facilitation of Tourism database	Database and database Register	100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction		100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction by 30 June 2024	and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder		100% Creation and maintenance of a tourism stakeholder database within the Metsimaholo jurisdiction by 30 June 2027			
				2.22 Number of Tourism Forum meetings convened		Minutes and Attendance Register	20 Tourism Forum Meetings convened		4 Tourism Forum Meetings convened by June 2024	Meetings	4 Tourism Forum Meetings convened by June 2026	Meetings convened			

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	5Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				2.23 % of OPEX Allocation/Budget ed spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Financial Reports s71	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027
				2.24 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budget ed spent	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Financial Reports s71	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2025	allocated	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2027
				2.25 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Staff				75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2025	compliment/ establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027
				2.26 Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Evaluation on contracted services	Assessmen t Sheet	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services		100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	s116 on monthly basis and	performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis
				2.27 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM	and Facilitation of procurement	Procureme nt Plan	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM		1 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2024	1 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2025	Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to	Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM

Metsimaholo Loc	cal Municipality: 2023/2024 Integrated Development Plan (IDP)	
	FIVE-YEAR 2022/23-2026/27 DELIVERABLES	
	KPA 4: MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	
	MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	
DIRECTORATE	ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT & CORPORATE SERVICES	

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Targets
Institutional Development	Municipal Transformation & Institutional Development	To Improve administrative capability of Municipality	4.1 Organizational Structure reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of development of Staff establishment (Organogram)	Organizational Structure reviewed and submitted to Council for approval
			4.2 Human Resources Strategy developed, reviewed annually, aligned to Staff Establishment and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and Facilitation of development of HR Strategy	Human Resources Strategy developed, reviewed annually, aligned to Staff Establishment, and submitted to Council for approval
			4.3 % of funded posts filled within 90 days after declaring vacancy (Circular 88)	Coordination and Facilitation of filling of vacant posts	100 % of funded posts filled within 90 days after advertisement
			4.4 Number of signed Performance Agreements by employees (Circular 88)	Coordination and Facilitation of signing the Performance Agreements by employees	(100%) signed Performance Agreements by employees
			4.5 Employment Equity Plan developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 15 th January	Coordination and Facilitation of development and annually review of EEP	Employment Equity Plan developed, annually reviewed, and submitted to Council for approval
Human Resource Development			4.6 Number of Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) developed, annually reviewed, and submitted to LGSETA by end of April	Coordination and Facilitation of development of WSP	5 Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) developed, annually reviewed, and submitted to LGSETA by end of April
			4.7 Annual Training Report compiled and submitted to LGSETA by April	Coordination and Facilitation of development of ATR	Annual Training Report compiled and submitted to LGSETA by April
Occupational Health and Safety	Municipal Transformation & Institutional Development	To promote Occupational Health and Safety Environment for all Employees	4.8 Number of Health and Safety Representative Committee meetings held	Coordination and Facilitation of Health and Safety Representative Committee	20 Health and Safety Representative Committee meetings held
		Zimpio) dec	4.9 Number of Trainings For OHS Reps conducted	Coordination and Facilitation of OHS Rep Training	5 Trainings for OHS Representatives conducted
Occupational Health and Safety	Institutional Development	ipal Transformation & tional Development To promote Occupational Health and Safety	4.10 Number of OHS Awareness campaigns conducted	Coordination and Facilitation of OHS Training	20 OHS Awareness campaigns conducted
		Environment for all Employees	4.11 Number of Employee Wellness Programmes conducted	Coordination of Employees Wellness	5 Employee Wellness Programmes conducted

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Targets
			4.12 % of reported occupational injuries attended to in a required time frame	Coordination of Employees Wellness	100% attendance to occupational injuries reported.
Labour Relations	Municipal Transformation & Institutional Development	To ensure sound Labour Relations so as to	4.13 % of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days of reporting	Promotion of sound Labour Relations	100% of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days of reporting
		minimize Labour disputes and disruptions	4.14 Number of LLF Meetings held monthly	Promotion of sound Labour Relations	60 LLF Meetings held
Records Management & Auxiliary Services	Institutional Development Transformation & Institutional		4.15 Record Management Policy & Procedure Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval.	Coordination and Facilitation of the development of Record Management Policy	Record Management Policy & Procedure Manual developed and approved by Council
	Development		4.16 % in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act	Coordination and Facilitation of Records disposal.	% in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act
		To Improve administrative capability of Municipality	4.17 Number of Record Management Awareness programmes conducted	Coordination and Facilitation of Record Management System	5 Record Management Awareness programmes conducted
			4.18 Records Management Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval.	Coordination and Facilitation of development of Records Management Manual	Records Management Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval
			4.19 % of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings	Facilitate Maintenance and cleaning of Municipal buildings	100% of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings
Legal Services	Transformation & Institutional Development	To promote legal compliance to minimize litigations and lawsuits	4.20 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they occur	Facilitation of Litigation	100 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they occur
			4.21 % of Contacts/SLAs rereferred and finalised in line with tender regulations	Facilitation of compliance with regard to contract management	100 % % of Contacts/SLAs rereferred and finalised in line with tender regulations
			4.22 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Financial Management	4.23 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Targets
			4.24 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained
		Contract Management	4.25 100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	services	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services
		Demand Management Plan	4.26 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM (NEW)		4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM

2023/2024 KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS, STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS PER DEPARTMENT

MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

KPA 4	MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT & CORPORATE SERVICES

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of		Year Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence	Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Institutional Developme nt	Municipal Transformatio n & Institutional Development			4.1 Organizational Structure reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	and facilitation of	Approved Organization al Structure and Council Resolution	Organizational Structure reviewed and submitted to Council for approval	Organizational Structure reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2023	Organizational Structure reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	N/A	N/A	N/A
				4.2 Human Resources Strategy developed, reviewed annually, aligned to Staff Establishment and submitted to Council for approval		Approved HR Strategy and Council Resolution	Human Resources Strategy developed, reviewed annually, aligned to Staff Establishment and submitted to Council for approval	Human Resources Strategy developed and aligned to Staff Establishment and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2023	Human Resources Strategy reviewed and aligned to Staff Establishment and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	Establishment and submitted to Council for	Human Resources Strategy reviewed and aligned to Staff Establishment and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2026	Human Resources Strategy reviewed and aligned to Staff Establishment and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027
				4.3 % of funded posts filled within 90 days after declaring vacancy (Circular 88)	and Facilitation of filling of vacant posts	Advertiseme nt and Report on appointment s	100 % of funded posts filled within 90 days after position becoming vacant		%100 of funded posts filled within 90 days after declared vacant	%100 of funded posts filled within 90 days after declared vacant	%100 of funded posts filled within 90 days after declared vacant	%100 of funded posts filled within 90 days after declared vacant
				4.4 Number of signed Performance Agreements by employees (Circular 88)		Progress Report and signed PAs	(100%) of labour force signed Performance Agreements by employees	100% of labour force signed Performance Agreements by employees by 30 June 2023	100% of labour force signed Performance Agreements by employees by 30 June 2024	100% of labour force signed Performance Agreements by employees by 30 June 2025	100% of labour force signed Performance Agreements by employees by 30 June 2026	100% of labour force signed Performance Agreements by employees by 30 June 2027

Priority	Key	Strategic Objectives	Baselin e	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year	Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area						Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				4.5 Employment Equity Plan developed, annually reviewed and submitted to Council and Dol for approval by 15 th January	and Facilitation of development and annually	Approved EEP/Forum (minutes & register) & Council Resolution,	Employment Equity Plan developed, annually reviewed, and submitted to Council for approval	developed and submitted to	Employment Equity Plan annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	annually	Employment Equity Plan annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2026	Employment Equity Plan annually reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027
Human Resource Developme nt				4.6 Number of Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) developed, annually reviewed, and submitted to LGSETA by end of April	Facilitation of development of WSP	Compiled WSP	5 Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) developed, annually reviewed, and submitted to LGSETA by end of April	Skills Development Plan (WSP) developed and submitted to	1 Workplace Skills Development Plan (WSP) developed and submitted to LGSETA by end of April 2024	submitted to LGSETA by end	1 Workplace Skills Development Plan (WSP) developed and submitted to LGSETA by end of April 2026	1 Workplace Skills Development Plan (WSP) developed and submitted to LGSETA by end of April 2027
				4.7 Annual Training Report compiled and submitted to LGSETA by April	and	Report of ATR submitted to LG SETA	Annual Training Report compiled and submitted to LGSETA by April		Annual Training Report compiled and submitted to LGSETA by April 2024	•	Annual Training Report compiled and submitted to LGSETA by April 2026	Annual Training Report compiled and submitted to LGSETA by April 2027
Occupation al Health and Safety		To promote Occupationa I Health and Safety Environment for all Employees		4.8 Number of Health and Safety Representative Committee meetings held	Coordination and Facilitation of Health and Safety Representativ e Committee	Attendance Register & Minutes	20 Health and Safety Representativ e Committee meetings held	4 Health and Safety Representativ e Committee meetings held by 30 June 2023	4 Health and Safety Representativ e Committee meetings held by 30 June 2024	Safety Representative Committee	4 Health and Safety Representativ e Committee meetings held by 30 June 2026	4 Health and Safety Representativ e Committee meetings held by 30 June 2027

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of		Annual Targets				
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence	Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				4.9 Number of Trainings and capacity building programmes on OHS Reps conducted	Coordination and Facilitation of OHS Rep Training	Attendance Register & Reports	5 Trainings for OHS Representativ es conducted	1 Trainings for OHS Representativ es conducted by 30 June 2023	1 Trainings for OHS Representativ es conducted by 30 June 2024	1 Trainings for OHS Representative s conducted by 30 June 2025	1 Trainings for OHS Representativ es conducted by 30 June 2026	1 Trainings for OHS Representativ es conducted by 30 June 2027
				4.10 Number of OHS Awareness campaigns conducted	Coordination and Facilitation of OHS Training	Attendance Register	20 OHS Awareness campaigns conducted	4 OHS Awareness campaigns conducted by 30 June 2023	4 OHS Awareness campaigns conducted by 30 June 2024	4 OHS Awareness campaigns conducted by 30 June 2025	4 OHS Awareness campaigns conducted by 30 June 2026	4 OHS Awareness campaigns conducted by 30 June 2027
				4.11 Number of Employee Wellness Programmes conducted	Coordination of Employees Wellness	Attendance Register & Report	5 Employee Wellness Programmes conducted	1 Employee Wellness Programme conducted by 30 June 2023	1 Employee Wellness Programme conducted by 30 June 2024	1 Employee Wellness Programme conducted by 30 June 2025	1 Employee Wellness Programme conducted by 30 June 2026	1 Employee Wellness Programme conducted by 30 June 2027
				4.12 % of reported occupational injuries attended in a required time frame	Coordination of Employees Wellness	Incident Register and progress report	100% attendance to occupational injuries reported	100% attendance to occupational injuries reported by 30 June 2023	100% attendance to occupational injuries reported by 30 June 2024	100% attendance to occupational injuries reported by 30 June 2025	100% attendance to occupational injuries reported by 30 June 2026	100% attendance to occupational injuries reported by 30 June 2027
Labour Relations	Municipal Transformatio n & Institutional Development	To ensure sound Labour Relations so as to minimize		4.13 % of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days of reporting	Promotion of sound Labour Relations		100% of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days of reporting	100% of reported cases of misconduct attended to	100% of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days	100% of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days of reporting by 30 June 2025	100% of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days of reporting by 30 June 2026	100% of reported cases of misconduct attended to within 90 days of reporting by 30 June 2027
		Labour disputes and disruptions		4.14 Number of LLF Meetings held monthly	Promotion of sound Labour Relations	Attendance Register & Minutes	60 LLF Meetings held	11/12 LLF Meetings held monthly by 30 June 2023	12 LLF Meetings held monthly by 30 June 2024	12 LLF Meetings held monthly by 30 June 2025	12 LLF Meetings held monthly by 30 June 2026	12 LLF Meetings held monthly by 30 June 2027
Records Managemen t and	Municipal Transformatio n	To Improve administrativ e		4.15 Record Management Policy & Procedure	Coordination and Facilitation of	Approved Record Policy & Procedure	Record Management Policy & Procedure	Develop Record Management	Annual Review Record Management	g	Record Management Policy & Procedure	Record Management Policy & Procedure

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence	Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Auxillary Services					the development			Policy & Procedure	Policy & Procedure			
				4.16 % in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act	and Facilitation of	Distraction or Transfer certificate	% in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act	100% % in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act by 30 June 2023	100% % in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act by 30 June 2024	100% % in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act by 30 June 2025	100% % in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act by 30 June 2026	100% % in disposal of records in accordance with National archives Act by 30 June 2027
				4.17 Number of Record Management Awareness programmes conducted	Coordination and Facilitation of Record Management System	Attendance Registers	5 Record Management Awareness programmes conducted	1 Record Management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2023	4 Record Management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2024	4 Record Management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2025	4 Record Management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2026	4 Record Management Awareness programmes conducted by 30 June 2027
	& Institutional Development	capability of Municipality		4.18 Records Management Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval.	and Facilitation of development	procedure manual and Council Resolution	Manual developed and approved by Council	Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2023	Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	ReviewedManu al developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2025	Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2026	Manual developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027
				4.19 % of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings	Facilitate	Progress Report	100% of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings		100% of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings by 30 June 2024	100% of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings by 30 June 2025	100% of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings by 30 June 2026	100% of maintenance and up keeping of Municipal buildings by 30 June 2027
Legal Services		To promote legal compliance to minimize litigations and lawsuits		4.20 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they occur	Facilitation of Litigation	Litigation(s) Register & Progress Report	100 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as	100 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they	100 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they	100 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they	100 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they	100 % of attendance of litigations in favour or against the Municipality as an when they

Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of		Annual Target	S			
Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence	Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
							an when they occur	occur by 30 June 2023	occur by 30 June 2024	occur by 30 June 2025	occur by 30 June 2026	occur by 30 June 2027
				4.21 % of Contacts/SLAs rereferred and finalised in line with tender regulations		Referral and Request register of Contract/ SLAs Drafted SLAs	100% of Contacts/SLAs rereferred and finalised in line with tender regulations		100% of Contacts/SLAs rereferred and finalised in line with tender regulations by 30 June 2024	finalised in line with tender	100% of Contacts/SLAs rereferred and finalised in line with tender regulations by 30 June 2026	100% of Contacts/SLAs rereferred and finalised in line with tender regulations by 30 June 2027
				4.22 % of OPEX Allocation/Budget ed spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure (s71) Report	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027
				4.23 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budget ed spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure (s71) Report	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2027
				4.24 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	Vacancy rate status report	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained		75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2025	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2026	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027
				4.25 100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Performance Evaluation on contracted services	Progress report on Evaluation of service providers	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services		100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and

İ	Priority	Key	Strategic	Baselin	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of	5 Year	Annual Targets				
	Area	Performance Area	Objectives	е	Performance Indicators		Evidence	Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
•										reported on quarterly basis	reported on quarterly basis	reported on quarterly basis	reported on quarterly basis
					4.26 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM (NEW)	procurement	Approved procurement Plan	4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM		and submitted to	Procurement Plan compiled and	Plan compiled	1 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM by 30 June 2027

FIVE-YEAR 2022/23-2026/27 DELIVERABLES

KPA 5: GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

OFFICE OF EXECUTIVE MAYOR:

KPA 5		GOOD G	OVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PAR	TICIPATION						
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	(OFFICE	E OF THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR							
Strategic Priority	Strategic Priority Key		Strategic Objectives	Кеу	Strategy	5 Year Target				
(Programme)	Programme) Performance			Performance		(2022/27)				
	Area			Indicators						
Special Programmes	Special Programmes Good governance public participation		coherent approach in the	conducted (HIV/AIDS, TB,		20 of Public Health Awareness programmes conducted (HIV/AIDS, TB, Cancer & Covid 19.)				
			To ensure that there are outreach programmes aimed at vulnerable groups	Awareness programmes held	Coordination of GBV Programmes	5 GBV Awareness programmes held				
			(women, children, disabled)	5.3 Number of public and special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & Disabled) within the community	Programmes for Vulnerable groups					
Youth Development	Good governance public participation	e and	To implement programmes aimed at youth development	•	Coordination and facilitation of youth summit	5 Annual youth summits held				

Strategic Priority	Key	Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	5 Year Target
(Programme)	Performance		Performance		(2022/27)
	Area		Indicators		
Youth Development	Good governance and public participation	To implement programmes aimed at youth development		youth development	20 youth awareness programmes conducted
		Financial management	5.6 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	· •	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	5.7 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER:

KPA 5		GOOD	GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PART	TICIPATION						
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE		OFFIC	DFFICE OF THE SPEAKER							
Priority Area (Programme)	Key		Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	5 Year Target				
	Performance			Performance		(2022/27)				
	Area			Indicators						
Public Participation	Good governanc public participation	e and	Ensure transparency, accountability and regular engagements with communities and stakeholders	Strategy developed, reviewed	•	3, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
				5.9 Number of Ordinary Council meetings held, and community members invited	Coordination of Council Meetings	20 Ordinary Council meetings held, and community members invited				
				5.10 Number of Ward Meetings held by Ward Councillors per ward.		460 Ward Meetings held by Ward Councillors per ward.				
				5.11 Number of Ward plans developed and approved by ward committees		115 developed and approved ward plans				
Public Participation	Good governance public participation	e and	Ensure that Ward Committees are functional and interact with	5.12 Number of Ward Committees established	Facilitation and coordination for the establishment of ward committees	23 Ward Committees established				
			communities regularly	5.13 Number of Ward Committee meetings held annually	Coordination of Ward Committee Meetings	20 Ward Committee meetings held				
				5.14 % of Petitions received and attended to within 7 days of receipt	Managing petitions	100% of Petitions received and attended to within 7 days of receipt				

Priority Area (F	Programme)	Key	Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	5 Year Target
		Performance		Performance		(2022/27)
		Area		Indicators		
			financial management		Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
					Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
	-		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	5.17 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained

OFFICE OF THE COUNCIL WHIP:

KPA 5		GOOD GO	VERNANCE AND PUBLIC F	PARTICIPATION					
OFFICE/DIREC	CTORATE	OFFICE O	OFFICE OF COUNCIL WHIP						
Priority Area (Programme)			Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Targets			
Council Management (Whippery)	Good governance and public participation		To provide continuous political support on matters affecting council management and stability	5.18 No of Whippery (Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal matters.	Troika Meeting	60 Whippery (Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal matters.			
			Financial management	5.19 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent			

Priority (Progra	•	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Targets
		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	5.20 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained

CORPORATE SERVICES AND ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT:

KPA 5		GOOD	GOVERNANCE AND PU	BLIC PARTICIPATION						
OFFICE/DIRECT	TORATE	CORPORATE SERVICES AND ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT								
Priority Area (Programme)	Key		Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	5 Year Targets				
(i rogramme)	Performance			Performance						
	Area			Indicators						
Council Support	Good governance public participation	and	Ensure all Council Committees (s80) sit regularly and process	3	Coordination and Facilitation of Portfolio Committees Meetings	120 Portfolio Committees(s80) meetings held				
			items for Council decisions	5.22 % Monitoring of Council Resolutions implemented	Monitoring implementation of Council Resolution	100% Monitoring implementation of Council Resolution				
			To provide continuous strategic support on organisational goals and performance	Meetings held (bi-monthly)	Coordination of Senior Management Meetings	40 Senior management Meetings held				

OFFICE OF MUNICIPAL MANAGER:

KPA 5	G	OOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC	PARTICIPATION		
OFFICE/DIRECTOR	ATE O	FFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL MANA	GER		
Priority Area	Key	Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	
	Performance		Performance		5 Year Target
	Area		Indicators		
Integrated Development Planning	Good Governance and Public Participation	To ensure Legally compliant and Credible IDP	5.24 Number of IDPs developed, reviewed, and approved annually	Development and Review IDPs on annual basis.	5 IDP Documents developed and approved by Council
Performance Management			5.25 Number of PMS Policy/Framework developed and approved by Council	Development and Review of PMS Policy/Framework	5 PMS Policy/Framework developed, reviewed, and approved by Council
		To improve the administrative capability of the municipality	5.26 Number of SDBIPs developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the approval of IDP & Budget	Development and approval of SDBIP	5 SDBIPs developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the approval of IDP & Budget
			5.27 Number of Performance Reports compiled and submitted to Council	Coordination and submission of Performance Reports	20 Performance Reports
Internal Audit	Good governance and public participation	To improve the administrative capability of the municipality	5.28 Number of Internal Audit reports on Performance review conducted and submitted to Audit committee	Coordination and submission of Interna Audit Reports	20 Quarterly Internal Audit Reports
			5.29 Annual Internal Audit Plan developed and approved by Audit Committee by 30June annually	Coordination and Facilitation of the development and approval of Annual Internal Audit Plan	Approved Internal Audit Plan by Audit Committee Annually

Priority Area	Key	Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	
	Performance		Performance		5 Year Target
	Area		Indicators		
			5.30 % Implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan	Coordination and Facilitation of the implantation of Annual Internal Audit Plan	100% implementation of Annual Audit Internal Plan
			5.31 Annual Review of Internal Audit Committee Charter & Audit Committee Charter	Coordination and Facilitation of the review of Internal & Audit Committee Charter	Reviewed and approved Internal Audit Charter and Audit Committee Charter by Council
			5.32 Number of Audit Committee meetings convened annually	Coordination and Facilitation of Audit Committee meetings	20 Audit Committee meetings convened
Compliance	Good Governance and Public Participation		5.33 Number of compliance Assessment conducted annually	Coordination and Facilitation of Compliance Assessment	20 Assessments regarding compliance conducted
			5.34 Number of MPAC Meetings held (s79)	Coordination and Facilitation of MPAC Meetings	20 Number of MPAC Meetings held (s79)
		To build compliance culture on municipal applicable		Facilitation of Oversight by Council	1 Oversight Report compiled and submitted to Council
		prescripts	5.36 % of investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations conducted		100% of investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations conducted
			5.37 % of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Board by MPAC		100% of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Board by MPAC

Priority Area	Key	Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	
	Performance		Performance		5 Year Target
	Area		Indicators		
Risk Management		To build a risk conscious culture within the Municipality	5.38 Review of Risk Management Policy and submission to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of Annual Review of Risk Management Policy	Approved Reviewed Risk Management Policy and submission for Council Approval
			5.39 Review of Risk Management strategy and submission to Council for Approval	Coordination and Facilitation of Reviewed Risk Management Strategy	Approved Risk Management Strategy and submission to Council for Approval
	Good governance and public participation		5.40 Compilation and updating of Risk Register and Risk Assessment conducted	Coordination of quarterly updating of Risk register and Risk Assessment conducted	Quarterly compilation and Updating of Risk Assessment conducted
			5.41 Number of Risk Management Committee meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation of Risk Management Committee meetings	20 Risk Management Committee meetings convened
Information Communication & Technology	Good governance and public participation	To improve the administrative capability of the municipality	5.42 Review of ICT Policy and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of the Annual Review of ICT Policy	Approved ICT Policy
		To improve the	5.43 Number of ICT Steering committee meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation of ICT Steering committee meetings	20 ICT Steering committee meetings convened
		administrative capability of the municipality	5.44 % Wide Area Network up time to over 95% as per the system (to be generated by the system)	Maintenance of Wide Area Network up time to over 95%	95 % Wide Area Network up time to over 95% as per the system (to be generated by the system)

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	5 Year Target
Communications	Good governance and public participation	To promote Intergovernmental Relations (IGR) and Communication channels with relevant stakeholders	developed, reviewed annually, and	Coordination of development of Communication Policy	Communication Policy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council
			5.46 Communication Strategy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and Facilitation of development of Communication Strategy	Communication Strategy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval
			5.47 % of publications publicized to community as an when received	Coordination of municipal publications	100 % of publications publicized to community as an when received
			5.48 Number of Technical IGR Meetings attended	Strengthening Intergovernmental Relations	20 Technical IGR Meetings attended
			5.49 % Of quarterly updates made on Municipal website	Updating of Municipal Website	100 % update of Municipal Website
Unit Management (Deneysville & Oranjeville)	Good governance and public participation	To ensure proper coordination on provision of municipal services to all units	5.50 Number of quarterly reports on service delivery submitted to Municipal Manager	Coordination and submission of quarterly service delivery reports from Units	20 quarterly reports on service delivery (Unit Management) submitted to Municipal Manager
Security Management	Good governance and public participation	To ensure safety and security of municipal assets/property	5.51 Security Plan developed, reviewed annually and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of development and annual review of Security Plan Security Management	Security Plan developed, reviewed annually and submitted to Council for approval
		авован ргорону	5.52 % of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur	Joseph Managomoni	100% of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur

Priority Area	Key	Strategic Objectives	Key	Strategy	
	Performance		Performance		5 Year Target
	Area		Indicators		
			5.53 Number of Security Reports compiled		20 Security Reports compiled
		Financial Management	5.54 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
			5.55 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	100 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent
		Facilitation and Coordination of Staff Establishment	5.56 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained
		Contract Management	5.57 100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Performance Evaluation on contracted services	100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services
		Demand Management Plan	5.58 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM (NEW)		4 Number of Procurement Plan compiled and submitted to SCM

2023/2024 KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS, STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND TARGETS PER DEPARTMENT

KPA5: GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

KPA 5	GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR

Strategic	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio	5 Year Target	Annual Target				
Priority (Programme)	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	(2022/27)	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Special Programmes	Good governance and public participation	To implement special programmes aimed at the needs of Vulnerable groups and Youths within the community		5.1 Number of public and special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & Disabled) within the community 5.2 Number of Youth Summit held		Attendance Register Attendance Register	60 of public and special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & disabled) within the community 5 Youth Summit held	12 of public and special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & disabled) within the community by 30 June 2023 1 Youth Summit held by June 2023	12 of public and special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & disabled) within the community by 30 June 2024 1 Youth Summit held by June 2024	12 of public and special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & disabled) within the community by 30 June 2025 1 Youth Summit held by June 2025	special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & disabled) within the community by 30 June 2026	special outreach programmes conducted for the needs of Vulnerable groups (Women, elderly, children & Disabled) within the community by 30 June 2027
				5.3 Number of Youth Awareness programmes (Alcohol/Drug Abuse, Teenage pregnancy & Youth Day commemoration)	Coordination of Youth Awareness programmes/campaigns	Attendance Register	20 Youth Awareness programmes (Alcohol/Drug Abuse, Teenage pregnancy & Youth Day commemoration) conducted	4 Youth Awareness programmes (Alcohol/Drug	-	4 Youth Awareness programmes (Alcohol/Drug Abuse, Teenage pregnancy & Youth Day commemoration) conducted by end of June 2025	4 Youth Awareness programmes (Alcohol/Drug	4 Youth Awareness programmes (Alcohol/Drug

Strategic	Key	Strategic	Baseline		Strategy	Portfolio	5 Year Target	Annual Target				
Priority (Programme)	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Of Evidence	(2022/27)	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
		To Ensure that there is coherent approach in the Municipality in dealing with pandemics (HIV/AIDS& TB including Covid 19 & GBV)		5.4 Number of Public Health Awareness programmes conducted (HIV/AIDS, TB, Cancer & Covid 19.)	Coordination of Public Health Programmes	Attendance Register	20 of Public Health Awareness programmes conducted (HIV/AIDS, TB, Cancer & Covid 19.)	Awareness programmes conducted (HIV/AIDS, TB, Cancer & Covid	4 Public Health Awareness programmes conducted (HIV/AIDS, TB, Cancer & Covid 19.)			
				5.5 Number of GBV Awareness programmes held			5 GBV Awareness programmes held	1 GBV Awareness programmes held by 30 June 2023	1 GBV Awareness programmes held by 30 June 2024	1 GBV Awareness programmes held by 30 June 2025	Awareness programmes	1 GBV Awareness programmes held by 30 June 2027
				5.6 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure Report	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027
				5.7 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure Report	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2027
				5.8 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	Vacancy Status Report	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained		75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2025	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2026	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027

KPA 5	GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER

Priority Area	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of	5 Year Target	Annual Target	ts			
	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators	·	Evidence	(2022/27)	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Public Participation	Good governance and public participation	Ensure transparency, accountability and regular engagements with communities and stakeholders		5.9 Public Participation Strategy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and Facilitation of development of Public Participation Strategy	Approved Public Participation & Council Resolution	Public Participation Strategy developed, reviewed annually and submitted to Council for approval	approval by 30	Public Participation Strategy reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	submitted to Council for	Public Participation Strategy reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027	Public Participation Strategy reviewed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027
			Communities invited and attending Council proceedings	5.10 Number of Council meetings held, and community members invited	Coordination of Council Meetings	Public Notice& Attendance Register	20 Council meetings held, and community members invited	4 Council meetings held and community members invited by 30 June 2023	and community members	meetings held and community members	4 Council meetings held and community members invited by 30 June 2025	members
				5.11 Number of Ward Meetings held by Ward Councillors per ward.		Attendance Register & Minutes	460 Ward Meetings held by Ward Councillors per ward.	Meetings held	by Ward	Meetings held by Ward Councillors per	92 Ward Meetings held by Ward Councillors per ward by 30 June 2023	92 Ward Meetings held by Ward Councillors per ward by 30 June 2023
				5.12 Number of Ward plans developed by Ward Committees	Ward Plan	Ward Plan File and Register	115	23 Number of Ward plans developed by Ward Committees by 30 June 2023	23 Number of Ward plans developed by Ward Committees by 30 June 2024	23 Number of Ward plans developed by Ward Committees by 30 June 2025	23 Number of Ward plans developed by Ward Committees by 30 June 2026	23 Number of Ward plans developed by Ward Committees by 30 June 2027
		Ensure that Ward Committees are functional and interact with communities		5.13 Number of Ward Committees established	Facilitation and Coordination establishment Ward Committee Register	Ward Committee File	23 Ward Committees established	23 Ward Committees established by 30 June 2023	23 Ward Committees established by 30 June 2024	Committees	23 Ward Committees established by 30 June 2026	23 Ward Committees established by 30 June 2027

Priority Area	Key	Strategic	Baseline	Key	Strategy	Portfolio Of		Annual Target	s			
	Performance Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Evidence	(2022/27)	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				5.14 Number of Ward Committee meetings held annually		Attendance Register & Minutes	20 Ward Committee meetings held	4 Ward Committee meetings held by 30 June 2023	4 Ward Committee meetings held by 30 June 2024	4 Ward Committee meetings held by 30 June 2025	4 Ward Committee meetings held by 30 June 2026	4 Ward Committee meetings held by 30 June 2027
				5.15 % of Petitions received and attended to within 7 days of receipt	Managing petitions	Petition Register	100% of Petitions received and attended to within 7 days of receipt	attended to	100% of Petitions received and attended to within 7 days of receipt by 30 June 2024	attended to within 7 days of	100% of Petitions received and attended to within 7 days of receipt by 30 June 2026	Petitions received and attended to within 7 days of
				5.16 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure Report	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027
				5.17 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Expenditure Report	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2026	allocated
				5.18 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	Vacancy Status Report	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained		75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2025	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2026	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027

KPA 5	GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	OFFICE OF COUNCIL WHIP

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Council Management	Good governance and public participation			5.19 No of Whippery (Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal matters.	· ·	Troika Attendance Register	60 Whippery (Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal matters.	12 Whippery (Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal matters by 30 June 2023	12 Whippery (Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal matters by 30 June 2024	(Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal	(Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal	(Troika) meetings convened to deal with Municipal matters by 30 June 2027
				5.20 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgeted spent (NEW)		Expenditure Report	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024		allocated	OPEX Budget
				5.21 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	Vacancy status Report	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained		75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2025	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2026	compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June

KPA 5	GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	CORPORATE SERVICES AND ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Priority Area	Key Performance Area	Strategic Objectives	Baseline	Key Performance Indicators	Strategy	Portfolio O Evidence	Of	5 Year Targets	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Council Support	Good governance and public participation			5.22 Number of Portfolio Committees(s80) meetings held	Coordination and Facilitation of Portfolio Committees Meetings		&	120 Portfolio Committees(s 80) meetings held	24 Portfolio Committees(s 80) meetings held by 30 June 2023	Committees(s8	Committees(s 80) meetings	Committees(s 80) meetings	Committees(s80)
			Move to no.4	5.23 % Monitoring of Council Resolutions implemented		Council Resolution Register		100% Monitoring implementatio n of Council Resolution	100% Monitoring implementatio n of Council Resolution by 30 June 2023	Resolution by	100% Monitoring implementatio n of Council Resolution by 30 June 2025	Resolution by	100% Monitoring implementation of Council Resolution by 30 June 2027
		To provide continuous strategic support on organisational goals and performance		5.24 Number of Senior management Meetings held (bi- monthly)	Coordination of Senior Management Meetings	Attendance Register & Minutes	&	40 Senior management Meetings held	8 Senior management Meetings held(bi- monthly) by 30 June 2023	8 Senior management Meetings held(bi- monthly) by 30 June 2024	8 Senior management Meetings held(bi- monthly) by 30 June 2025	8 Senior management Meetings held(bi- monthly) by 30 June 2026	8 Senior management Meetings held(bi- monthly) by 30 June 2027

KPA 5	GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
OFFICE/DIRECTORATE	OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER

Priority Area	Key	Strategic	Baseline		Strategy			Annual Targets				
	Performanc e Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
Integrated Development Planning	Good Public Participation	To ensure Legally compliant and Credible IDP	2021/22 Approve d in place	5.25 Number of IDPs developed, reviewed, and approved annually	Development and Review IDPs on annual basis.	5 Year approved IDP and Revied IDPs & Council Resolution	Documents developed and	(2022/23- 2026/27)	2023/24 IDP Reviewed and approved by Council by 30 May 2024	2024/25 IDP Reviewed and approved by Council by 30 May 2025	2024/26 IDP Reviewed and approved by Council by 30 May 2026	2026/27 IDP Reviewed and approved by Council by 30 May 2027
Performance Management			Draft policy in place	5.26 Number of PMS Policy/Framework developed and approved by Council	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PMS Policy approved and Council resolution		Policy/Framewor k developed,	1 PMS Policy/Framewor k developed and approved by Council by June 2024	Policy/Framewor k reviewed and approved by	Policy/Framewor	Policy/Framewor
		To improve the administrative capability of the municipality	2021/22 Approve d SDBIP in place	5.27 Number of SDBIPs developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the approval of IDP & Budget	Development and approval of SDBIP	Approved SDBIP	5 SDBIPs developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the approval of IDP & Budget	developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the	1 SDBIPs developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the approval of IDP & Budget		1 SDBIPs developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the approval of IDP & Budget	1 SDBIPs developed and approved by Executive Mayor 28 days after the approval of IDP & Budget
			2 reports submitte d (Midyear and Annual Report)	5.28 Number of Performance Reports compiled and submitted to Council	Coordination and submission of Performance Reports	Submitted reports and Council resolution	20 Performance Reports	4 Performance Reports submitted to Council	4 Performance Reports submitted to Council	Reports	Reports	4 Performance Reports submitted to Council

Priority Area	Key	Strategic	Baseline		Strategy			Annual Targets					
	Performanc e Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target	
Internal Audit	Internal Audit Good governance and public participation			5.29 Number of Internal Audit reports on Performance review conducted and submitted to Audit committee	Coordination and submission of Interna Audit Reports	Quarterly Internal Audit Reports	20 Quarterly Internal Audit Reports	4 Quarterly Internal Audit Reports compiled and submitted to Audit committee by 30 June 2023	submitted to	submitted to	4 Quarterly Internal Audit Reports compiled and submitted to Audit committee by 30 June 2026	4 Quarterly Internal Audit Reports compiled and submitted to Audit committee by 30 June 2027	
					5.30 Annual Internal Audit Plan developed and approved by Audit Committee by 30June annually	Coordination and Facilitation of the development and approval of Annual Internal Audit Plan	Approved Internal Audit Plan and Minutes by Audit Committee	Plan by Audit	Approved Internal Audit Plan by Audit Committee by 30 June 2023	Approved Internal Audit Plan by Audit Committee by 30 June 2024	Approved Internal Audit Plan by Audit Committee by 30 June 2025	Approved Internal Audit Plan by Audit Committee by 30 June 2026	Approved Internal Audit Plan by Audit Committee by 30 June 2027
				5.31 % Implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan	Coordination and Facilitation of the implantation of Annual Internal Audit Plan	Report on the progress implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan	implementation of Annual Audit Internal Plan	100% implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan by 30 June 2023	100% implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan by 30 June 2024	100% implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan by 30 June 2025	100% implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan by 30 June 2026	100% implementation of Annual Internal Audit Plan by 30 June 2027	
				5.32 Annual Review of Internal Audit Committee Charter & Audit Committee Charter	Coordination and Facilitation of the review of Internal & Audit Committee Charter	Reports	Reviewed and approved Internal Audit Charter and Audit Committee Charter by Council	Charter and Audit Committee Charter reviewed and approved	Internal Audit Charter and Audit Committee Charter reviewed and approved by Council by 30 June 2024		Internal Audit Charter and Audit Committee Charter reviewed and approved by Council by 30 June 2026	Internal Audit Charter and Audit Committee Charter reviewed and approved by Council by 30 June 2027	
				5.33 Number of Audit Committee meetings convened annually	Coordination and Facilitation of Audit Committee meetings		20 Audit Committee meetings convened	4 Audit Committee meetings convened by 30 June 2023	4 Audit Committee meetings convened by 30 June 2024	Committee meetings	4 Audit Committee meetings convened by 30 June 2026	Committee meetings	
Compliance	Good governance and public participation			5.34 Number of compliance Assessment conducted annually	Coordination and Facilitation of Compliance Assessment	Compliance Assessment Register	20 Assessments regarding compliance conducted	4 Assessments regarding compliance conducted by 30 June 2023	4 Assessments regarding compliance conducted by 30 June 2024	4 Assessments regarding compliance conducted by 30 June 2025	4 Assessments regarding compliance conducted by 30 June 2026	4 Assessments regarding compliance conducted by 30 June 2027	

Priority Area	Key	Strategic	Baseline		Strategy		-v - (Annual Targets						
	Performanc e Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target		
Council Oversight			Move to corporat e	5.35 Number of MPAC Meetings held (s79)	Coordination and Facilitation of MPAC Meetings	Attendance Register & Minutes	20 Number of MPAC Meetings held (s79)	4 MPAC Meetings held (s79) by 30 June 2023	4 MPAC Meetings held (s79) by 30 June 2024	4 MPAC Meetings held (s79) by 30 June 2025	4 MPAC Meetings held (s79) by 30 June 2026	4 MPAC Meetings held (s79) by 30 June 2027		
				5.36 No of oversight report compiled and submitted to Council	Facilitation of Oversight by Council	Oversight Report Council Resolution	5 oversight report compiled and submitted to Council		1 oversight report compiled and submitted to Council by 30 June 2024	•	1 oversight report compiled and submitted to Council by 30 June 2026	1 oversight report compiled and submitted to Council by 30 June 2027		
				5.37 % of investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations conducted		Reports Council Resolution	100% of investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations conducted		100% of investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations conducted by 30 June 2024	investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations	100% of investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations conducted by 30 June 2026	100% of investigations reports referred to Council for Condonement against total number of investigations conducted by 30 June 2027		
				5.38 % of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Board by MPAC		Report	100% % of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Boar d by MPAC		100% % of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Boar d by MPAC by 30 June 2024	100% of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Boar d by MPAC by 30 June 2025	100% of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Boar d by MPAC by 30 June 2026	100% of cases referred to Disciplinary Committee/Boar d by MPAC by 30 June 2027		
Risk Management	Good governance and public participation	To build risk conscious culture within the Municipality		5.39 Review of Risk Management Policy and submission to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of Annual Review of Risk Management Policy	Reviewed Risk Management Policy and Council Resolution	Reviewed Risk Management Policy and submission for Council Approval	Management Policy and submission to Council by 30 June 2023	Approved Reviewed Risk Management Policy and submission for Council Approval	Management	Annually Reviewed Risk Management Policy and submission to Council by 30 June 2026	Annually Reviewed Risk Management Policy and submission to Council by 30 June 2027		
				5.40 Review of Risk Management strategy and submission to Council for Approval	Coordination and Facilitation of Reviewed Risk Management Strategy	Reviewed Risk Management Strategy and Council Resolution	Management	Strategy and	Annually Reviewed Risk Management Strategy and submission to Council for Approval by 30 June 2024	Management	Annually Reviewed Risk Management Strategy and submission to Council for Approval by 30 June 2026	Annually Reviewed Risk Management Strategy and submission to Council for Approval by 30 June 2027		

Priority Area	Key	Strategic	Baseline		Strategy			Annual Targets				
	Performanc e Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target
				5.41 Compilation and updating of Risk Register and Risk Assessment conducted	Coordination of quarterly updating of Risk register and Risk Assessment conducted	Updated Risk Register and Assessment report		Quarterly compilation and updating of Risk register and Risk Assessment conducted by 30 June 2023	Quarterly compilation and updating of Risk register and Risk Assessment conducted by 30 June 2024	Quarterly compilation and updating of Risk register and Risk Assessment conducted by 30 June 2025	Quarterly compilation and updating of Risk register and Risk Assessment conducted by 30 June 2026	Quarterly compilation and updating of Risk register and Risk Assessment conducted by 30 June 2027
				5.42 Number of Risk Management Committee meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation of Risk Management Committee meetings	Reports and Attendance Registers	20 Risk Management Committee meetings convened	4 Risk Management Committee meetings convened by 30 June 2023	4 Risk Management Committee meetings convened by 30 June 2024	Management Committee meetings	4 Risk Management Committee meetings convened by 30 June 2026	4 Risk Management Committee meetings convened by 30 June 2027
Information Communication & Technology	Good governance and public participation	To improve the administrative capability of the municipality		5.43 Review of ICT Policy and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of the Annual Review of ICT Policy	Approved ICT Policy and Council Resolution	• • •	Reviewed and approved ICT Policy by 30 June 2023	Reviewed and approved ICT Policy by 30 June 2024	Reviewed and approved ICT Policy by 30 June 2025	Reviewed and approved ICT Policy by 30 June 2026	Reviewed and approved ICT Policy by 30 June 2027
				5.44 Number of ICT Steering committee meetings convened	Coordination and Facilitation of ICT Steering committee meetings	Reports & Attendance Registers	20 ICT Steering committee meetings convened	4 ICT Steering committee meetings convened by 30 June 2023	4 ICT Steering committee meetings convened by 30 June 2024	4 ICT Steering committee meetings convened by 30 June 2025	4 ICT Steering committee meetings convened by 30 June 2026	4 ICT Steering committee meetings convened by 30 June 2027
				5.45 % Wide Area Network up time to over 95% as per the system (to be generated by the system)	Maintenance of Wide Area Network up time to over 95%	Systems Reports	95 % Wide Area Network up time to over 95% as per the system (to be generated by the system)	Network up time to over 95% as per the system	95 % Wide Area Network up time to over 95% as per the system (to be generated by the system) by 30 June 2024	to over 95% as per the system	95 % Wide Area Network up time to over 95% as per the system (to be generated by the system) by 30 June 2026	95 % Wide Area Network up time to over 95% as per the system (to be generated by the system) by 30 June 2027
Communication s		To promote Intergovernment al Relations (IGR) and Communication channels with		5.46 Communication Policy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination of development of Communication Policy	Approved Communication Policy & Council Resolution	Communication Policy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council	, ,	Communication Policy developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	Communication Policy developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2025	Communication Policy developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2026	Communication Policy developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027

Priority Area	Key	Strategic	Baseline		Strategy			Annual Targets					
	Performanc e Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Portfolio Of Evidence	5 Year Target	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target	
		relevant stakeholders		5.47 Communication Strategy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and Facilitation of development of Communication Strategy	Approved Communication Strategy & Council Resolution	Communication Strategy developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval	approval by 30	Communication Strategy reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	Communication Strategy reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for r approval by 30 June 2025	Communication Strategy reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for r approval by 30 June 2026	Communication Strategy reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027	
				5.48 % of publications publicized to community as an when received	Facilitation and coordination of publications	Publications Register	100 % of publications publicized to community as an when received	publications	100 % of publications publicized to community as an when received by 30 June 2024	100 % of publications publicized to community as an when received by 30 June 2025	100 % of publications publicized to community as an when received by 30 June 2026	100 % of publications publicized to community as an when received by 30 June 2027	
				5.49 Number of Technical IGR Meetings attended	Strengthening Intergovernment al Relations	Attendance Register & Report	20 Technical IGR Meetings attended		4 Technical IGR Meetings attended by 30 June 2024	Meetings	4 Technical IGR Meetings attended by 30 June 2026	4 Technical IGR Meetings attended by 30 June 2027	
				5.50 % of quarterly updates made on Municipal website	Updating of Municipal Website	Website update Register & Report	100 % update of Municipal Website	100 % update of Municipal Website by 30 June 2023	100 % update of Municipal Website by 30 June 2024	100 % update of Municipal Website by 30 June 2025	100 % update of Municipal Website by 30 June 2026	100 % update of Municipal Website by 30 June 2027	
Unit Management (Deneysville & Orangeville)	Good governance and public participation	To Ensure Universal Access to reliable and quality Basic Municipal services by all communities		5.51 Number of quarterly reports on service delivery submitted to Municipal Manager	Coordination and submission of quarterly service delivery reports from Units	Progress Reports	20 quarterly reports on service delivery (Unit Management) submitted to Municipal Manager	(Unit Management)	4 quarterly reports on service delivery (Unit Management) submitted to Municipal Manager by 30 June 2024	reports on service delivery (Unit Management) submitted to Municipal	4 quarterly reports on service delivery (Unit Management) submitted to Municipal Manager by 30 June 2026	Municipal	
Security Management Services	Good governance and public participation			5.52 Security Plan developed, reviewed annually, and submitted to Council for approval	Coordination and facilitation of development and annual review of Security Plan	Approved Security Plan and Council Resolution		developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30	Security Plan developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2024	Security Plan developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2025	Security Plan developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2026	Security Plan developed and submitted to Council for approval by 30 June 2027	

Priority Area	Key		Baseline		Strategy			Annual Targets					
	Performanc e Area	Objectives		Performance Indicators		Evidence	5 Year Target	2022/23 Target	2023/24 Target	2024/25 Target	2025/26 Target	2026/27 Target	
				5.53 % of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur		Security incident register with case numbers	100% of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur		100% of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur by 30 June 2024	100% of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur by 30 June 2025	100% of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur by 30 June 2026	100% of reported cases to SAPS as an when they occur by 30 June 2027	
				5.54 Number of Security Reports compiled	Security Management	Reports	20 Security Reports compiled	4 Security Reports compiled by 30 June 2023	4 Security Reports compiled by 30 June 2024	4 Security Reports compiled by 30 June 2025	4 Security Reports compiled by 30 June 2026	4 Security Reports compiled by 30 June 2027	
				5.55 % of OPEX Allocation/Budgete d spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Finance Report/Schedul e on spending	100 % of allocated OPEX Budget spending		100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated OPEX Budget spent by 2027	
				5.56 % of CAPEX Allocation/Budgete d spent (NEW)	Facilitation of spending of allocated funds	Finance Report/Schedul e on spending	100 % of CAPEX allocated spending		100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2024	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2025	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2026	100% of allocated CAPEX Budget spent by 2027	
				5.57 % of vacancy rate maintained to 75% of total staff compliment/ establishment	Facilitation and coordination of Staff establishment	Vacancy status report	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained		75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained by 30 June 2024	compliment/ establishment	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2026	75% of total staff compliment/ establishment maintained 30 June 2027	
				5.58 100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	Performance Evaluation on contracted services		100% of Evaluations on performance of contracted services		100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	100% of performance Evaluation on contracted services as per Contract and Contract Management s116 on monthly basis and reported on quarterly basis	

SECTION H: SECTOR PLANS

Introduction:

This section demonstrates how sector plans relate to one another and each sector plan's strategic interventions that will be undertaken to make sure that the municipality broadly delivers service according to the strategic orientation of each such plan.

IDP and integration process:

The Municipal Systems Act provides that municipalities should undertake an integrated development planning process that integrates all sectors' strategies, programmes and projects to promote integrated development in communities.

This IDP therefore serves as a mechanism to facilitate integrated and coordinated delivery within the locality. It also seeks not only to mention projects that would be implemented by other government spheres within the municipality where applicable, but also demonstrate a linkage with other programmes.

Therefore, the purpose of this section is to:

- Discuss critical sector plans and their significance;
- Demonstrate the sequence and relationship of the sector plans; and
- Outline the process to ensure proper integration.

Sector plans and integrated development:

At the core of the new system of local government is the ability of municipalities to coordinate and integrate programmes of other government spheres and sectors implemented in their space. This role is very critical given that all government programmes and services are delivered in municipal spaces. In this regard, the integrated development planning process becomes a vehicle to facilitate integrated development and ensure that local government outcomes contained in the White Paper on Local Government are attained.

The national government, through legislation and policies, express government priorities, strategies, plans and programmes. The legislation and policies also require municipalities to develop sector-specific plans to guide the rendering of certain services.

For the purpose of this IDP these sector plans are grouped into two main categories, namely sector plans providing overall development vision of the municipality and sector plans that are service oriented.

Sector plans providing for the overall developmental vision of the municipality:

Most of these sector plans provide socio-economic vision and transformation vision of the municipality - they are mandatory as required by the Municipal Systems Act. In terms of the MSA the following sector plans must be part of the IDP:

- Spatial Development Framework (SDF);
- Local Economic Development Plan (LED Plan);
- Disaster Management Plan;
- Institutional Plan; and
- Financial Plan.

The table below provides an overview of existence and the status of these sector plans:

TABLE: SECTOR PLANS PROVIDING FOR THE OVERALL DEVELOPMENTAL VISION OF THE MUNICIPALITY

Description of the Plan	Available?	Approved/Reviewed by	Period	Current Status
		Council? (Yes/No)		
Spatial Development Framework (SDF)	Yes	Yes	2016/17	Review process
				underway
Local Economic Development Plan (LED	Yes	Yes	2015/16	Draft Available
Plan)				awaiting public
				consultation &
				approval by
				Council
Disaster Management Plan	Yes	Yes	2015/16	Draft in place to be
				submitted to
				Council in
				March/April 2023
Institutional Plan (Organogram)	Yes	Yes	2012/13	Review process
				concluded and
				adopted by
				Council, awaiting
				from CoGTA and
				final approval by
5: 18:	V	V	0000/00	Council thereof.
Financial Plan	Yes	Yes	2022/23	2023/24 Plan to be
				approved by
				Council in May
				2023.

Sector plans provided for and regulated by sector-specific legislation and policies:

Various national legislations and policies provide for the development of service delivery related sector plans to regulate and guide the delivery of certain services in municipalities. These plans include amongst others:

- 1. Water Services Development Plan (WSDP).
- 2. Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP).
- 3. Integrated Transport Plan (ITP).
- 4. Environmental Management Plan (EMP).
- 5. Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHS) / Housing Sector Plan (HSP).
- 6. Integrated Energy Plan (IEP).
- 7. Sports and Recreation Plan.
- 8. District Rural Development Plan, etc.

The table below provides an overview of existence and the status of these sector plans within the municipality:

TABLE: SECTOR PLANS PROVIDED FOR AND REGULATED BY SECTOR-SPECIFIC LEGISLATION AND POLICIES

Description of the Plan	Availa ble?	Approved/Revie wed by Council? (Yes/No)	Period Approved	Status
Water Services Development Plan (WSDP)	No	No	Busy developing	In consultation with CoGTA for comments
Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP)	Yes	Yes	2014/15	Draft is place , to be submitted to Council in March/April 2023 for approval
Integrated Transport Plan (ITP)	No	No	N/A	N/A
Environmental Management Plan (EMP)	No	No	N/A	N/A
Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHS) / Housing Sector Plan (HSP)	Yes	Yes	2017/18	Draft in place and to be submitted to Council for approval
Integrated Energy Plan (IEP).	No	No	N/A	N/A
Sports and Recreation Plan, etc.	No	No	N/A	N/A
Rural Development Plan	Yes	No	N/A	N/A

The two categories provide strategies, programmes and projects that form the basis for an IDP and budget. The section below outlines the relationship and hierarchy of various plans.

Hierarchy of sector plans

The first step to integrating sector plans is to understand the role of sector plans and establish how they relate to one another in an integrated development planning process. This relationship demonstrates how an integrated approach can contribute in achieving the outcomes of developmental local government.

What needs to be indicated is that sector plans should not be developed in isolation of one another, but there must be a sequential way of developing them. The development of these plans requires cooperation among various units in the municipality so that linkages are identified to ensure that service-specific plans contribute to the long-term vision of the municipality. In this regard, the sector plans can be arranged into five levels as follows:

LEVEL	DESCRIPTION
Level 1- Spatial Vision, Spatial Development Framework (SDF)	The SDF is a master development plan that provides the overall long-term development vision of a municipality. Given that the SDF is a long-term plan, it forms the basis for developing a five-year IDP.
Level 2 - Social, Economic and Environmental Vision	The social, economic and environmental vision of a municipality is represented in the Integrated Human Settlement Plan (IHSP), Local Economic Development Plan (LEDP) and Environmental Management Plan (EMP). The three plans provide a pillar for attaining the objective of a sustainable development in a municipality. Ideally, the
	development of the three plans should follow the development of an SDF
Level 3 - Input Sector Plans	The third level of the plans constitutes of input sector plans which are directed at the delivery of specific services. These plans, also referred to as service-oriented plans, are developed to provide specific services such as water; waste management; sports and recreational facilities; and many more.
	This includes plans such as Water Services Development Plan, Integrated Waste Management Plan, Integrated Transport Plans, Integrated Energy Plans, Sports and Recreations Plan, etc. This set of plans support the vision and strategic intent of level 2 sector plans
Level 4 - Strategy Support Plans	At this level the municipality develops plans that support implementation of level 2 and 3 plans. Some of such plans are the Disaster Management Plan (Risk Reduction Management) and Integrated Comprehensive Infrastructure Plan. These plans inform and are informed by plans in the previous levels.
Level 5 - Implementation Support Plans	In order to ensure that organisational capability and financial resources to fund programmes and strategies exist to support the achievement of the vision, two plans area critical: Institutional Plan and Financial Management Plan.

The Institutional Plan outlines how the municipality organizes; structure itself and establish systems and processes to support the attainment of the municipal vision. This plan is developed after considering the vision, strategies, programmes, projects, and operational requirements of a municipality as per the various plans above. When developing the Institutional Plan, a municipality should consider the following guiding principles:

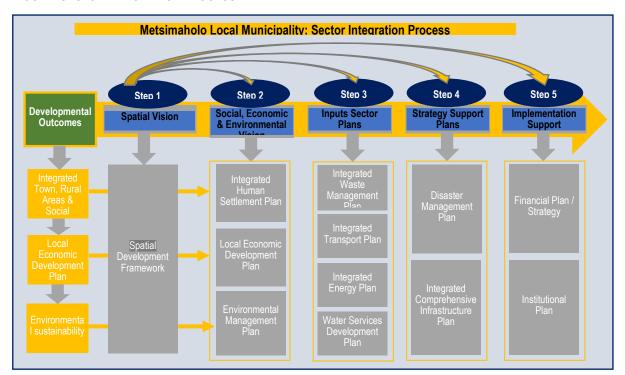
- The Institutional Plan should consider the capacity requirements to support the implementation of programmes and projects in the IDP
- The plan must provide for all key systems, processes and structures to support Governance and operational efficiency.

For a municipality to implement various plans as outlined, it requires financial resources. A Financial Plan would, after considering the financial implications, outline strategies that would assist a municipality to raise and manage financial resources to support the realization of its vision.

For a municipality to implement various plans as outlined, it requires financial resources. A Financial Plan would, after considering the financial implications, outline strategies that would assist a municipality to raise and manage financial resources to support the realization of its vision.

The figure below provides a summary of various plans and how they are linked to each other.

FIGURE: SECTOR INTEGRATION PROCESS



The national and provincial sector plans as well as their planning requirements need to be followed and coordinated well in accordance with MSA. It also establishes that a single inclusive and strategic plan must be adopted which links, integrates and coordinates plans. This municipality acknowledges and recognizes the importance of ensuring alignment between its IDP, various sector departments' plans and the Fezile Dabi District Municipality IDP.

It also realized that proper and effective alignment would result in successful implementation of the planning outcome, whilst a failure to align might result in waste of resources and a total collapse of the implementation of the IDP. More information on alignment is available hereunder in the IDP alignment Framework Plan below:

TABLE: STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK PLAN FOR ALIGNMENT

Phases	Strategic Input/Outcome
Phase 1: Preparation Phase	Reflection on information available at all levels, joint local and district spatial analysis, progress on previous commitments, confirm/change strategic direction of development in line with FSGDS and NDP
Phase 2: Consultation Phase	Strategic discussion based on information from phase 1- decisions on where investment would go or not, trade-offs. Indicative budgets (municipality & sectors) and programmes based on consultation process with communities.
Phase 3: Drafting Phase	 Sectors embark on strategic sessions and feed local analysis into sector strategic plans. Working sector commitments into draft IDP.
Phase 4: Adoption Phase	 Sectors confirm commitments (verify budgets) made in consultation phase. Final adopted IDP becomes true integration of government action in the municipal area

OVERVIEW METSIMAHOLO LM: SECTOR PLANS PROVIDING FOR THE OVERALL DEVELOPMENTAL VISION OF MUNICIPALITY:

SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (SDF)

The SDF (Spatial Development Framework) for Metsimaholo has been reviewed in 2016/17 in terms of relevant laws.

The major highlight of the SDF is that there is currently large tracks of land (open spaces, parks, etc.) within the current major settlement areas within the municipality, that need to be rationalised for new development and maintained as public open spaces.

In developing this rationalisation Consolidation areas are identified in the major settlements that will serve as medium to high density infill development opportunities and as alternative accommodation opportunities for facilities such as orphanages and old age home facilities.

The open spaces are rationalised to maintain the current green lungs and provide recreation facilities within communities. Within the current settlements of Metsimaholo the following are determined as major settlements:

- Sasolburg,
- Vaal Park & Roodia,
- Zamdela,
- · Deneysville,
- Refengkgotso,
- Oranjeville and
- · Metsimaholo.

Consolidation areas are also identified in the village areas beyond the owned by various mine houses and major company compounds.

All areas identified for consolidation requires that high density residential developments be developed as part of the consolidation effort and where possible mix income and use developments be promoted.

Residential income distribution and mixing in the municipality is an absolute necessity if the income fragmentation of localities is to be addressed.

To align the municipality's intension for integrated communities with that of National Housing the SDF proposes that all developments proposed in the municipality consider:

- including 25 % affordable housing (RDP),
- 25 % affordable rental options,
- The remaining 50% can be distributed in a development as per the developer's requirements.
- The 50% low income housing required in all developments shall be provided as an option in all developments in the identified consolidation areas only.
- All housing opportunities determined in the Housing Act as being governments'
 responsibility for provision and participation in their provision shall be made
 available to on offer to participate in their provision as first right of refusal.

Development Consolidation and New Development Direction:

Sasolburg is currently constrained for future growth by the undermined areas and by future mining prospecting opportunities located in and around the town.

This containment is resulting in the municipality having to explore new growth opportunities in the Deneysville area for the coming 20 to 50 years.

Deneysville is considered opportune as new growth area drew to its proximity to the Gauteng Province and Mpumalanga Province and as a result of the land available in and around the area.

The natural beauty of the locality and the presence of the Vaal Dam also add to the ideal consideration of the area as the future of the municipality.

To capitalize on the development opportunities provided by Deneysville a new growth development area is proposed to the north of the current town in which a new Municipal CBD and industrial development area should be explored for the municipality

In Oranjeville a development area is also identified on land located south of Lizard Park, on the entrance of Metsimaholo. This area is identified as an integration area to link Metsimaholo, Lizard Park, and Orangeville.

In this integration area of Oranjeville a Regional Centre is proposed. This area is identified as the location in which a casino should be built. There are land opportunities identified in Oranjeville that should be considered for Land Banking.

In summary the development direction determined for Metsimaholo is summarized as follows:

- Nodal development framework in which all the major centres should first begin
 by consolidating all available land parcels to intensify all infill development in
 the area:
- Consolidation of major land areas by promoting high density developments in those areas;
- Development containment by introducing an urban development edge to ensure consolidation of development is all major areas and in the villages;
- The discouragement of development outside the urban edge by not allowing rezoning in the municipal open space areas. All developments promoted in these areas must be for set determined time frame and shall provide for the development of an EIA and a rehabilitation plan;

In order to ensure that the future spatial structure is reinforced and economic opportunities are promoted in identified area catalytic projects are proposed and a regeneration program is determined for the municipality.

As part of the consolidations it is proposed that residential infill proposals be promoted in the area and special housing be proposed.

The northern areas of Sasolburg extension 1,2,3,4,5 and 12 must be considered for higher densities in order to allow for new accommodation opportunities to the developed in this area. The opportunities for greenfields development exist in Welgelegen and on the western edge of Sasolburg.

These areas must be considered very carefully in the context of the new mix use developments intended to be developed as part of the Sustainable Human Settlements.

The Welgelegen residential area provides the opportunity for mixed use development in the form of low- and high-density housing opportunities and the Boschanbank area should be considered for future residential expansion. All new areas identified for residential expansion must be considered for mix densities and to accommodate a variety of income groups.

The extension of Vaal Park onto the farm Lauterwater 77 and Voorspoed 361(R2) as proposed items of the reviewed SDF 2009 is retained and supported in this IDP. The extension of the Millionaire bend areas onto the property east of the Wonderwater Strip Mine is promoted and densities of 10 dwelling units per heater are promoted in the area. There are specific conservation concerns in the area and these needs to be considered.

Residential Proposals:

Sasolburg: Sasolburg currently has several vacant properties that the municipality is disposing. There are other larger properties which are proposed to be considered as high density infill developments. Social Housing is proposed in all the larger vacant portions within Sasolburg.

Vaal Park: There are a number of smaller residential erven in the Vaal Park, these the municipality is also in the process of selling, however the larger portions should be considered for higher residential densities and as infill opportunities that are aimed at providing residential accommodation for poor people closer to higher income areas.

Zamdela, Harry Gwala, Walter Sisulu and Amelia: In these areas currently developments are considered in which to house low income families, this is intended to deal with the housing backlog of the municipality. However in all new development areas in the township social housing and middle income housing opportunities should be explored to ensure that mix incomes are developed in this community that will sustain future economic activity in the township.

Refers to high density residential this is identified in the Sasolburg area, Welgelegen West extension of Sasolburg. Densification, especially a mixed density with mixed uses, is motivated in view of the limited land available for residential development (current erf sizes are on average 600m2 at a density of 16 du/ha) and an endeavour by council to provide an integrated precinct comprising of various densities and uses. The extension of Vaal Park to the north and all land areas directly abutting the Vaal River. The average densities considered for these areas is 10 du/ha.

Social housing initiative areas are areas in which the municipality must seek to promote rental housing stock and develop units for sale on a high-density model for those families that are not able to enter the give way housing schemes but do earn an income sufficient to pay of a low-income housing bond.

Villages

The vast number of smaller villages dispersed through the Municipality's area of jurisdiction, must be incorporated as residential precincts of the Sasolburg/ Zamdela urban area. The current uncertainty regarding the management of the areas should be resolved and all the villages should be managed by the Municipality. Densities of 16 du/ha should be promoted in these villages and an income mix with other associated used should be introduced in these villages.

Urban Fringes:

To be noted is that a development within each township is identified by means of an outer "urban fringe" which represents the outer limits or boundary for urban development. Proposed urban fringes should not be considered as an exact line but as a conceptual boundary to prevent further urban extension. The principle for identifying an urban fringe is primarily to discourage continuous urban sprawl and to promote integration and more compact towns and urban areas. Where the urban fringe is not indicated, it implies that no further extension or development is envisaged in the concerned direction.

Although an urban fringe was determined for the urban area, it should pertinently be stated that various mining activities are present in the area and land has extensively been undermined. It is therefore extremely important that the identified urban fringe should be deliberated and agreed upon with the Department of Minerals and Energy – the latter being a significant role player department in the region.

Informal Settlements: Location (KEY AREAS)

Metsimaholo Local Municipality, like many other municipalities in the Free State, is facing the challenges of informal settlements. The influx to the settlements is:

- due to unemployment,
- poverty in rural areas,
- perceived job opportunities in urban areas and
- the low living expenses of an informal settlement.

According to the government's commitment and the vision, to upgrade informal settlements require the development of a plan that clearly indicates the extent of the problem.

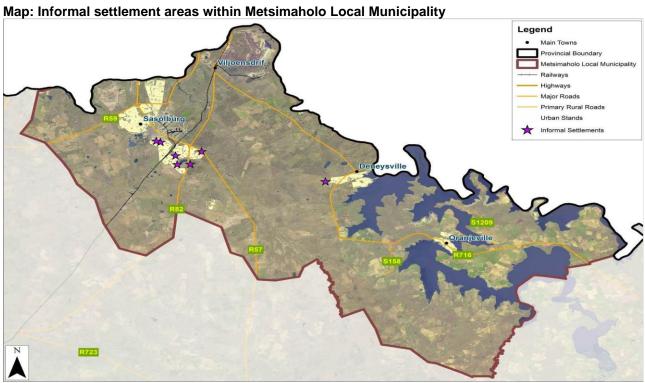
The increase of these settlements poses a number of challenges, such as:

 Deviation from the Municipality Spatial Development Framework which encourages fragmented spatial planning instead of integration as per the requirement of the New Comprehensive Plan for the Development of Sustainable Human Settlements.

- Invasion of portions of land which are not developable, these create complications for future development and creation of sustainable human settlements.
- Creation of a community without basic services and other social amenities thus put communities under health and safety threats.

The informal settlement areas within the municipality are shown on the map below, plotted in purple stars. In the main, the informal settlements are in the following areas:

- 5 around Zamdela area
- 1 around Refengkgotso
- 1 Metsimaholo



Source: Metsimaholo Local Municipality Integrated Human Settlement 2017/18

Methodology for eradicating informal settlements.

The methodology consists of a comprehensive situation analysis dealing with the current informal settlements situation within the context of the MLM. The following table indicates the methodology to be followed in developing the informal settlements upgrading plan:

TABLE: METHODOLOGY

Identification and sourcing of	the required base information
Collection of baseline	The available desktop information, such as Metsimaholo Municipality IDPs,
information for situational	national and provincial plans, Census data, relevant informal settlement
analysis	policies and strategies were sourced as the base information. Also additional
	sourced information, such as GIS data, as well as a range of base research
	related to the upgrading of informal settlements.
Information gap analysis	The visits to sites and interviews with the local leaders were conducted to
	gather additional information on the settlements. Key gaps in the available
	information were then identified and sourced from the Metsimaholo
	Municipality informal settlements upgrading task team.
Situational and spatial analysis	s of informal settlements
Situation and analysis of	Information collected was then analysed in order to provide the basis for the
existing informal settlements in	informal settlements plan. This included an existing informal assessment of
Metsimaholo Municipality	the primary challenges facing the MLM in this programme and strategies to
	overcome these challenges.
Development of an	A practical guideline was developed to assist the Municipality with the
informal settlement	assessment and classification of existing informal settlements in the
project classification	Municipal area. The guideline will also assist the Municipality to identify and
guideline for different	classify informal settlements for future projects.
project categories and	
prioritisation	
Spatial GIS map of informal	The locality maps were developed using a combination of information
settlements	provided by the Municipality as well as GIS base data (eg transport routes,
	social amenities, land information etc) These maps included base Geographic
	Information System (GIS) information relating to the availability of social
	amenities, land identification and slope analysis, to assist both the plan and
	the housing official in the classification of individual project sites.
Developmental responses	
Develop practical methodology	During the final phase of the plan and based on the information collected and
for assessing, preparing	analysed, a practical methodology for implementing informal settlements
and implementing	projects were developed to assist Municipality officials to support the
informal settlement	implementation of the plan. This included sections on the profiling of existing
projects	informal settlements and for identifying land for development, as well as listing
	and quantifying prioritised projects related to these settlements.

Develop sector	alignment	A practical guideline developed to assist the Municipality to improve		
guidelines		alignment between housing and other required sector departments.		
Monitoring and E	valuation (M&	E) mechanism and framework		
Develop M&E	framework,	A comprehensive M&E framework for measurement Metsimaholo		
including	monitoring	Municipality progress developed. This framework will provide the Municipality		
mechanism		with a mechanism for reporting and monitoring progress related to the		
		implementation of the plan.		

INTEGRATED DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN (IDMP)

Introduction

Section 26(g) of Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 as well as section 52 and 53 of Disaster Management Act 57 of 2002 compels each municipality to develop a Disaster Risk Management plan as part of their Integrated Development Plan. To this end, Disaster Risk Management Plan with Metsimaholo Local Municipality should include documenting the institutional arrangements such as assignment of primary and secondary responsibilities for priority disaster risk posing a threat in Metsimaholo Local Municipality.

The Disaster Risk Management Plan further provide a broad framework within which the departments will implement the Disaster Risk Management planning requirements of the Act and other entities included in the organisational structure of Metsimaholo Local Municipality.

The plan aims to facilitated an integrated and coordinated approach to Disaster Risk Management in the municipality which will ensure that Metsimaholo Local Municipality achieves its vision for Disaster Risk Management which is to build resilient people in Metsimaholo Local Municipality; people who are alert, informed, and self-reliant by establishing risk reduction and resilience building as core principles, and developing adequate capabilities for readiness, and effective and rapid response and recovery.

The plan is in line with the National Disaster Management framework and addresses disaster risks through four key performance areas (KPAs) and three enablers as follows:

KPA 1: Integrated Institutional Capacity for Disaster Risk Management.

KPA 2: Disaster Risk Assessment

KPA 3: Disaster Risk Reduction

KPA 4: Response and Recovery

Enabler 1: Information Management and Communication

Enabler 2: Education, Training, Public Awareness and Research

Enabler 3: Funding Arrangements for Disaster Risk Management

KPA 1: Integrated Institutional Capacity for Disaster Risk Management.

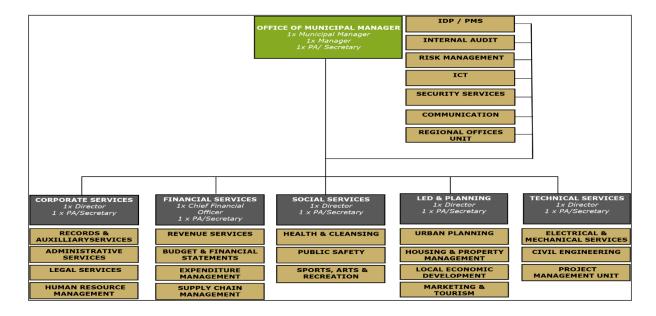
Objectives:

- To establish the procedures for the development, approval and implementation of integrated Disaster Risk Management policy, including the making of by-laws, issuing directions and authorisation for the issuing of directives;
- To establish mechanisms which will provide clear direction and allocate responsibilities for the implementation of Disaster Risk Management Act 57 of 2002;
- To develop as strategic plan for phasing in and maintaining the requirements of Disaster Risk Management Act and the National Disaster management Framework; and
- To establish and maintain effective institutional arrangements to ensure adequate operational capacity for the implementation of the requirements of Disaster Risk Management Act and to enable stakeholder participation which will promote an integrated and coordinated approach to Disaster Risk Management in the municipality's area of jurisdiction.

Arrangements for Integrated Disaster Risk Management Policy

The following schematic presentation denotes macro internal institutional arrangements for disaster risk management.

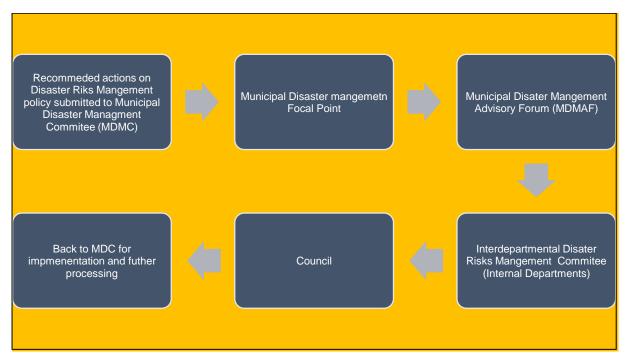
FIGURE: INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR DISASTER RECOVERY POLICY



The Disaster Risk Management Policy making process.

The main objective throughout the policy making process is to stimulate consultative process to establish and sustain a holistic Disaster Risk Management structure and practices that will support and enhance development in the municipality through Disaster Risk Management.

FIGURE: DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FORMULATION PROCESS:



Key Responsibilities of the MLM Disaster Risk Management regarding KPA 1

Establish and maintain adequate institutional capacity to enable the implementation of requirements of Disaster Risk management Act which will promote and integrated approach to Disaster Risk Management in Councils' area of jurisdiction subject to the agreement on primary responsibilities with Fezile Dabi District Municipality.

Assignment of Responsibilities

The Disaster Management Coordinator and the Director of each department in Council's organisational structure will serve as the assigned Disaster management nodal/focal point for the department and as such will represent their department on the Interdepartmental Disaster Risk Management Committee and will be responsible for

all aspects of planning and operations relevant to the functional area in that department.

KPA 2: Disaster Risk Assessment

Objectives

To establish a uniform approach for assessing and monitoring disaster risks that will inform Disaster Risk Management Planning; and disaster risk reduction undertaken by organs of state and other role players.

Hazard and Risk Analysis

Purpose:

- To identify what risks present the greatest threat to municipal development planning.
- To develop and understanding of how best to manage existing, residual and future risks.
- To assign levels of the risk.

Key Steps in Hazard and Risk Analysis:

- Identify and assess significant hazards
- Analyse the disaster risks
- Evaluate the disaster risks
- Monitor disaster risks reduction initiatives and update and disseminate disaster risk assessment information.

Hazard Identification:

The following hazards that the municipality must be prepared and have the capacity to effectively deal with have been identified:

Drought	Human epidemic	Dam failures
Extreme cold	Animal epidemic	Boat accidents
Heat waive	Hazmat transportation	Hostage / hijack incidents
Hail	Hazmat fixed facility	Reservoir break
Windstorm	Hazmat biological	Water contamination
Tornado	Hazmat radioactive	
Floods	Fire and explosion	
Structural fires	Major motor vehicle accidents	
Veld fires	Major railway accidents	
Sinkholes	Aircraft crash	

Risk Evaluation

Purpose

To rank risk from highest to lowest so that priority treatment can be assigned

Key Steps in Risk Evaluation

- a) Decide on risk acceptability utilising the risk rating and risk evaluation criteria.
- b) Rank risk in order of priority for treatment.
- c) Document all unacceptable risks.

Levels of Risk

In assessing the levels of risks, the risk matrix below is an essential tool to be used to define the level of risk by considering the category of probability or likelihood against the category of consequence severity. This is a simple mechanism to increase visibility of risks and assist management decision making.

TABLE: RISK ASSESSMENT MATRIX

		Severity			
		Negligible	Marginal	Critical	Catastrophic
		small/unimportant; not likely to have a major effect on the operation of the event / no bodily injury to requiring minor first aid injury	minimal importance; has an effect on the operation of event but will not affect the event outcome / requires medical treatment	serious/important; will affect the operation of the event in a negative way / suffers serious injuries or medical treatment of minors	maximum importance; could result in disaster/death; WILL affect the operation of the event in a negative way / death, dismemberment or serious injury to minors
	LOW This risk has rarely been a problem and never occurred at a college event of this nature	LOW (1)	MEDIUM (4)	MEDIUM (6)	HIGH (10)
	MEDIUM This risk will MOST LIKELY occur at this event	LOW (2)	MEDIUM (5)	HIGH (8)	EXTREME (11)
Probability	HIGH This risk WILL occur at this event, possibly multiple times, and has occurred in the past	MEDIUM (3)	HIGH (7)	HIGH (9)	EXTREME (12)

Explanation of F	Risk Ranking	
LOW	MEDIUM	If the consequences to this event/activity are LOW / MEDIUM, you should be OK to proceed with this project/activity. It is advised that if the activity is MEDIUM, risk mitigation efforts should be made.
HIGH		If the consequences to this event/activity are HIGH, it is advised that you seek additional project/activity planning support.
EXTREME		If the consequences to the project/activity are EXTREME, it is advised that you do not continue this project/activity without prior consultation with Risk Management

Monitoring Disaster Risk: Disaster / risks are not static; they change seasonally and over time. Therefore, risks must continuously be monitored and the monitoring should involve the following:

Hazard tracking: hazard tracking will help to monitor the physical phenomenon that can trigger disaster events. The tracking should include systems that provide seasonal and early warning information on approaching adverse weather conditions.

Vulnerability monitoring: this is about tracking the ability of areas, communities, households, critical services and natural environment to resist and withstand external threats.

Disaster event tracking: this is about monitoring changing patterns in disaster risk

Disaster Risk Reduction:

Objectives:

To ensure that all Disaster Risk Management stakeholders develop and implement integrated Disaster Risk Management Plans and risk reduction programmes in accordance with the approved frameworks.

Core Disaster Risk Reduction Principles:

All disaster risk management plans must give explicit priority to the core principles of disaster prevention and mitigation.

Hazard and Risk Reduction Strategies:

The following table provides universal risk reduction strategies based on the identified risks above.

TABLE: HAZARD AND RISK REDUCTION STRATEGIES

Hazard	Potential Risk	Risk Reduction Strategies
Human Epidemic	Substantial loss of life	Awareness programmes: types of diseases e.g malaria, cholera, HIV/AIDS, cancer, etc.
	Low immunisation rates within the municipality will increase the likelihood of an epidemic occurring	Health awareness around medical effects of non-immunisation. Engage with the Department of Health to
	Dough desired offerto and the account is	ensure that they have contingency plans in place.
	Psychological effects on the community	Sensitise the communities on the effects of epidemic, provide counselling and rehabilitation
Major infrastructure failure	Water supply pumping infrastructure becoming inoperable	Maximise use of available resources, water sanitation, personal hygiene and health awareness.
		Identify safe alternative water supplies e.g boreholes, farm dams, rivers, etc Encourage installation of backup power
	Disaster communication facilities becoming inoperable.	Identify alternative means of communication. Disaster Management and Service providers to ensure that contingency plans are in place.
	Businesses and industry refrigeration rendered inoperable	Awareness campaign regarding contamination of food stuff. Identify alternative refrigeration facilities
Major transportation incidents	Accidents involving aircrafts, trains, coaches, taxis will result in deaths or injuries to a large	Awareness / law enforcement. e.g regular safety inspections.
	number of people.	The municipality and service providers to have contingency plans in place and ensure regular interaction between role players and
		identify risks. • Identify hospitals with capacity and expertise to cope with major incidents
	Vehicles in bad mechanical conditions traversing the municipality roads may cause road accidents.	Awareness campaigns to ensure road and vehicles safety principles are adopted by drivers and passengers.
		Coordination / Implementation of law enforcement.
	Deteriorating road conditions will result in road accidents happening.	Use appropriate road signage Ensure regular maintenance of roads.
Water Contamination	Contaminated water supplies will cause diseases such cholera and dysentery	Awareness programs: proper industrial and commercial water management procedures, good hygiene and sanitation practices, household water treatment options, e.g bleach.
		Regular monitoring and surveillance of water resources Identify alternative water supply

Hazard	Potential Risk	Risk Reduction Strategies
	Shortage of portable water supply will worsen	Awareness: e.g purification of alternative
	the situation	water resources.
		Encourage rain water harvesting
Animal Diseases	Cross contamination with indigenous wildlife will	Awareness: Proper fencing and quarantine
	spread the disease	procedures.
		Ensure vetenary services have contingency
		plans in place.
		Regular monitoring and surveillance.
	Loss of production (income) will have severe	Awareness: types of services available to
	impact on the economic viability of the rural	ensure early identify of symptoms.
	population.	Mobilise and ensure support from the
		Department of Agriculture and Department of
		Social Services.
		Encourage farmers to have adequate
		insurance in place.
Drought	Reduction of loss of natural or reticulated for	Awareness: Do no cultivate of drain wetlands
	human and animal consumption	and valleys.
		Encourage rainwater harvesting and
		investment in water tanks
		Control of alien vegetation
		Long term planning for alternative reliable
		water sources. e.g dams, boreholes, covered
		reservoirs, etc
	Loss of crops, grazing and livestock	Awareness: Good farming practices, contour
		ploughing, minimum tillage, crop rotation.
		Identify responsible agencies and ensure
		they have contingency plans in place.
		The municipality to make provision for
		designated communal holding areas to
		supplement feed and water for vulnerable
		livestock.
Fire	Informal settlements have and increased	Awareness: encourage proper spacing.
	vulnerability to fires because of the close	Proper clearing and disposal of refuse.
	quarters and lack of access for emergency	Encourage specialised institutions to conduct
	services.	safety audits.
		Provide firefighting training and equipment to
		volunteers.
		Proper policing to avoid further influx
		Plan viable alternative accommodation and
		include provision of housing as a priority in
		the IDP.
	Loss of livestock and game	Awareness: Agricultural advice to give fire
		breaks. Good grazing practices, e.g provide
		for designated areas for grazing.
		Training of firefighting volunteers.
Floods, storms, severe rainfall, landslides	People will not be able to evacuate the area in	Identify vulnerable sectors, formal and
	time.	informal for prioritisation.
		Pre-identify higher ground shelter, leave

Hazard	Potential Risk	Risk Reduction Strategies
		unnecessary items. Consider relocation of informal temporary structure. Provide for proactive measures of mitigation (e.g gabion baskets) Ensure availability and use of early warning systems
Hazmat Incidents	Pollution of potable water, soil, atmosphere and human exposure to toxic chemicals resulting in serious harm and death.	Awareness: the effect of various and chemicals and precautionary measures, identify specialised and alternative treatment facilities and places of safety. Ensure existence of contingency plans at a municipal and the Departments of Environmental Affairs and Water Affairs level. Identify Hazmat team

KPA 4: Response and Recovery

Objectives:

To ensure effective and appropriate disaster response and recovery by:

- Implementing a uniform approach to the dissemination of early warnings;
- Averting and reducing the potential impact in respect of personal injury, health, loss
 of life, property, infrastructure, environment and government services;
- Implementing immediate integrated and appropriate response and relief measures when significant events or disaster occur or threatening to occur;
- Implementing all rehabilitation and reconstruction strategies following a disaster in an integrated and developmental manner.

Key Steps in Disaster Response and Recovery:

The following are the key steps involved in disaster risk response and recovery process:

- Dissemination of early warning;
- Disaster assessment;
- Response and recovery
- Relief measures
- Rehabilitation and reconstruction

Early Warnings:

Early warnings are designed to alert areas, communities, households, and individuals of an impending on imminent significant event or disaster so that they can take the necessary steps to avoid or reduce the risk and prepare for an effective response.

Role players in integrated early warning are:

TABLE: KEY NATIONAL ROLE-PLAYERS IN EARLY WARNING

Role Player	Roles in early warning	
South African Whether Service	Climate forecast, and provision of satellite	
	information	
Department of Water Affairs and Forestry	Flood warnings, dam and river levels, water	
	supplies	
Department of Agriculture	Crop forecast, staple food quality, forage	
	availability, water irrigation and livestock	
Department of Health	Epidemics and diseases	

The 2023/24 Budget Allocation to mitigate for any disaster incidents within Municipal area:

BUDGET: DISASTER MANAGEMENT:

Name of Programme/Project	2023/24 R0'00
Fire breaks	R50 000
Identification of fire hydrant markings	R50 000
Disaster management scientific risk	R300 000
assessment	
Cleaning of the storm water draining	R700 000
system	
Awareness campaigns	R100 000
Total	1 200 000

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL PLAN

Introduction:

For a municipality to implement various plans as outlined, it requires financial resources. The municipality's Financial Plan would, after considering the financial implications, outline strategies that would assist a municipality to raise and manage financial resources to support the realization of its vision.

While the Financial Plan is an integral part of the municipality's overall developmental plan as informed by the IDP, it nevertheless stands alone as an inviolable foundation supporting the other strategic priorities aimed at meeting the municipality's service delivery goals.

In line with the Framework for Legally Compliant Framework, the municipality's Financial Plan, as part of other Sector Plans, should be annexed to this IDP when submitted to Council for approval. This section will therefore focus on the overview of the critical inputs process and framework that informs the municipality's integrated Financial Plan / Strategy.

The Municipality's Approach to sound Financial Management practices

The Municipal Finance Management Act, 56 of 2003 (MFMA) serves as the principal legislation guiding legislation for ensuring sound and sustainable management of the fiscal and financial affairs of municipalities and municipal entities by establishing norms and standards and other requirements for-

- ensuring transparency, accountability, and appropriate lines of responsibility in the fiscal and financial affairs of municipalities and municipal entities.
- the management of their revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities and the handling of their financial dealings.
- budgetary and financial planning processes and the co-ordination of those processes with the processes of organs of state in other spheres of government.
- borrowing.
- the handling of financial problems in municipalities. supply chain management; and
- other financial matters.

To this effect, the municipality recognizes sound financial management practices as an integral element for its success and sustainability. To achieve this, the municipality commits itself to undertaking and exercising the following initiatives in order to enhance financial management and viability:

Operating Revenue Framework:

For the municipality to continue improving the quality of services provided to its citizens it needs to broaden its revenue base. In these tough economic times strong revenue management is fundamental to the financial sustainability of every municipality. The reality is that we are faced with development backlogs, unemployment and poverty. The expenditure required to address these challenges will inevitably always exceed available funding; hence difficult choices have to be made in relation to tariff increases and balancing expenditures against realistically anticipated revenues. Cost cutting measures must also be implemented.

The municipality's revenue strategy is underpinned by the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macroeconomic policy.
- Growth in the Municipality and continued economic development.
- Efficient revenue management, which aims to ensure a 76 per cent annual collection rate for property rates and other key service charges.
- Electricity tariff increases as approved by the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA).
- The municipality's Property Rates Policy approved in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA);
- The municipality's Indigent Policy and rendering of free basic services; and
- Tariff policies of the Municipality.
- Tariffs to be aligned to inflation target, except where input cost for services are beyond the control of the municipality.
- Water and electricity losses of 15% and 6% respectively (technical and non-technical)
- Historical debt collection rates considered in determining the collection rate.
- Establishment of an in-house debt management department
- Implementation of strict credit control measures
- Operation Patala must intensify.
- Formalising the informal settlements
- Reviewing the tax holiday incentives that were granted in the past.

Operating Expenditure Framework

The Municipality's expenditure framework for the 2023/24 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

- a) Balanced budget constraint (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue) unless there are existing uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit.
- b) Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA.
- c) Zero based budgets and incremental method based on historical information, plus inflation in line with Treasury guidelines.
- d) All increases more than the inflation to be properly motivated.
- e) The filling of vacancies should support challenges identified and key priorities as adopted at the strategic workshop. The organizational structure is in the process of being revised.
- f) mSCOA implemented since from 1 July 2017.

Outline of the municipality's approach to Financial Planning Process

To be effective, the financial plan must be constructed within the context of the municipality's operations, goals and legislative mandate. Key factors and / or input processes that have a significant bearing on the financial plan of Metsimaholo Local Municipality are the following:

Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP)

This 2023/24 Draft Reviewed IDP represents the first Review of the current 5 - Year IDP document that will inform the developmental agenda of the Council for the period until 2027. The Draft 2023/34 Reviewed *IDP* will be tabled together with the 2023/24 Draft MTREF for Council approval during March 2023.

The principal legislation in so far as the development of IDP is concerned is the Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000. Section 25 of the Act mandates each municipal council to adopt a single, inclusive and strategic plan for the development of the municipality. As a strategic plan of the municipality, the IDP therefore provides a clear road map for the municipality that will take it from the current situation to its desired state into the future. To this effect, the IDP must:

- Link, integrate and coordinate plans and consider proposals for the development of the municipality.
- Align the resources and capacity of the municipality with the implementation for the plan.
- Form the policy framework and general basis on which annual budgets must be based.
- Be compatible with national and provincial development plans and planning requirements that are binding on the municipality in terms of legislation.

Integrated development planning and the product of this process, the IDP, is a constitutional and legal process required of municipalities. Planning in general and the IDP, is a critically important management tool to help transformation, growth and development at local government level. It is an approach to planning that involves the entire municipality and its citizens in finding the best solutions to achieve good long-term development.

The contents of the first review have been aligned to the Revised IDP Framework for Municipalities outside Metros and Secondary Cities, issued by the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (CoGTA) in June 2012. It further includes the data from Census 2011 and revised service delivery targets for 2022/23 where appropriate.

National Treasury Directives and Guidelines:

In addition to the financial modelling and identified key planning drivers as outlined above, the strategic guidance given in National Treasury's MFMA Circulars 51, 58, 64, 66, 67, 70, 72,74,75, 78, 79, 85, 86, 89, 91,122 and 123 needs to be taken into consideration in the financial planning and prioritisation process.

Annual Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)

Section 216 of the Constitution provides for national government to transfer resources to municipalities in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) to assist them in exercising their powers and performing their functions. These allocations are announced annually in the national budget and inform the municipality's budgets.

Funding principles and financial forecasting

In exercising funding choices and dealing with financial forecasting, the municipality's budgets should be informed by the following principles as outlined in section 18 of MFMA:

Revenue Forecast:

Revenue projections in the budget must be realistic, taking into account-

- Projected revenue for the current year based on collection levels to date; and
- Actual revenue collected in previous financial years.

Funding of Expenditure:

The municipality's budgets may only be funded from:

- a) Realistically anticipated revenues to be collected.
- b) Cash-backed accumulated funds from previous years' surpluses not committed for other purposes; and
- Borrowed funds, but only for funding of the capital budget
 Budget Related Policies

The Municipality's budgeting process is guided and governed by relevant legislation, frameworks, strategies and related policies. The table below represents the key budget related policies that are annually reviewed and approved by council and must inform the financial planning of the municipality:

BUDGET POLICY	STATUS (Approved/Not Approved)	If not, corrective measures
Budget Policy		
Property Rates Policy		
Credit control, debt collection and customer care		
Policy		
Indigent Policy		
Virement Policy		
Asset Policy		
Cash Management Policy		
Supply Chain Management Policy		
Tariff Policy		
Bad debt written off Policy		
Unauthorised expenditure, Irregular expenditure		
and Fruitless and waste full expenditure Policy		
Borrowing Policy		
Investment Policy		
Preferential Procurement Policy		

Key Financial Management Systems

A financial management system is the methodology and software that the municipality uses to oversee and govern its income, expenses, and assets with the objectives of maximizing efficiency and ensuring sustainability. The systems also provide reports and other useful information for the purposes of planning, organizing, controlling and monitoring financial resources in order to achieve organizational objectives.

The following table provides an overview of the financial and other related systems that the municipality use:

TABLE: KEY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND OTHER RELATED SYSTEMS USED BY THE MUNICIPALITY

Description of the System	Purpose	Main / Sub-system
Solar	General Financial Management	Main system
BAUD	Asset management	Sub-system
Pay Day	Payroll	Sub-system

Overview of the Annual Budget Process

Background

Section 53 of the MFMA requires the Mayor of the municipality to provide general political guidance in the budget process and the setting of priorities that must guide the preparation of the budget. In addition to this, Chapter 2 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations states that the Mayor of the municipality must establish a Budget Steering Committee to provide technical assistance to the Mayor in discharging the responsibilities set out in section 53 of the Act.

Budget Process Overview

In terms of section 21 of the MFMA the Mayor is required to table in Council ten months before the start of the new financial year (i.e., in August) a time schedule that sets out the process to revise the IDP and prepare the budget. In respect of the 2023/24 MTREF, the Council approved the IDP/PMS and Budget Time Schedule in August 2022. The Key dates to the timetable for IDP and Budget process applicable to the process are as follows:

TABLE: SUMMARISED BUDGET PREPARATION PROCESS

Timelines	Summary of Activities and Key Deliverables
October -	Detail departmental budget proposals (capital and operating) submitted to the Budget and
November	Treasury Office for consolidation and assessment against the financial planning guidelines;
2022	
January -	Review of the financial strategy and key economic and financial planning assumptions. This
February 2023	included financial forecasting and scenario considerations
	Council considers the 2022/23 Mid-year Budget and Performance Review
	Council considers the 2021/22 Annual Budget:
	Multi-year budget proposals are submitted to the Portfolio Committee;
March 2023	Recommendations are communicated to the respective departments
	Recommendations are communicated to Informal Council Meeting, and on to the respective
	departments. The draft 2023/43 MTREF is revised accordingly,
	Tabling in Council of the draft 2023/24 IDP and 2023/24 MTREF for public consultation;
April 2023	Draft Budget Public consultation
May 2023	Closing date for written comments on Draft 2023/23 IDP & 2023/24 Budget
	Finalization of the 2023/24 IDP and 2023/24 MTREF, taking into consideration comments
	received from the public, comments from National Treasury, and updated information from
	the most recent Division of Revenue Bill and financial framework
	Informal Council meeting to consider the 2023/24 IDP and the 2023/24 Budget
	Tabling of the 20223/24IDP and 2023/24 MTREF before Council for consideration and
	approval.

Community Consultation on Draft 2023/24 IDP & Budget:

The 2023/24 Draft Budget (MTREF) was tabled before Council during March 2023 and furthermore allow for community consultation wherein it will be further published on the municipality's website for further community inputs and comments. Furthermore, Budget Roadshows were conducted during April/May 2023 to involve and solicit public comments on the Draft Budget.

Finally, all documents in the appropriate format (electronic and printed) will be provided to National Treasury, and other national and provincial departments in accordance with section 23 of the MFMA.

Operating Budget (OPEX)

- Zero based budgeting and incremental budgeting was used, based on historical trends, plus inflation in line with Treasury guidelines
- All increases more than the inflation rate has to be properly motivated
- All expenditure must be in line with Cost containment measures
- · Projects identified and divided into different items such as
- Public programs into projects and items
- Repairs and maintenance into projects and items
- Linkages to the IDP

Capital Budget (CAPEX)

- Commitment letters for external funding will be a pre-requisite for budgeting,
- External funding not paid directly to the Municipality may not to be reflected in the Budget, until after the asset is handed over to the municipality as a donation,
- Projects requiring external approvals will not to be included without such approvals being obtained.
- Shifting of funds to be in line with the approved Virement Policy
 Own funding to be in line with anticipated cash flows and affordability.
- Own funding of capital projects not to exceed the surplus on Operating Budget before revenue from capital grants are taken into account.
- Implementation of Capital expenditure from the municipalities own funds will be subject to the actual cash flows and will have to be carefully managed to avoid making commitments that may not be affordable
- Option investigated to obtain borrowing funds for vehicles.
- Option investigated to obtain borrowing or Private Public Partnership funds for installation of infrastructure in new areas
- Option investigated to obtain borrowing funds for resurface of road infrastructure.

In view of the above, the following table is a consolidated overview of the proposed 2023/2024 Medium-term Revenue and Expenditure Framework:

TABLE 1 CONSOLIDATED OVERVIEW OF THE 2023/24 MTREF

Description	2021/22	Current Ye	ear 2022/23	2023/24 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Original Adjusted Budget Budget		Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Operational Revenue	1 430 281	1 673 585	1 560 778	1 789 824	1 892 985	2 024 281	
Expenditure	1 414 960	1 646 928	1 560 575	1 732 241	1 805 704	1 894 078	
Total sources of capital funds	157 894	309 640	238 894	204 192	88 822	81 855	

Total operating revenue (including the operating and capital grants)

- The expected revenue for the financial year 2023/24 amount to R1,790 billion funded from both municipal service charges and grant funding, the projection for the two outer years (2024/25 and 2025/26) amounting to R1,893 billion and R2,024 billion respectively,
- Revenue has increase by 14.68% or R229 million for the 2023/24 financial year when compared to the 2022/2023 Adjustment Budget.
- For the two outer years (2024/25 and 2025/26), operational revenue will increase by 5,76% and 6.94% respectively, equating to a total revenue growth of R235 million over the MTREF.

Total operating expenditure

- The operating expenditure for the financial year 2023/24 amount to R1,732 billion an increase of 11.04% or R172 million as compared to the previous financial year,
- The operating expenditure for the two outer years of the MTREF, is expected to grow by 4,72% and 4,7% respectively, which translate to the rand value growth of R162 million over the MTREF.
- The operating surplus for the 2023/24 MTREF amount to R56 million, and the expected surplus for the two outer years amount to R87 million and R146 million respectively.

The capital Expenditure

- The capital budget for the financial year 2023/2024 amount to R204 million, indicating a decline of 14,57% or R34,8 million as compared to the previous year adjustment budget.
- The capital expenditure for the two outer years of the MTREF also show signs of decline amounting to R115 million and R7 million respectively,
- The capital expenditure over the MTREF put a tremendous strain on our ability to improve or renew service delivery infrastructure, there's a need to explore other grant funding to ease the pressure on infrastructure.
- The capital budget remains relatively flat over the medium-term due to constrains on internally funded capital projects due to cash flow considerations and the level of government grants that are approved for the municipality.

Operating Revenue Framework

For the Municipality to continue improving the quality of services provided to its citizens it needs to broaden its revenue base. In these tough economic times strong revenue management is fundamental to the financial sustainability of every municipality. The reality is that we are faced with development backlogs, unemployment and poverty. The expenditure required to address these challenges will inevitably always exceed available funding; hence difficult choices have to be made in relation to tariff increases and balancing expenditures against realistically anticipated revenues.

Cost cutting measures must also be implemented as per guidelines of National Treasury

The municipality's revenue strategy is underpinned by around the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macroeconomic policy.
- Growth in the Municipality and continued economic development.
- Efficient revenue management, which aims to ensure a 76 per cent annual collection rate for property rates and other key service charges.
- Electricity tariff increases as approved by the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA);
- The municipality's Property Rates Policy approved in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA);
- The municipality's Indigent Policy and rendering of free basic services; and
- Tariff policies of the Municipality.
- Tariffs to be aligned to inflation target, except where input cost for services are beyond the control of the municipality.
- Water and electricity losses of 15% and 10% respectively (technical and non-technical)
- Historical debt collection rates considered in determining the collection rate.
- Establishment of an in-house debt management department
- Implementation of strict credit control measures
- Operation Patala must intensify.
- Formalising the informal settlements
- Reviewing the tax holiday incentives that were granted in the past.

The table below is a breakdown of the total revenue by source over the mediumterm:

TABLE A4 SUMMARY OF REVENUE CLASSIFIED BY MAIN REVENUE SOURCE:

Description	Ref	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22		Current Ye	ar 2022/23		2023/24 Med	ium Term Revenue Framework	& Expenditure
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26
Revenue											
Exchange Revenue											
Service charges - Electricity	2	298 686	324 189	328 061	455 022	412 878	412 878	222 999	493 443	517 622	541 950
Service charges - Water	2	407 802	402 104	441 926	529 970	493 862	493 862	295 529	551 182	578 190	605 365
Service charges - Waste Water Management	_										
Service charges - Waste Management	2 2	28 185 32 860	35 829 35 300	68 269 41 960	88 738 44 239	79 823 44 197	79 823 44 197	42 910 30 113	85 615 43 671	89 877 45 903	94 581 74 266
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services		6 488	9 245	6 922	27 613	9 383	9 383	4 686	23 882	25 052	26 255
Interest earned from Receivables		37 983	31 400	51 553	43 400	43 400	43 400	51 089	45 600	47 840	50 093
Interest earned from Current and Non Current Assets											
				5 160	3 000	4 800		6 260	5 054		
D I.		4 491	3 045	400			4 800			5 302	5 551
Dividends Rental from Fixed Assets		123 5 983	111 5 916	123	100	100	100 6 571	-	100	105 7 258	110 7 573
Rental IIOIII Fixed Assets		3 303	3 310	6 691	6 319	6 571	0 37 1	4 343	6 919	7 250	7 373
Operational Revenue		183	146	239	280	380	380	124	290	304	319
Non-Exchange Revenue											
Property rates	2	199 277	214 081	211 196	194 330	194 330	194 330	141 043	234 276	245 756	257 307
Fines, penalties and forfeits		2 508	4 307	4 285	13 600	4 080	4 080	326	4 296	4 507	4 719
Licences or permits		56	10	15	105	105	105	6	111	116	122
Transfer and subsidies - Operational		213 846	245 218	236 230	254 009	254 009	254 009	184 221	283 025	312 188	342 496
Interest		7 944	7 706	9 669	9 000	9 000	9 000	9 841	9 841	10 323	10 808
Operational Revenue		_	-	2 245	3 860	3 860	3 860	2 519	2 519	2 642	2 766
Gains on disposal of Assets Other Gains			247								
Gains on disposal of Assets Other Gains		41	194	15 736		-		-			
					-	-					
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)		1 246 457	1 319 049	1 430 281	1 673 585	1 560 778	1 560 778	996 009	1 789 824	1 892 985	2 024 281

The table below gives a breakdown of the various operating grants and subsidies allocated to the municipality over the medium term:

Description	Ref		ledium Te enditure Fr	rm Revenue & amework	
R thousand		Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26	Condition of use
RECEIPTS:	1, 2				
Operating Transfers and Grants National Government:		282 525	311 688	341 996	
Local Government Equitable Share		276 178	306 175	336 224	Administrative support and Free Basic Services
Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant		950	_	_	Salaries / Stipend for EPWP Workers
Local Government Financial Management Grant		2 750	2 750	2 888	NT MFMA Reforms (mSCOA, GRAP, Interns, Compliance)
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		2 647	2 763	2 884	Project Management Unit remuneration cost and tools of trade
Other grant providers:		500	500	500	
Local Government Water and Related Service SETA		500	500	500	Training / stipend for leaners
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	283 025	312 188	342 496	

ANALYSIS

Tariff-setting is a pivotal and strategic part of the compilation of any budget. When rates, tariffs and other charges were revised, local economic conditions, input costs and the affordability of services were considered to ensure the financial sustainability of the Municipality.

National Treasury continues to encourage municipalities to keep increases in rates, tariffs and other charges as low as possible. Municipalities must justify in their budget documentation all increases more than the 3 to 6 per cent upper limit of the South African Reserve Bank's inflation target. Excessive increases are likely to be counterproductive, resulting in higher levels of non-payment.

The percentage increases of both Eskom (18.7%), Rand Water bulk tariffs (7.3%) and SASOL sewer treatment are above the mentioned inflation target. Given that these tariff increases are determined by external agencies, the impact they have on the municipality's expenditure and these tariffs are largely outside the control of the Municipality. Discounting the impact of these price increases in lower consumer tariffs will erode the Municipality's future financial position and viability.

Operating Expenditure Framework

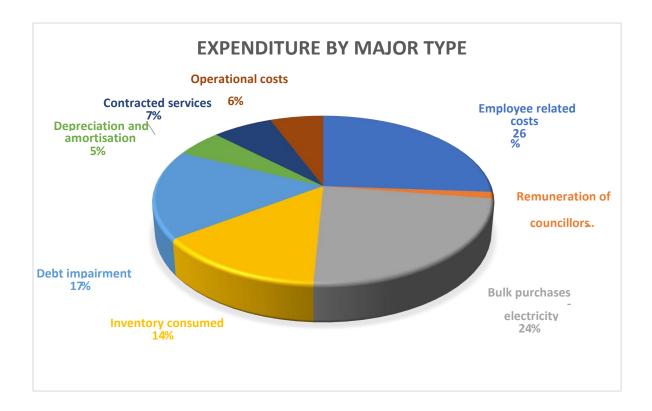
The Municipality's expenditure framework for the 2023/24 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

- Balanced budget constraint (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue) unless there are existing uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit.
- Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA.
- Zero based budgets and incremental method based on historical information, plus inflation in line with Treasury guidelines.
- All increases more than the inflation to be properly motivated.
- The filling of vacancies should support challenges identified and key priorities as adopted at the strategic workshop. The organisational structure is in the process of being revised. The evaluation of jobs must also be addressed to minimize disparities and grievance raised by employees.
- mSCOA implemented from 1 July 2017
- Changes on mSCOA on annual basis,

The following table is a high-level summary of the 2023/24 budget and MTREF (classified per main type of operating expenditure):

Description	Ref	2021/22	Current Year 2022/23		2023/24 Medi	um Term Revenu Framework	e & Expenditure
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26
Expenditure Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors	2	335 632	434 807	399 157	450 539	472 601	494 799
Bulk purchases – electricity		19 384	20 870	20 870	21 705	22 768	23 838
Inventory consumed Debt impairment Depreciation	2 8 3	333 806 159 229 342 903	363 153 236 487 274 862	353 653 230 487 274 862	403 670 245 050 284 001	423 450 253 709 297 917	443 353 253 709 311 919
and amortisation Interest		72 789	86 279	86 279	90 287	95 001	99 466
Contracted services		9 354 74 647	5 816 119 231	95 105	5 391 124 356	5 655 121 607	5 921 127 323
Transfers and subsidies Irrecoverable debts written off		334	378	427	379	398	416
Operational costs Losses on disposal of Assets		15 669 49 703	10 828 61 871	10 828 56 112	11 244 61 980	11 795 65 044	12 349 68 137
Other Losses		1 043 466	- 32 346	- 32 346	33 640	- 35 288	- 36 947
Total Expenditure		1 414 960	1 646 928	1 560 575	1 732 241	1 805 234	1 878 178

Below is the breakdown of the main expenditure categories for the 2023/24 year.



Priority given to repairs and maintenance:

Aligned to the priority being given to preserving and maintaining the

Municipality's current infrastructure, the 2023/24 budget and MTREF provide for extensive growth in the area of asset maintenance. In terms of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, operational repairs and maintenance is not considered a direct expenditure driver but an outcome of certain other expenditures, such as remuneration, purchases of materials and contracted services.

Remuneration is still included in Employee cost but in the table the employees cost of Technical Services is added to reflect the repair and maintenance cost. Considering these cost drivers, the following table is a consolidation of all the expenditures associated with repairs and maintenance:

		2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Current Year 2022/23			Reven	24 Medium ue & Expe Framewor	nditure
Description	Ref	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26
R thousand										
Repairs and Maintenance										
Expenditure Item Employee related costs	8	71 862	78 126	81 777	101 151	94 017	94 017	106 500	111 955	117 854
Inventory Consumed (Project Maintenance)		36 639	11 359	30 242	19 791	22 939	22 939	24 106	26 841	26 843
Contracted Services		7 619	6 705	16 491	22 986	23 423	23 423	24 837	37 339	24 840
Other Expenditure		3 116	4 277	5 699	4 670	3 170	3 170	5 565	5 442	6 000
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	9	119 236	100 467	134 209	148 598	143 549	143 549	161 008	181 577	175 537

During the compilation of the 2023/24 MTREF operational budget repairs and maintenance was identified as a strategic imperative owing to the ageing infrastructure and historic deferred maintenance.

As part of the 2023/24 MTREF this strategic imperative remains a priority as can be seen by the budget appropriations over the MTREF. The total allocation for 2023/24 equates to R161 million, an increase of 12% percent in relation to the Budget and then continues to grow at 13% and negative growth of 3% per cent over the MTREF.

REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE PER ASSET CLASS

		2019/20	2020/21 2021/22 Current Year 2022/23 2023/24 Medium Te Expenditure Fi							
Description	Ref	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26
R thousand										
Repair and maintenance per asset class	8									
Infrastructure Roads		22 323	19 211	29 891	31 835	26 817	26 817	30 132	37 953	33 419
Infrastructure Electricity		27 168	22 548	33 830	35 146	39 805	39 805	36 673	39 119	40 676
Infrastructure Water		18 280	19 725	23 156	23 833	22 762	22 762	26 204	26 980	28 269
Infrastructure Sanitation		24 272	15 654	22 233	21 204	19 758	19 758	25 948	28 500	29 396
Community		-	-		-					
Other assets		27 192	23 329	25 100	36 580	34 407	34 407	42 050	49 025	43 777

Total Repairs and										
Maintenance	9	119 235	100 467	134 210	148 598	143 549	143 549	161 007	181 577	175 537
Expenditure										

Free Basic Services: Basic Social Packages:

The social package assists households that are poor or face other circumstances that limit their ability to pay for services. To receive these free services, the households are required to register in terms of the Municipality's Indigent Policy. It is anticipated that there would 13 000 indigent households during the 2021/22 financial year.

The threshold to qualify as indigent is that the household income does not exceed two times the state old age pension plus R1 500.

The cost of the social package of the registered indigent households is largely financed by national government through the local government equitable share received in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act.

Metsimaholo Local	Municipality: 20	023/2024 Ir	ntegrated Develo	nment Plan ((IDP)
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CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

The table below represent the breakdown of the Capital Allocation per vote:

Vote Description	Ref	2021/22		Current Year 2022/23				2023/24 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26	
Capital expenditure - Vote Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2									
Vote 01 - Executive & Council		-	538	-	-	535	-	1	-	
Vote 02 - Municipal Manager		2 361	3 118	-	_	439	_	1	-	
Vote 03 - Corporate Services		368	1 461	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Vote 04 - Social Services		4 547	29 954	22 515	22 515	816	2 383	1 541	-	
Vote 05 - Technical Services		147 286	271 369	215 855	215 855	64 847	107 307	87 281	81 855	
Vote 06 - Financial Services		-	402	177	177	1	1	ı	-	
Vote 07 - Local Economic Development And Planning		1	1 683	323	323	-	1	1	_	
Capital multi-year expenditure subtotal	7	154 563	308 525	238 869	238 869	66 638	109 690	88 822	81 855	

The biggest single portion of capital expenditure is allocated to Technical Services which amounts to **R165 million** in 2023/2024 decrease over the two outer years to **R87 million** and **R81 million** respectively.

PROJECTS	VALUE	PERCENTAGE
Electrification	33 580 000	20%
Roads and stormwater	50 000 000	30%
Sports complex	2 382 615	1%
Waste Water	30 232 465	18%
Water	22 294 920	14%
Vehicles	16 682 603	10%

Municipal infrastructure grant:

The largest infrastructure transfer to municipalities is made through the municipal infrastructure grant, which supports the government's aim to expands service delivery and alleviate poverty. The grant funds the provision of infrastructure for basic services, roads and social infrastructure for poor households in all non-metropolitan municipalities. The total allocations for this grant amount to R52.8 billion over the medium term and grow at an average annual rate of 5.6 per cent. The municipal infrastructure grant is allocated through a formula with a vertical and horizontal division. The vertical division allocates resources between sectors and the horizontal division takes account of poverty, backlogs, and municipal powers and functions in allocating funds to municipalities.

Allocations for the water and sanitation sub-components of the basic services component are based on the proportion of the national backlog for that service in each municipality. Other components are based on the country's poor households located in each municipality. The formula considers—poor households without access to services that meet sector standards to be a backlog. Poor households are defined as a monthly households income of less than R 2 300 (Statssa 2011 report).

The municipal infrastructure grant includes an amount allocated outside of the grant formula and earmarked for specific sport infrastructure projects identified by the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture. In addition, municipalities are required to spend a third of the P-component (equivalent to 4.5% of the grant) on sport and recreation infrastructure identified in their own Integrated Development Plans (IDPs).

Municipalities are also encouraged to increase their investment in other community infrastructure, including cemeteries, community centres, taxi ranks and marketplaces.

In 2021/22 municipalities were allowed to use up to 5% of their allocations to fund the development of infrastructure asset management plans. This was intended to build the necessary asset management capabilities in municipalities. It allows for phased-in and systematic reforms to incentivise municipalities to start appropriately budgeting for the repairs and maintenance of municipal infrastructure. To make use of this provision, municipalities had to submit a business plan to the Department of Cooperative Governance, accompanied by a copy of their audited asset register.

The tables below represent the detailed MIG Allocation in Metsimaholo Local Municipality for 2023/24 financial year:

The tables below represent the detailed MIG Allocation in Metsimaholo Local Municipality for 2023/24 financial year:

INFRASTRUCTURE ALLOCATION FUND TO MUNICIPALITIES: METSIMAHOLO LM

2023/24 financial year

Municipal Infrastructure Grant MTREF Allocation: Metsimaholo LM

	MIG MTREF Allocations							
MUNICIPALITY	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	PUM Allocations 2023/24				
	52 940 000,00	55 265 000,00	57 688 000,00	2 647 000,00				

DETAILED INFRASTRUCTURE ALLOCATION FUND TO MUNICIPALITIES: METSIMAHOLO LM

Type of Fund	Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant		Energy Efficiency and Demand- side Management Grant		Water Service Infrastructure Grant					
MTREF Estimates	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
	R 50 273 000,00	R52 501 750	R54 803 600	R0'00	R0'00	R0'00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R20 617 000.00	R26 320 000.00	R17 051 000.00

	Type of Fund	Integrated National Electrification Programme			Rural Roads Assets Management			Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG)		
		(Municipal Grant) INEP			System (RRAMS)					
	MTREF Estimates	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
		R29 780 000.00	R10 000 000.00	R10 000 000.00	R0'00	R0'00	R0'00	R9 000 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
Г										

LIST OF CAPITAL PROJECTS THROUGH CONDITIONAL GRANTS FUNDING (MIG)

Project Description	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Refengkgotso/Deneysville: Construction of Sports Complex (MIS215549)	R2 382 615,00	R1 540 560,41	0.00
Zamdela: Construction 2.1km paved roads and storm water Drainages Phase 2 (Ward 8) (MIS:422185)	R12 500 000,00	R1 857 502,17	0.00
Sasolburg: Upgrading of water pump station (MIS:422536)	R12 294 920,00	0.00	0.00
Gortin: Construction of 2.05km paved roads and storm water drainage Phase 1 (MIS:422196)	R12 500 000,00	R2 410 294,52	0.00
Zamdela: Upgrading of rusted galvanized water pipes to Upvc Ward 09 (MIS:422232)	0.00	R22 327 843,31	R19 960 147,82
Gortin: Construction of 2000 toilet structures Phase 1 (MIS:460855)	R10 615 465,00	R23 419 185,00	R10 000 000,00
Zamdela: Upgrading of Rusted galvanized pipes to UPVC ward 12 (MIS 422332)	0.00	0.00	R22 247 492,18
Refengkgotso/Deneysville: Construction of Sports Complex Phase 2	0.00	R946 364,59	R2 595 960,00
Total	R 50 293 000,00	R 52 501 750,00	R 54 803 600,00

LIST OF CAPITAL PROJECTS THROUGH CONDITIONAL GRANTS FUNDING (WSIG)

Project Description	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Oranjeville Waste Water Treatment Plant	10 617 000		
Oranjeville water Treatment Plant Phase 2	10 000 000		
Total	R20 167 000		

LIST OF CAPITAL PROJECTS THROUGH CONDITIONAL GRANTS FUNDING (INEP)

Project Description	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Themba khubeka electrification	29 780 000		
Total	29 780 000		

LIST OF CAPITAL PROJECTS THROUGH CONDITIONAL GRANTS FUNDING (RBIG)

Project Description	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Refengkgotso Waste Water Works	9 000 000		
	9 000 000		

INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN (IWMP)

Introduction

Section 12(1) of National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008 (NEMWA) prescribes the core contents of and Integrated Waste Management Plan. To this effect, Metsimaholo Local Municipality undertook and exercise to develop its own Integrated Waste Management Plan that is compliant with section 12(1) of the Waste Act 59 of 2008. The plan was initially developed for a five-year period spanning from 2014 to 2019.

On the other hand, section 11(4)(a) of NEMWA states that each municipality must submit its Integrated Waste Management Plan to the MEC for approval and must include the approved Integrated Waste Management Plan as part of its IDP as required by Municipal Systems Act.

The primary objectives of NEMWA are to protect the wellbeing of human lives and the environment by providing reasonable measures towards:

- a) Minimizing the consumption of natural resources
- b) Avoiding and minimizing the generation of waste
- c) Reducing, re-using; recycling; recovering and disposal as a last resort;
- d) Preventing pollution and ecological degradation
- e) Securing ecologically, sustainable development while promoting justifiable economic and social development
- f) Promoting and ensuring effective delivery of waste services
- g) Remediating land where contamination presents or may present a significant risk of harm to human health and the environment
- h) Achieving integrated waste management reporting and planning; and
- i) Treating and safe disposal as a last resort.

To this effect, the main aim of IWMP at Metsimaholo Local Municipality is thus to give effect to the objectives of the NEMWA, its associated regulations and other relevant legislation.

High Level Waste Management Status Quo Analysis

Various stakeholders are involved in environmental waste management, these stakeholders include amongst others municipal officials and councillors within Metsimaholo Local Municipality, Fezile Dabi District Municipality; industry business executives, entrepreneurs, private refuse collectors and disposal site operators, communities, other spheres of government, recycling service providers, secondary material processors and end users.

The private sector as one of the key stakeholders in environmental waste management is an essential element in the analysis of status quo in waste management in Metsimaholo Local Municipality. The private sector assumes a number of roles in waste management and can be involved at various levels and in various stages of the waste management system.

Key Roles of Private Sector in Environmental Waste Management:

The following paragraphs provide an overview analysis of the private sector in various roles within the environmental waste management:

Private Sector as a waste generator:

In the normal production and consumption process, of the private sector, waste is generated. At this level, the private sector contributes as waste generator. The waste that is generated is normally of non-hazardous type. However, the municipality does not have specific programmes in place for managing waste by the private sector within the municipal areas except for focused normal waste collection in business areas. This I coupled by lack of programmes to encourage private sector to adopt cleaner production practices.

Private Sector as waste remover:

This is an area of potential for participation of the private sector, particularly in respect of the removal of waste from waste generators and its transfer to disposal sites. Currently, there is no participation of private sector in any of these areas.

Furthermore, there is also an opportunity for private sector participation in the management of waste disposal sites. This can effectively be done in a form of private public partnership.

Private sector participation in treatment of waste at the waste disposal sites

Currently, the municipality is not performing any treatment of waste at disposal sites and there is not private sector participation either. Again, this is also an area of where private sector can play a meaningful role in conjunction with the municipality.

Recycling Initiatives:

There is noticeable increasing participation of the private sector in recycling initiatives within the municipality. However, the private recyclers are more concerned with the collection of recyclable material at their determined price and not investment in the function.

Going forward, the municipality will need to strengthen the support that they have from the private sector in dealing with waste management, especially waste minimization, reuse and recycling. The municipality should therefore increasingly identify a role for private sector participation and improve it through mutually beneficial relationship.

Collection and Transfer of Waste:

The municipality currently provides solid waste removal service to approximately 50 000 households and 800 businesses. The waste service delivery is coordinated from the municipality's main headquarters in Sasolburg and a regular waste removal service is provided to all households and businesses with the municipal areas, except to the households in rural areas.

The service is provided once a week to all households in Sasolburg, Deneysville, Oranjeville, Zamdela, Refengkgotso and Metsimaholo.

The frequency of waste removal to businesses is as follows:

TABLE: FREQUENCY OF WASTE COLLECTION FOR BUSINESSES:

Area	Frequency of Service
Sasolburg	6 days a week
Deneysville	2 times per week
Zamdela, except extension 3.4 and 5	Once a week

The municipality has full time personnel who are doing cleaning of streets, litter picking, collecting waste from waste bins in and around towns.

Street cleaning is done in the following areas of the municipality according to the frequency provided on the following table:

Area	Frequency of Service
Sasolburg CBD	5 days a week
Vaalpark	5 days a week
Oranjeville / Metsimaholo	No street cleaning
Deneysville / Refengkgotso	No street cleaning
Zamdela, except extension 3.4 and 5	No street cleaning

Waste Management Challenges faced by the municipality

Currently, it is evident that the municipality does not meet the required minimum standards on environmental waste management. For this reason, the municipality therefore needs to focus on the following key issues in order to effectively address the current waste management challenges and be on par with the prescribed minimum norms and standards:

- a) Review existing by-laws in order to enforce prevention of illegal dumping within a clear legal framework
- b) Ensure segregation of rubble, garden and general waste within all the landfill sites under its control;
- c) Provide for and train dedicated personnel for enforcement of by-laws;
- d) Implement Waste Information System (WIS) to ensure better information to ensure better information management in all the landfill sites;
- e) To effectively manage and control access to landfill sites under its control;
- f) Performing treatment of waste at disposal sites; and
- g) To intensify awareness campaign towards a two bin system in order to reduce volumes of waste disposed at the landfill sites.

An envisaged long-term sustainable solution for the municipality's Waste Management Service

In line with Waste Act and National Waste Management Strategy, the municipality must adopt an integrated and sustainable solution in order to ensure an effective environmental waste management. The envisaged solution should take an integrated form which encompasses the following principles:

- a) Protection of primary resources principle
- b) Preliminary measures principle
- c) Prevention principle
- d) Polluter pay and producer & user responsibility principles
- e) Substitution principle
- f) Proximity principle
- g) Subsidiary principle
- h) Integration principle

The modalities of the above principles are explained briefly below:

a) Protection of primary resources principle:

This principle is about sustainable development and it underlines the need to minimise and enhancing efficiency in the use of primary resources, particularly non-renewable resources, with the emphasis of use of secondary raw material as far as possible.

b) Preliminary measures principle:

This principle is about use of best techniques in waste management activities not entailing excessive costs. It's about selection and implementation of economically feasible measures.

c) Prevention principle:

This is about setting up hierarchy of waste management activities in the following descending order:

- avoid waste arising;
- minimizing quantities;
- treatment for recovery; and
- treatment and disposal in environmentally sound conditions

d) Polluter pay and producer & user responsibility:

This is about setting up adequate legislative and economic framework through municipal by-laws according to which waste management costs will be fully recovered from generators of waste.

e) Substitution principle:

This principle is about encouraging the use of non-hazardous material by industries and communities, thus avoiding hazardous waste from arising.

f) Proximity principle:

This is about ensuring that waste is treated or disposed-off as close as possible to the site where it was generated.

g) Subsidiary principle:

In correlation with proximity principle, this principle is about ensuring that responsibilities are assigned is such a way as to allow waste management decisions to be taken at the lowest administrative level above the source of generation, but based on uniform criteria informed by council approved policy on delegations.

h) Integration principle:

This principle is about acknowledging and understanding that waste management is an integral part of socio-economic activities generating waste.

Within the paradigm of the above principles, the following waste management related services should fall within the scope of interventions which falls within the constitutional mandate of Metsimaholo Local Municipality in terms of Part B Schedule 5 of the Constitution:

- Household Waste
- Industrial Waste
- Commercial waste
- Street Waste
- Park & garden Waste
- Sewer sludge from the purification of urban water waste
- Construction & demolition waste

At the highest level, the solution will seek to achieve the following set of objectives for Metsimaholo Local Municipality:

Economic Opportunities: -

- Ensuring full recovery of costs of rendering the service
- Introducing recycling as part of waste management value chain.
- Creating local processing capacity for secondary material.
- Creating market for recycled products
- Extended lifespan for local landfill sites

Social Opportunities: -

- Job creation and poverty alleviation for local communities
- Local enterprise development
- Local entrepreneurship development

Environmental Opportunities: -

- Cleaner and environmentally friendly towns
- Application of cleaner technologies in waste generation activities

INTERGRATED HOUSING SECTOR PLAN (IHSP)

Introduction

"Housing the Nation" in time is one of the foremost challenges facing government in general and local municipalities in particular.

With the foregoing background in mind, Metsimaholo Local Municipality, like many other municipalities in the country, faces "social disaster" where it is evident that socio-economic pressure experienced by local community interferes with the goals of the municipality. In this municipality in particular and within the context of human settlement, the challenge relates not only to the enormous size of the housing backlog and the diverse needs of the homeless and others who are inadequately housed, but also the housing environment which has many weaknesses in the municipality.

Poverty, unemployment, economic stagnation and negative behaviour, together with financial and capacity constraints, make the task even more daunting. Quality and affordability of the housing delivered is of central importance.

Major Human Settlement Challenges for Metsimaholo Local Municipality (Land Invasion and Informal settlement)

It appears as if the Local Municipality of METSIMAHOLO cannot win – if it allows erven to be occupied and / or buildings to degenerate it is criticized and if it tries to evict people from erven without consent and / or to fix "bad" buildings, it is judged in court.

According to the study done by the former Department of Housing in the provincial government of the Western Cape in March 2003, unlawful occupation of land/squatting takes place because of various reasons, some of which are:

However, through consciously spatial development planning and planned housing delivery projects, the municipality will be able correct the spatial disparities of the apartheid era and ensure that integration happens between housing and other service provision such as infrastructure development, roads, transport, education, health, safety and security as well as other myriad municipal services. To this effect, the municipality has developed and Integrated Human Settlement Plan (HSP). The plan intended to be a well-resourced guide that will help the municipality to achieve the objective of housing the homeless.

- Poverty and unemployment;
- Past policies that prevented people from obtaining housing in urban areas;
- Shortage of legally obtainable housing alternatives;
- Faster urbanisation and natural growth than the development of housing in urban areas;

- "Jumping the queue", hoping to be helped to housing sooner;
- Shortage of developed land in the vicinity of job opportunities;
- Intra-urban migration to better-located land;
- Encouragement of unlawful land occupations for political and financial gain;
- The perception of unfair housing allocation;
- The unlawful sub-letting and vacating of dwellings, leaving subtenants in occupation; and
- The illegal selling of land before the expiry of the applicable sales
- Restriction

(Source: Metsimaholo Local Municipality Integrated Human Settlement Plan 2015)

Municipalities cannot argue anymore that it had "no constitutional or statutory duty to provide accommodation to occupiers evicted from (a) municipal or (b) private land".

Chapter 12 of the Emergency Housing Programme under the National Housing Code obliges municipalities to "investigate and access the emergency housing needs within their areas and undertake proactive planning in that regard". This provision effectively binds municipalities, and they cannot choose not to be involved in eviction proceedings.

Practical Strategies in Dealing with `Land Invasions` and / or preventing unlawful occupation of land and containing growth of informal settlements.

There are various situations where illegal land invasions cannot be tolerated. The land may be reserved for another use, it may be land of environmental significance, it may be subject to flooding. It could be land which is about to be developed as housing for identified beneficiaries and another group invade the land.

There is also a clear recognition, in all three spheres of Government, that the unlawful occupation of land (squatting / land invasion) is, apart from the many problems it creates, one of the biggest threats to ownership, good governance and developmental efforts in accomplishing proper urban management.

- a) If someone is in the process of occupying the land and erecting a structure as referred to in Sec 1(i) of Act 19/1998 the owner can remove the structures only partially complete or complete but not net occupied. This is known as "counter-spoliation". The requirements are that the structure is either partially complete and / or occupied.
- b) If people are in the process of erecting structures, which are not yet occupied or have shown an intention to do so by, for an example, pegging out ground, an urgent interdict should be sought interdicting them from occupying the property. This will stop the flow of persons onto the property and also if it is obtained before the people take occupation will have the effect that anyone in contempt of that order will be arrested and the costly and the time consuming process of applying for an eviction order will be avoided.

- c) If people are already occupying the structures a land owner may not remove the occupiers or their structures without a court order. A landowner can urgently approach the court for an eviction order where there will be undue hardship to the owner or where there is a real and imminent danger of injury or damage to persons and / or property. Ordinarily, a landowner will need to give the squatters fourteen working days' notice of intention to launch an application for their eviction in terms of Sec 12 of Act 19/1998. It is imperative that the landowner or the security firm monitoring the property knows what details will be required for such a court order. This includes details of the personal circumstances of the squatters (names, ID Numbers, ages, health conditions, employment status, etc.) how and when the invasion took place and proof of ownership rights. They should immediately be communicated to the owners attorneys to avoid delays or the refusal of an order because all the appropriate facts were not placed before the court.
- d) On implementation of an Eviction Order the sheriff will read the order to the community and where possible, staff of the local authority can assist with the legal demolition. The materials should be marked and taken away and stored some distance from the site, so that they cannot be easily collected and illegally re-erected. The site must be monitored to prevent non-compliance with the order and re-erection of structures.
- e) If a claim is brought before the court within six months of the date of occupation the court is not required to establish whether alternative accommodation is available for the squatters occupied the property the court will consider the factors set out above and whether alternative accommodation can reasonably be made available to the squatters.

In the event that illegal occupation or invasion of land or property has taken place, the following must be actions must be considered.

Proposed measures to prevent / eliminate re-emergence of informal settlement

The following are recommended measures for effective containment or elimination/prevention measures for re-emergence of the informal settlement, thus allowing a structured process for proper human settlement establishment to be effected.

- a) Build a database of existing informal settlements in the area.
- b) Such a database should contain information on at least the number of people, their identities and age of the inhabitants of each settlement;
- c) Mark and number each structure that is on the database;
- d) Do not allow unauthorized extensions to existing structures, since this encourages the unseen growth of informal settlements. It might also be a good idea to take photographs of the structures to properly identify it as far as future extensions are concerned;
- e) Identify land (not only municipal land but all land in the jurisdiction of the municipality) that is likely to be invaded, as well as the details of ownership;
- f) Fence off land that is likely to be invaded;
- g) Erect signage to warn prospective invaders; and
- h) Lighting should be considered, if feasible.
- i) Ensure effective communication and community consultation, which should include the following as a minimum:
 - Establish a working relationship with the representatives of the particular community/ies to assist with curbing the growth of the informal settlement. If no leadership structure exists in an area, facilitate the democratic establishment of one:
 - Sensitize all officials in the municipality (i.e. health, law enforcement, housing, engineering, community facilities, etc.) to monitor, note and report incidents of invasions/unlawful occupation;
 - Appoint a single person as lodging point for unlawful occupation and eviction complaints. This person should also be responsible to initiate the appropriate action; inform both the community and officials about the proper procedure and contact persons in the lodging of an unlawful occupation/eviction complaint;
 - Inform all landowners about their rights and responsibilities as far as the protection of their properties is concerned; and
 - Procure and maintain a working relationship with the SAPS to insure swift action against invaders. SAPS will not generally evict unlawful occupiers but will assist with ensuring the safety of officials and occupiers and to maintain law and order.

Long-term Integrated Human Settlement Objectives and Strategies:

The following long-term strategic objectives and Strategies are put in place in order to guide and drive sustainable integrated human settlement within the municipality:

TABLE: LONG-TERM INTEGRATED HUMAN SETTLEMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES:

Set Objectives		Set Strategies
Objective 1		Strategy
ACCREDITATION Application	and	Read with Section 62(1)(b) MFMA (Act No.56 of 2003) to
Implementation of the functional	area	take reasonable steps to ensure:
`Housing`		1. that full and proper records of human settlement and the
		financial affairs of the municipality are kept & to implement
		controls over daily and monthly processing and reconciling
		of transactions in a timely manner to ensure that complete,
		relevant and accurate information is accessible and
		available in accordance with any prescribe norms and
		standards (Section 62(1)(b) of the MFMA);
		2. that the municipality has and maintains effective, efficient
		and transparent systems of financial and risk management
		and internal control. (Section 62(1)(c)(i) of the MFMA; and
		3 to document risks for the selected development
		priorities/objectives as well as the direct / other controls
		related to these processes.
		The Local Municipality of METSIMAHOLO is a non-
		accredited municipality and housing delivery / -subsidy
		funding is allocated to the Department Human Settlements
		(PDHS) and (NDHS), on the basis of a formula, articulated
		in the annual DORA. On delegation of functions to ensure
		full expenditure of allocated funds
		Re-structuring of Directorate and Divisions & Staff Capacity
		& Undertake necessary recruitment, re-skilling, transferring
		and training of staff
		Level one (1), the 'foundation level'
		Level two (2) Accreditation: Stage 1, the `Developmental`
		stage
		Level two (2) Accreditation: Stage 2, the `Optimum stage`
		Level two (2) Accreditation: Stage 3, the `Sustained stage`
		Level 3 (Assignment)
		Put in place necessary monitoring & reporting systems

Set Objectives	Set Strategies
Objective 2	Strategy
Facilitating Integrated Service Delivery &	The Integrated Human Settlement Plan adopted be
integrated urban management	maintained and reviewed
	SDF review
	Identify development nodal points for low, medium & high
	cost developments
	Provide for high density & mixed housing typologies
	Provide for transit areas
	Alignment with SDF, Infra Structure Master Plans, IDP &
	Budget
	Put in place clear delegations system
	Ensure effective supply chain management
	Ensure effective management & administration

Objective 3	Strategy
To stimulate development through effective	At least 500 beneficiaries identified per
and efficient human settlement projects	approved human settlement project allocations of
	announcement and per approved human
	settlement policies.
	 At least 500 Beneficiary <u>applications</u> to be
	processed /
	At least 500 Beneficiaries to be <u>captured</u> on the
	HSS data system.
	 At least 500 beneficiaries to be registered in the
	Deeds Registry Offices per approved human
	settlement beneficiary lists of Appointment of
	service provider
	• At least 500 top structures (houses) to be
	erected for approved beneficiaries per approved
	human settlement beneficiary lists of Appointment
	of service provider
	• At least 500 Title Deeds to be issued to
	beneficiaries on completion of project

Set Objectives	Set Strategies
Objective 4	Strategy
Formalization of Informal Settlements	That the informal settlements be quantified in
(Challenges on 'Informal settlements'	order to obtain an adequate profile and to enable
situated within the area of jurisdiction of the	the determination of the appropriate
municipality be looked at)	developmental response(s).
	 That a multi-pronged plan be developed with
	actions and responses in respect of addressing
	the basic infrastructure and housing needs of
	informal settlements
	 That areas suitable for development be identified
	for upgrading of settlements.
	That transit areas be identified with Interim basic
	services viable and appropriate for medium to
	longer term upgrading.
	 That emergency basic services for settlements
	be provided where long term upgrading is not
	viable or appropriate, but relocation is not urgent or
	possible.
	• Relocations (settlements) as a last resort for
	settlements where long-term upgrading be
	identified.
	That the Informal Settlement strategy be reviewed
	regularly

Objective 5	Strategy
To acquire suitable land:	Confirm municipal outer boundaries (FS 204 region)
	Land Reform
o identified as sustainable, viable and	By ensuring land ownership with full title for previously
appropriately located and include land	disadvantaged communities in accordance with existing
geo-spatial services.	legislation
o included landed property with	Acquisition of Land
improvements, buildings, structures and	By acquiring adequate land to accommodate current
services.	informal settlements, cemeteries, landfill sites, future
o for human re-settlement purposes.	growth and small-scale farming activities
o development opportunities to uplift these	Servicing of land
communities; and	 By ensuring that land is properly planned and
$_{\odot}$ to provide for further community needs,	surveyed prior to occupation.
including prime land / -erven for high	

Set Objectives	Set Strategies
density developments and erven for higher	To provide basic infra structure to planned erven
income categories;	before any occupation is allowed.
	Alienation / Disposal of Land
	To ensure alienation / disposal of land accessible to
	services zoned / earmarked for specific land uses

Objective 6	Strategy
Secure `ownership` for residents at Hostels	Secure `ownership` for the townhouse concept houses at
(where required thereto)	Hostels 1 and 2 Zamdela

Objective 7	Strategy
To provide secured, stable rental tenure for	Provide rental accommodation and establish a framework
the lowest income persons who are not	for dealing with the many different forms of existing public
able to be accommodated in the formal	sector residential accommodation, including hostels
private rental and social housing market.	redevelopment projects, more specific, re-development of
	Hostels 3 and 4 Zamdela for CRU (Community Residential
	Units)

Objective 8	Strategy
FLISP (Finance Linked Individual Subsidy	FLISP project houses to be initiated for qualifying (such as
Program) for middle income earners (R3501	government officials) beneficiaries to reduce the initial
– R15000 pm)	mortgage loan amount or augment the shortfall between a
	qualifying loan and a total house price

Objective 9	Strategy
To investigate the establishment of self-	Housing to be secured for Shelters to accommodate
sustainable Shelters to accommodate	wandering persons without a home or job, linked to self-
wandering persons without a home or job,	sustainable gardening projects
linked to gardening projects, etc.	

Objective 10	Strategy
To secure subsidies to rural areas: Informal	To extend the benefits of the Housing Subsidy Scheme to
Land Rights	those individuals living in areas referred to as "rural" areas
	where they enjoy functional security of tenure as opposed
	to legal security of tenure. Only individuals whose informal
	land rights are uncontested and who comply with the

Set Objectives	Set Strategies
	qualification criteria will be granted such Rural subsidies to
	be accommodated

Objective 11	Strategy	
To secure housing assistance to farm	In cooperation with farm owners, to assist farm residents	
residents where required thereto	with capital subsidies for the development of engineering	
	services, should no alternative funding be available, and	
	adequate houses for farm workers and farm occupiers.	

Key Performance Areas for Integrated Human Settlement (Performance Management System - PMS):

Metsimaholo Local Municipality has an approved Performance Management Framework regulates the performance management system in the municipality and provides guidelines on the development and implementation of the organisational and employee performance management system.

The objectives of institutionalizing a Performance Management System, beyond the fulfilling of legislative requirements, is to serve as a primary mechanism to monitor, review and improve the implementation of the municipality's IDP. In doing so, it should fulfil the following functions:

- a) Promoting accountability
- b) Decision-making and resource allocation
- c) Guiding development of municipal capacity building programs.
- d) Creating a culture for best practice, shared learning within the municipality
- e) Develop meaningful intervention mechanisms and early warning system
- f) Create pressure for change at various levels
- g) Contribute to the overall development of the Local Government System

In the context of Integrated Human Settlement, the Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) are set in order to ensure that they are reported on throughout the implementation of projects and accreditation process.

These are detailed on the table below:

TABLE: KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR INTEGRATED HUMAN SETTLEMENT

Key Performance Area	Key Performance Indicators and Guidelines
Planning Alignment	Joint municipal and provincial planning teams (H D A) to be in place
	Alignment of the Integrated Human Settlement Plan with the SDF,
	Infrastructure Plans, LED Strategy IDP of the municipality

Key Performance Area	Key Performance Indicators and Guidelines
Institutional Framework	Regular meetings of Municipal Human Settlements Work streams
in Place	Committee
	Municipal Accreditation Steering Committee to be established for
	evaluation of municipal readiness and re-structuring processes
	Institutional Framework to provide for:
	 An Administrative Systems Coordination Section
	 Project Evaluations, Planning & Technical Quality Section
	Risk and Beneficiary Management
	Human Settlement Finances
Skills development of	Number of staff trained relative to target set
existing staff and new	Number of staff skilled relative to number required
recruits	No. of suitably skilled people recruited
	Number of staff recruited relative to number required
	Number of suitably skilled staff / people outsourced to other sections
	Number of staff outsourced relative to number required
	Number of suitably skilled staff accessible for transfer from other
	municipal sections or province
	Number of staff to be accommodated / placed on new organogram
Management and	Human Settlements projects to be incorporated into municipal budget
Administrative systems	and accounting system
	HSS System installed and fully operational for capturing of beneficiary
	data
	Link to Deeds Registry Offices to be installed and fully operational for
	inquiries
	Link to Population Register to be installed and fully operational for
	beneficiary verifications (Estate cases, divorces, etc.)
	Timeous and quality reporting required
	Integrated Human Settlements Plan to be annually maintained and
	produced and to form part of plan addressing accreditation projects
	approved by the Provincial Department Human Settlement
	Integrated Human Settlements Plan to be annually reviewed for Budget
	Allocations and to be approved by the municipal council and submitted
	to the Provincial Department Human Settlements on time (Provincial
	Budget March of each year)
	Municipal Council to adopt the Municipal Integrated Human
	Settlements Plan and Operational / Capital Budget
	Monthly progress reports to be provided on time by the municipality

Key Performance Area	Key Performance Indicators and Guidelines
	Progress on expenditure of Human Settlements budget to be according
	planned projects
	Municipality to receive an unqualified audit on administration /
	processes
	HSS monthly reporting required and to be provided timeously and to
	quality requirements
	Monthly subsidy reconciliations provided timeously and to quality
	requirements
	Project Linked subsidies to be administered correctly and loaded on
	HSS System
	Individual subsidies to be administered correctly and loaded onto the
	HSS System

SECTION I: DEVELOPMENTAL STRATEGIES, PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS

Introduction:

Municipalities are at the forefront of the national effort to redress the political, social and economic imbalances of the past. Considering the afore-mentioned statement, municipalities are faced with great challenges in promoting human rights, meeting community needs, addressing past backlogs and planning for a sustainable future. Effective planning and development within municipalities is imperative to ensure the maximisation of social development and economic growth.

Municipalities in South Africa utilise integrated development planning (IDP) as a method to plan future development in their areas and so find the best solutions to achieve sustainable long-term development. An Integrated Development Plan (IDP) gives an overall framework for development.

A municipal IDP provides a Five-Year strategic programme of action aimed at setting short, medium, and long term strategic and budget priorities. The plan aligns the resources and the capacity of a municipality to its overall development aims and guides the municipal budget. An IDP is therefore a key instrument which municipalities use to provide vision, leadership, and direction to all those involved in the development of a municipal area. The IDP enables municipalities to use scarce resources most effectively and efficiently to speed up deliver.

It is important that a municipal IDP correlate with National and Provincial intent to coordinate the work of all spheres of government. Such a coherent plan will ensure the improvement of the quality of life for all citizens. In developing this 2023/24 IDP, MLM Council has considered Policy and legislative principles to advance developmental agenda. The following Policy and Legislative principles found expression in all respect:

- Sustainable Developmental Goals (SDGs)
- Africa Agenda 2063
- Green Paper on National Strategic Planning
- National Development Plan Vision 2030 (NDP)
- Medium Term Strategic Framework 2019-2024 (MTSF)
- Free State Growth and Development Strategy
- Fezile Dabi District Development Model (DDM.

In his state of the Nation (SONA), the State President Honourable President Cyril Ramaphosa highlighted the following to be strategic or key priorities to focus during 2023:

In terms of SONA, the following key priorities are listed:

- Creation of decent jobs.
- Infrastructure development.
- Rural development and Land reform.
- Education and skills development.
- Health; and
- Stop corruption and good governance.

Henceforth this 2023/24 IDP has also considered and aligned its plans with the key national developmental agenda to ensure Municipality contributes on the national agenda to improve the lives of its communities within municipal area.

The table below reflects on strategic alignment process considered by municipality in ensuring all global, national or provincial and local policy imperatives and agenda find expression and encapsulated in the municipal strategic objectives and plans:







GLOBAL DEVELOPMENTAL AGENDA AND PRIORITIES:

Agenda 2063 Goals	Agenda 2063 Priority Areas	UN Sustainable Development Goals
A high standard of living, quality of life and well-being for all citizens.	Incomes, jobs and decent work	End poverty in all its forms everywhere in the world
	Poverty, inequality and hunger	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.
	Social security and protection, including persons with disabilities	promote sectember agriculture.
	Modern, affordable and liveable habitats and quality basic services	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable Economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.
		Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable
Well educated citizens and skills revolution underpinned by science, technology and innovation.	Education and science, technology and innovation (STI) driven skills revolution	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.
Healthy and well-nourished citizens.	Health and nutrition	Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.
	Sustainable and inclusive economic growth	
Transformed economies.	STI driven manufacturing, industrialization and value addition	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all
	Economic diversification and resilience	- dii
		Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.
Modern agriculture for increased productivity and production.	Agricultural productivity and production	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.
Environmentally sustainable and climate resilient economies and communities.	Bio-diversity, conservation and Sustainable natural resource management.	Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.
	Water security	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all
	Climate resilience and natural disasters preparedness	Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.

		Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.
World class infrastructure crises - crosses Africa.	Communications and infrastructure connectivity.	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.
Democratic values, practices, universal principles of human rights, justice and the rule of law entrenched.	Democracy and good governance	
	Human rights, justice and the rule of law	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build
Capable institutions and transformative leadership in place.	Institutions and leadership	effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.
	Participatory development and local governance.	
Peace, security and stability is preserved.	Maintenance and preservation of peace and security	

STRTEGIC ALIGNMENT ON GLOBAL, NATIONAL, PROVINCIAL & MUNICIPAL POLICY PRIORITY ALIGNMENT FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

AFRICA AGENDA 2063	SDGs	NDP	National KPA	FSDGS	MUNICIPAL SOs
A high standard of living, quality of life and well-being for all citizens (Modern, affordable and liveable habitats and quality basic services)	Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure	Chapter4: Economic Infrastructure Chapter 5: Transitioning to a low carbon	KPA1: Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	Improved Quality of Life	
A high standard of living, quality of life and well-being for all citizens. Transformed economies.	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.	Chapter3: Economy & Employment Chapter 7: Positioning South Africa in the World Chapter 8: Human Settlement: Reversing the Spatial effects of Apartheid	KPA2: Local Economic Development	Inclusive Economic Growth& Sustainable Job Creation	
Continental financial and monetary institutions established and functional.	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.	Chapter 13 Building Capable State Chapter 14: Promoting Accountability & Fighting Corruption	KPA3: Financial Viability & Management	Good Governance	R
Well educated citizens and skills revolution underpinned by science, technology and innovation.	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.	Chapter 9: Improving Education, Innovation & Training Chapter 13: Building Capable State	KPA4: Municipal Transformation & Institutional Development	Education, Innovation & Skills Development	<u></u>
Capable institutions and transformative leadership in place.	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.	Chapter 13 Building Capable State	KPA5: Good Governance & Public Participation	Build Social Cohesion	盦

Full gender equality in all spheres of life.	Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.	Chapter 11 Social Protection	KPA5: Good Governance & Public Participation	Build Social Cohesion	
Engaged and empowered youth and children.	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.	Chapter 11 Social Protection	KPA5: Good Governance & Public Participation	Build Social Cohesion	
Environmentally sustainable and climate resilient economies and communities.	Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.	Chapter 5: Transitioning to a low carbon	KPA1: Basic Services & Infrastructure Development	Improved Quality of Life	C ∞ ₂
		Chapter 12: Building Safer Communities			æ

This sub-section therefore outlines concrete interventions that the municipality will implement to attain the strategic objectives highlighted and identified. The priority needs / programmes and projects outlined below are informed by the outcomes of the situational analysis as defined above. These strategic objectives span for a period of five years commencing from 2022/23 to 2026/27 while the performance targets set in relation to those strategic objectives in the SDBIP must cover the present budget year (2023/24).

To ensure further alignment with annual implementation plans (SDBIP), the priority needs / programmes and projects are packaged according to the 5 KPA's of Local Government as follows:

KPA1: Basic Service Delivery and Infrastructure Development.

KPA2: Local Economic Development.

KPA3: Financial Viability and Financial Management.

KPA4: Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development.

KPA5: Good Governance and Community Participation

Based on the above, all Municipal Programmes and Projects are therefore packaged in accordance with 5 KPAs and are addressing the municipal strategic objectives identified and developed in Section H above.

Progress on 2022/23 IDP Projects Implementation:

During the 20222/23 Financial Year, the Municipality has allocated resources in its IDP & Budget to implement the following Projects through conditional grants. It should be noted that some of the projects are implemented over multi-Year period and lastly to note status wherein a remarkable stride has been marked thus far.

The Municipality has also introduced monitoring of contractors which is aligned to Municipal Performance Management System in order to track contractor's performance towards projects completion, ensure quality assurance and value for money.

Hereunder, is the list of Projects and the reported progress thus far:

PROJECT NAME	PROGRESS AS AT NOV 2022	WARD	PROGRESS AS AT MARCH 2023
Themba Khubeka Bulk Electrical Supply Phase 1	Phase 1 100% Completed	20	Phase 2 in construction 55% completed
Water treatment Oranjeville	Phase 1 100% Completed	5	Phase 2 in design and tender stage for appointment of contractor.
Refengkgotso Paved Roads Ward 3, 2.012km	100% Completed	3,4	100 % completed
Waste-water treatment Oranjeville	Phase 1 in construction 40% completed	5	Phase 1 in construction 40% completed
Refengkgotso rehabilitation of Wastewater Treatment Works	Construction 90% completed	3,4	Construction 95% completion
Metsimaholo Paved Roads and stormwater drainage Ward 5, 2.012km	Construction 39% completed	5	Construction 79% completed
Zamdela Paved Roads and stormwater Ward 10 Phase 2, 2.3km	Construction 44% completed	10	Construction 81% completed
Installation of 2537 residential meters at Themba Kubheka	Construction 70% completed	20	Construction 96 % completed
Replacement of old galvanised water pipes to UPVC In Zamdela	Construction 35% completed		Construction 91% completed
Construction of new Zamdela New Cemetery	Construction 70% completed	ALL	Contractor terminated, project on tender for appointment of contractor.
Provision of 2 537 new electrical connections in Themba Kubheka	Construction 18% completed	20	Construction 55% completed
Zamdela: Construction 2.1km paved roads and storm water Drainages Phase 2 (Ward 8)	Project at Planning stage and awaiting finalization of Procurement for appointment of Professional Service Provider	8	In design and tender stage for appointment of contractor.
Construct 2,05 paved road in Gortin	Project at Planning stage and awaiting	1	In design and tender stage for appointment of contractor.

	finalization of Procurement for appointment of Professional Service Provider		
Sasolburg: Upgrading of water pump station	Project at Planning stage and awaiting finalization of Procurement for appointment of Professional Service Provider	8,15,16,17	In design and tender stage for appointment of contractor.

Amongst other Projects that are allocated for and highly depending on the revenue of the Municipality **(OWN FUNDING)**:

PLANNED PROJECT	ALLOCATION	PROGRESS AS MARCH 2023
Upgrading of Substation in Antrim, Sasolburg and Oranjeville	12 000 000	Own Funding Project – Put on hold due to financial constraints.
Upgrading of Street lighting fittings and High Mast Networks in Sasolburg, Deneysville and Oranjeville.	1 000 000	Own Funding Project – Put on hold due to financial constraints.
Network strengthening in Gortin Phase 3	1 000 000	Own Funding Project – Put on hold due to financial constraints.
Wedepohl substation- Sasolburg switch gear	1 000 000	Own Funding Project – Put on hold due to financial constraints.
Re-sealing of roads in Sasolburg & Vaalpark	12 000 000	List of roads served in Portfolio Committee however awaiting Council approval.
Reseal/rehabilitation streets Deneysville	12 000 000	List of roads served in Portfolio Committee however awaiting Council approval.
Reseal/rehabilitation streets Oranjeville	3 000 000	List of roads served in Portfolio Committee however awaiting Council approval.
New gravel roads in Zamdela Extensions, Refengkgotso, Themba Khubeka and Metsimaholo	3 000 000	Own Funding Project – Put on hold due to financial constraints.
Installation of fence around reservoir in Deneysville (Tanker Street)	3 000 000	Own Funding Project – Put on hold due to financial constraints.
D-Cam Speed &red-light camera	5 00 000	Own Funding Project – Put on hold due to financial constraints.
x 3 Guard Room Cubicle (Already Delivered)	100 000	Delivered (R 88 000)
2 x Fire Engines	6000 000	Specification compiled by Director and submitted to CFO for procurement processes to unfold

1 Compactor truck	1 500 000	Specification compiled by
		Director and submitted to
		CFO for procurement
		processes to unfold
Cherry Picker 42m long	300 000	Specification compiled by
		Director and submitted to
		CFO for procurement
		processes to unfold

2023/24 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PROGRAMME:

Summary of Capital Expenditure: Conditional Grants

The table below represent the Summary of Capital Expenditure from Conditional Grants:

2023/24	ļ	2024/25	j	2025/26		
Source of Funding	Budget	Source of Funding	Budget	Source of Funding	Budget	
Internal Financing		OWN		OWN		
MIG	R 50 273 000,00	MIG	R52 501 750	MIG	R54 803 600	
Finance lease	0	Finance lease		Finance lease		
Financial Lease rollover	0	Financial Lease rollover	0	Financial Lease rollover		
Free state sports	0	Free state sports	0	Free state sports		
RBIG	9000 000					
INEP	29 780 000	DoE		INEP		
WSIG	20 617 000	WSIG		WSIG		
External Funding		External Funding		External Funding		
Human Settlement H D A	0	Human Settlement H D A	0	Human Settlement H D A		
RBIG		RBIG	0	RBIG		
Dept. of Tourism	0	Dept. of Tourism		Dept. of Tourism		
SASOL	0	SASOL	0	SASOL		
SLP	0	SLP	0	SLP		
	109 90 000					

^{*}Detailed Capital Projects on Conditional Grants reflected in Section H

DETAILED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE: OWN FUNDING:

INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT FUNDED FROM OWN FUNDING

DEPARTMENT	Section	Description	Estimated Budget
	Electricity	Upgrading of Street lighting fittings and High Mast Networks in Sasolburg, Deneysville and Oranjeville.	2 000 000
	Electricity	Installation of 4 High Mast lights in Themba Khubeka	1 800 000
	Electricity	Installation of diesel generators in Deneysville and Oranjeville abstraction points & WTW	5 000 000
	Electricity	Fencing of Electrical Substations in Zamdela, Sasolburg, Deneysville and Oranjeville	1 200 000
	Electricity	Replacement of substation doors in all towns	500 000
TECHNICAL SERVICES	Electricity	Construction of Ring Feeds	1 000 000
TEOTINICAL SERVICES	Sanitation	Building of ablution facilities at pump stations	1 000 000
	Roads & SW	Re-sealing of roads in Sasolburg & Vaalpark	5 000 000
	Roads & SW	Re-sealing of roads in Zamdela	8 000 000
	Roads & SW	Re-sealing of roads in Deneysville	5 000 000
	Roads & SW	Re-sealing of roads in Oranjeville	2 500 000
	Roads & SW	New gravel roads in Zamdela Extensions, Refengkgotso, Themba Khubeka and Metsimaholo	4 500 000
	Building	Refurbishment of Zamdela municipal offices	3 500 000
		Total	41 000 000

MUNICIPAL MANAGER	ICT	1 500 000	
	ICT	Network Cabling and Equipment (Switches, Radios etc.)	380 000
	ICT	Printers (Multifunction desk printers, slip printers, high function printers etc.)	3 450 000
		Total	5 330 000
		Office furniture	2 500 000
CORPORATE SERVICES		1 000 000	
		Total	3 500 000

COMMUNITY SERVICES	Cleansing Services Fire Service	Establishment of landfill site Lowbed Truck Fire Department Call Centre System	5 000 000 1 000 000 500 000
		6 500 000	
		Total Own Funding	54 30 000

MOTOR VEHICLE / TRUCKS / YELLOW FLEET FUNDED FROM LOAN (MOTOR VEHICLE FINANCING)

DEPARTMENT	TYEP	DESCRIPTION OF VEHICLE	QUANTITY	Estimated Price	Maximum Price Total			
	Refuse compactor	10 Ton payload Refuse Truck, with dual rear wheels on tandem axles (6x4). Fitted with a diesel engine, capacity of 11,000cm³ and developing not less than 200kW (DIN), automatic transmission.	4	2 900 000,00	11 600 000,00			
COMMUNITY SERVICES	Tipper Truck	10 Ton payload, 10.0m3 capacity Tipper Truck with dual rear wheels on tandem axles. Fitted with a diesel engine, capacity of 11000cm3 and developing not less than 200kW (DIN). 5,000m Long Steel Tipper load body to specification SMV/90/HCV/006. With optional electric hydraulic system to be supplied by manufacturer	2	2 164 983,68	4 329 967,36			
	Single Cab Bakkie	LCV SWB/LWB 4x2 2000cm³, payload not less than 1000kg (Diesel)	5	271 769,15	1 358 845,75			
	Sedan (traffic)	Four/five seater sedan 4 doors - piston displacement 1800cm3, (Petrol).	5	311 124,45	1 555 622,25			
	Tracktor	A heavy duty 4X2 Tractor with an operating mass of at least 2400 kg (un-ballasted) Fitted with a diesel engine, developing not less than 55kW power and 250Nm of torque. To be used for pulling and operating a 1,5 m slasher.	4		1 219 500,00			
	304 875,00 SUB-TOTAL COMMUNITY SERVICES							
					20 063 935,36			

A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	95 589,78
Grader Grader Iess than 13,500kg and mouldboard not less than 3.6m (12ft). Fitted with a diesel engine, developing not less than 105kW power and 800Nm of torque. 1 2 995 589,78 2 99 A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	15 589,78
Grader mouldboard not less than 3.6m (12ft). Fitted with a diesel engine, developing not less than 105kW power and 800Nm of torque. 1 2 995 589,78 2 99 A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	5 589,78
3.6m (12ft). Fitted with a diesel engine, developing not less than 105kW power and 800Nm of torque. 1 2 995 589,78 2 99 A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	5 589,78
3.6m (12ft). Fitted with a diesel engine, developing not less than 105kW power and 800Nm of torque. 1 2 995 589,78 2 99 A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	15 589,78
diesel engine, developing not less than 105kW power and 800Nm of torque. 1 2 995 589,78 2 99 A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	5 589,78
not less than 105kW power and 800Nm of torque. 1 2 995 589,78 2 99 A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	5 589,78
and 800Nm of torque. 1 2 995 589,78 2 99 A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	5 589,78
A 4x4 TLB (Tractor-Loader-	15 589,78
Destrict A could be at the country of the country o	
Backhoe) with operating	
mass of not less than	
7,800kg, equipped with a	
backhoe bucket with a	
capacity of not less than	
TLB 0.18m³ (SAE) and loader	
bucket capacity of not less	
than 0.9m³	
(SAE). Fitted with a diesel	
engine, developing not less	
	8 200,00
10 Ton payload, 10.0m3	0 200,00
capacity Tipper Truck with	
TECHNICAL dual rear wheels on tandem	
SERVICES axles. Fitted with a diesel	
engine, capacity of	
11000cm3 and developing	
Tipper Truck not less than 200kW (DIN).	
5,000m Long Steel Tipper	
load body to specification	
SMV/90/HCV/006. With	
optional electric hydraulic	
system to be supplied by	
	29 967,36
Single LCV SWB/LWB 4x2	
Cab Bakkie 2000cm³, payload not less 5	
	8 845,75
Engine Power: Min 300Kw,	,
Minimum Swing Pressure:	
26000 kPa, Maximum	
Equipment Pressure: 38000	
kPa, Operating weight:	
Excavator 47500kg, Maximum Digging 1	
Depth:	
7700mm, Bucket size: SD	
2.41m³, Maximum Reach at	000000
·	00,000 00
12000 litre Vacuum	
Sewerage Tanker with dual	
rear wheels. Performance:	
350 Bar @ 350 L/min, Hose	
Combination Reel: Hydraulic 300 meter	
Truck Mounted with 1/4 inch sewer jetting	
Jetting and nozzle, Vehicle:	
	00,000 00
SUB-TOTAL TECHNICAL SERVICES	
	22 602 90
	32 602,89
FINANCIAL Single LCV SWB/LWB 4x2	
SERVICES Cab Bakkie 2000cm³, payload not less	74 700 1-
than 1000kg (Diesel) 1 271 769,15 27	71 769,15

	SUB-TOTAL FINANCIAL SERVICES							
	271 769,15							
DIRECTOR:	Single	LCV SWB/LWB 4x2						
ECONOMIC	Cab Bakkie	2000cm³, payload not less	2					
DEVELOPMENT		than 1000kg (Diesel)		271 769,15	543 538,30			
	543 538,30							
	37 561 845,70							

Registered MIG Projects Metsimaholo Local Municipality -

The table below provides the details of registered MIG Multi Year projects that are to be implemented over the multi-year period or MTREF. These projects also form part of the capital projects programmes as per the table above.

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Total Planned Expenditure for 2022/2023	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2023/2024	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2024/2025	Ward	Municipal Comment on Project Implementation (Updated in 31/01/2022)	Municipal Comment/Progress on Project Implementation (Updated in 31/03/2023)
	PMU	2 537 800,00	2 647 350,00				
	Refengkgotso/Deneysville:					Project procurement	Project under
MIG/FS0994/CF/13/15	Construction of Sports Complex	2 537 800,00			4	period lapsed	procurement for phase
	(MIS215549)			-			02 implementation
	Metsimaholo/Oranjeville:						Project currently
MIG/FS0995/CF/13/15	Construction of new sports facility	-		-		Project currently	stopped
	(MIS:263547)		-		5	stopped	
MIG/FS1098/C/17/17	Zamdela: Upgrading of Cemetery	-	2 000 000,00	-	8,9,10,11 & 12	Project is currently under procurement	Contractor appointed
	Metsimaholo: Construction of					awaiting technical	Project is at 75%
MIG/FS1327/R,ST/19/22	2.02km paved roads and storm	5 198 600,54			5	report approval	progress approaching
WIG/FS1327/R,S1/19/22	water drainage Ward 5 Phase 1	5 196 600,54	-	-	5		completion
	(MIS:339921)						
	Zamdela Ward 11:Uprading of					Under procurement	Project is at 80%
MIG/FS1363/W/20/20 (SMIF)	rusted galvanized pipes to UPVC	2 361 311,24	-	-	11		progress approaching
	Phase 1 COVID-19 (MIS:363784)						completion
MIG/FS1396/C-19/20/20 (SMIF)	Metsimaholo: Covid-19 Sanitization					Savings	
WIIG/F3 1390/C-19/20/20 (SMIF)	Project (MIS:373567)	_	-	-			

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Total Planned Expenditure for 2022/2023	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2023/2024	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2024/2025	Ward	Municipal Comment on Project Implementation (Updated in 31/01/2022)	Municipal Comment/Progress on Project Implementation (Updated in 31/03/2023)
MIG/FS1405/R,ST/20/22	Zamdela: Construction of 2.05km paved roads and storm water drainage in Ward 10 (MIS:339953)	9 030 849,69	-	-	10	technical report and MIG 1 submitted	Project is at 80% progress approaching completion
MIG/FS1437/W/21/22	Themba Khubeka: Installation of 2537 water meters and 55 bulk water meters (MIS:340073)	7 042 694,20			20		Project is at 85% progress approaching completion
MIG/FS1470/R,ST/22/24	Zamdela: Construction 2.1km paved roads and storm water Drainages Phase 2 (Ward 8) (MIS:422185)	7 000 000,00	12 751 403,20	-	8	technical report and MIG 1 submitted	Project under procurement for appointing contractor
	Sasolburg: Upgrading of Water Pump Station (MIS 422536)	3 626 944,60	16 156 764,34	-	12	Comment by Province Submitted to Sector on the 23/11/2021. Awaiting Sector Recommendation	Project under procurement for appointing contractor
	Gortin: Construction of 4,5 km gravel roads (MIS 422196)	5 419 999,73	6 415 745,13		1	Comment by Province Project referred by appraisal Committee for further evaluation	Project cancelled
	Upgrading of Sport Facilities	-	2 382 615,00	-			
	Zamdela: Upgrading of Rusted galvinised pipes to UPVC ward 12 (MIS 422332)	-	5 296 562,17	-	12	In registration process	Registered
	Total	50 756 000,00	52 947 000,00	-			

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Total Planned Expenditure for 2022/2023	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2023/2024	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2024/2025	Ward	Municipal Comment on Project Implementation (Updated in31/01/2022)	Municipal Comment/Progress on Project Implementation (Updated in31/03/2023)
	Zamdela: Construction of paved roads and stormwater drainage (2.1km) in ward 10,11 and 12	-	-	-	10,11&12		Completed
	Amelia/ Gortin Sewer house Connections		-	-	1	Comments by Province All documents for registration to be submitted by 28 July 2017	Completed
	Paved Roads In Metsimaholo ward 5	-	-	-	5		In progress
	Paved Rooads in Refengkgotso ward 3	-	-	-	3		Completed
MIG/FS1100/R,ST/15/18	Zamdela Paved Roads & Stormwater ward 12 (2.2 km)	-	-	-	12		Completed
MIG/FS0994/CF/13/15	Refengkgotso/Deneysville: Construction of Sports Complex (MIS215549)	-	-	-	3 &4		
MIG/FS0995/CF/13/15	Metsimaholo/Oranjeville: Construction of new sports facility (MIS:263547)	-	-	-	5	Project is currently in progress	
	Metsimaholo/Oranjeville rehabilitation of Waste Water Treatment Works	-	-	-	5	Currently busy with the revision of the technical report in line with DWS comments and suggestions	
	Sasolburg Landfill sites	-	-	-	ALL	Awaiting for revised technical report from the consultant.	
MIG/FS1118/CL/16/18	Amelia: Installation of 12 high mast lights (MIS:234283)	-	-	-	19	Project under construction at 65% to completion	Completed
MIG/FS1260/S/18/20	Gortin Phase 3: Construction of 3000 sewer yard connections (MIS:285136)	•	-	-	1	Awaiting appointment of contractor	Completed

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Total Planned Expenditure for 2022/2023	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2023/2024	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2024/2025	Ward	Municipal Comment on Project Implementation (Updated in31/01/2022)	Municipal Comment/Progress on Project Implementation (Updated in31/03/2023)
MIG/FS1198/R,ST/17/19	Metsimaholo/Zamdela: Construction of 2km paved roads and storm water drainage in Ward 8 (Phase 1) (MIS:382710)	-	-	-	8	Project under construction at 99% to completion	Completed
MIG/FS1201/S/17/19	Gortin (Phase 4): Construction of 4000 sewer yard connections (MIS:266190)	-	-	-	13	Project under construction at 70% to completion	Completed

DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL (DDM):

The DDM was endorsed by the Presidential Coordinating Council (PCC) on 20 August 2019. The PCC supported the "One Plan" instrument proposed by the DDM and emphasized that the One Plan must express the National Development Plan and overlay the MTSF priorities, Provincial Priorities and Municipal IDP/SDBIPs. The PCC endorsed that resource allocation and budgeting must be aligned to supporting the implementation of the District Model. The DDM was subsequently approved by Cabinet on 21 August 2019.

The District Development Model (DDM) was approved as an operational model for improving Cooperative Governance aimed at building a capable, ethical Developmental State, including improving and enhancing the state of Local Government.

The DDM enables synergy between national, provincial and local priorities, and implementation of immediate priority projects and actions as well as a long-term strategic framework for predictable, coherent and effective service delivery and development.

It enables implementation of the National Development Plan (NDP), National Spatial Development Framework (NSDF), Integrated Urban Development Framework (IUDF) and the Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) by localising and synergising objectives, targets and directives in relation to the 52 District and Metropolitan spaces (IGR Impact Zones), thereby addressing the triple challenges of poverty, inequality and unemployment in a spatially targeted and responsive manner.

It is an All of Government and Society Approach providing a method by which all three spheres of government and state entities work in unison in an impact-oriented way, where there is higher performance and accountability for coherent and effective service delivery and development outcomes. The DDM influences and activates immediate intergovernmental and local government stabilisation actions and short, medium and long-term Spatialisation and Reprioritisation of Government Planning, Budgeting and Implementation in relation to jointly agreed outcomes and commitments in the 52 District and Metropolitan Spaces.

The aim is to improve integrated planning and delivery across the three spheres of government with district and metropolitan spaces as focal points of government and private sector investment. The envisaged integrated planning and delivery in relation to the district and metropolitan spaces will be enabled by a joint planning, budgeting and implementation process.

The DDM focuses on implementation of immediate priority projects, stabilisation of local government and long-term institutionalisation of integrated planning, budgeting and delivery anchored on the development and implementation of the "One Plan". As such the DDM focuses on building state capacity as the system of Local Government is stabilised, and in the medium term, to improve cooperative governance, integrated

planning and spatial transformation, inclusive economic development, and where citizens are empowered to contribute and partner in development. The One Plan is an intergovernmental plan setting out a long-term strategic framework (consisting of short, medium and long-term actions) to guide investment and delivery in relation to the 52 district and metropolitan spaces. This plan is meant to be jointly developed and agreed to by all spheres of government.

Considering the above, Fezile Dabi District has developed its District Model (FDDM) that will promote the developmental agenda and principles of DDM. The table below represents strategic priorities of FDDM.

FDDM DEVELOPMENTAL STRATEGIC PRIORITIES:

- To become a growing globally competitive District by fostering inclusive entrepreneurship culture by 2050
- To become a global leader through green economy industrialization by 2050.
- To become an economically self-sufficient society through integrated service provisioning by 2050
- To be a vibrant, rewarding, and sustainable district where people live, play and work, by 2050.
- To improve the quality of life of the people of Fezile Dabi through sustainable infrastructure engineering, economic growth, and the harnessing of technology by 2050.

OVERALL STATUS OF PUBLIC & PRIVATE SECTOR COMMITMENTS OR PROJECTS:

Public Sector Investment	
The DPME, CoGTA and National Treasury dataset collectively identify 299 Sector Projects for Fezile Dabi DM from the MTSF 2019 - 2024.	
The below table lists the broad categorization of sectors that are used in the report.	•
Private Sector Investment	
Green-hydrogen aspirant Sasol has set aside R350-million to repurpose an operational electrolyser at Sasolburg, in the Free State, to produce green hydrogen	R350m
Free State (Fezile Dabi)	
Sasolburg Green Hydrogen 60M	R60m
Project Phoenix fuel cell manufacturing	

SUMMARY OF SECTOR PLAN PROJECTS IN FEZILE DABI DISTRICT:

Sector Projects Actions broad categorisation	Count	On the One Plan	Unfunded / No budget	Projects Costs
Municipal Infrastructure Projects funded through MIG	61			R 502 601 000 (8.1%)
Water and Sanitation Projects (RBIG and WSIG)	18			R1 052 000 000 (14.6.%)
Arts and Culture	6	2		R 36 774 932 (0,6%)
Education	14	2		R 1 575 621 178 (28%)
SAFE Schools Projects	4 3		(43)	-
Health	30	14	(18)	R 291 401 316 (5,3%)
Human Settlements	36	13	(2)	R 1 775 156 413 (31%)
Public Works	9	2		R 59 133 000 (1%)
Transport	13	8		R 1 453 428 000 (26%)
Energy	19		(6)	R 109 966 072 (2%)
Environment	19	7	(5)	R 309 009 421 (5,4%)
Justice	1			R 8 783 000 (0.2%)
Small Business Dev	9	9	(9)	-
Agriculture	21	4	(7)	R 62 634 917 (1,1%)
Private Sector	1			R 350 000 000
Total	299	61 (28%)	90 (41%)	R 7 566 509 249

SUMMARY OF SECTOR PLAN PROJECTS IN FEZILE DABI DISTRICT PER MUNICIPALITY:

Sectors	Moqhaka	Metsimaholo	Ngwathe	Mafube	Grand Total
MIG Projects	21	8	20	10	62
Water and sanitation Project (RBIG and WSIG)	5	2	6	5	18
Arts and Culture	1	0	3	1	5
Education	3	5	4	2	14
SAFE Schools Projects	24	0	11	8	43
Health	9	2	11	7	30
Human Settlements	15	6	8	7	36
Public Works	1	0	2	6	9
Transport	3	3	2	2	13
Energy	7	2	4	5	19
Environment	3	7	3	5	19
Justice	0	0	0	1	1

Small Business Dev	1	2	3	3	9
Agriculture	5	5	5	6	21
Grand Total	98	42	82	68	299
In %	33%	14%	26%	27%	100%

EXISTING FEZILE DABI DDM PROJECTS WITHIN METSIMAHOLO:

The table below reflect on the FDDM Projects that will be implemented through DDM within Metsimaholo Local Municipality jurisdiction:

PROJECT NAME	LOCATION	VALUE	SCOPE OF WORK	PROGRESS TO DATE
Construction Of Refengkgotso Sports Complex Phase 1	Refengkgotso	R 10 371 916,95 Expenditure to date: 9 319 196,57	Converted containers, Clear Vu fencing, combi- courts, earthworks for soccer pitch and high mast lights.	Converted containers onsite, ClearVu fencing completed, combi-courts – surface to be redone in Phase 2, earthworks for soccer pitch - completed and high mast lights – completed(90%Complete)
Construction Of Refengkgotso Sports Complex Phase 2	Refengkgotso		Soccer pitch with running track, architectural modification of containers, Outdoor gym, Re- surface combi-courts, Paved parking, Steel grand stands, Paved Pathways, Entrance area	Project went on tender in Feb 2022 but recommended bidder priced higher than the budget. Project to go out on re- tender
Upgrading of Refengkgotso wastewater treatment plant from 2 ml/ day to 6 ml/ day		230 000 000 Expenditure to date: R 150,295,372,08	Construct Head of works, BNR, SST A, SST B, CCT Channel, 3 Pump stations, Control and Chlorine Building, Refurbish Existing Quarry, Electrical & Mechanical Works, De- Commission old plant, Admin Building Fencing, Telemetry System, Discharge works, and Road works.	Concrete works (HOW, BNR, SST A & B), Electrical & Mechanical installations, 2 Pump stations, Fencing, and Building Works, (70% Complete)
Deneysville (Refengkhotso) 2614 Structures (Human Settlements)	Project was approved on 1 April 2014 for the construction of 2, 614 units, The project started in 2019.	R26,300,000.00 Expenditure to date: R 9 319 196,57		About 700 houses completed, and outstanding houses to be build are about 1 914, to be completed in 2024 March(30% complete.







ECONOMIC POSITIONING:

"To become a global Leader through green Industrialization by 2050"

Programme1: Economic Recovery Initiatives/Interventions to be rolled out include:

The Economic Recovery Plan (ERP) is a set of measures that Fezile Dabi District will employed, in consultation with the business, labour and community sectors as social partners – to restore the district's economy to inclusive growth following the devastation caused by the pandemic.

Key Indicators

- Key initiatives or interventions that will be rolled out include:
 - Infrastructure roll out (Aggressive Infrastructure development)
 - Localization through Industrialization
 - Energy security

Outcomes

- Food security (Agriculture & Agro-processing)
- Support for tourism (Reviving the tourism sector)
- Green economy interventions (Green Hydrogen)
- Public employment programs Mass public employment programme (EPWP, CWP, Presidential Employment Stimulus (PES) & Presidential Youth Employment Initiative (PYEI)
- Micro-economic policy interventions
- Gender equality and the inclusion of women and youth
- Development and Implementation Vaal River Regional Spatial framework embedded in the competitive advantage and strength of district / region and establishment of a Special Economic Zone
- Key sectors for investment Agriculture, Agro-processing and Rural development, Advanced Manufacturing (Green Hydrogen) and Industrial development, Trade and Enterprise development, Informal Sector development, Tourism and Hospitality Sector development.
- Ensuring that the government remains on track with its plan to transform Sasol into a Greentech SEZ
- Regeneration of the railway industry to enhance exports of goods, mobility for local communities and tourism
- Development of strategies to use tourism in the District as a catalyst for economic transformation and work towards increasing tourism by 30%;
- Mining and processing mineral products into finish products (beneficiation);
- Roll-out Agriculture Model to the District: Agri-hub where small farmers produce for the hub with a take-off agreement with market and establish National Centre of food production in 2024 (Food basket of South Africa); Facilitate partnerships between emerging farmers and commercial farmers

- Globally competitive region, place/product, High demand
- Strategic advantage generated due to unique product (Green Hydrogen) and/or high quality and/or competitive pricing
- Economic Anchor driving growth and jobs
- Attract investment, skills and talent
- Safe and conducive business environment
- High job absorbing growth
- Linkages with and development of local SMMEs
- Harness Research and Development (R&D) capability
- Promote new paradigms and innovative models

Programme 2: Strategic Positioning in the Green Economy (Hydrogen) Agenda

- Ensuring that the government remains on track with its plan to transform Sasol into a Greentech SEZ
- Regeneration of the railway industry to enhance exports of goods, mobility for local communities and tourism
- Development of strategies to use tourism in the District as a catalyst for economic transformation and work towards increasing tourism by 30%;
- Mining and processing mineral products into finish products (beneficiation);
- Roll-out Agriculture Model to the District: Agri-hub where small farmers produce for the hub
 with a take-off agreement with market and establish National Centre of food production in
 2024 (Food basket of South Africa);
- Facilitate partnerships between emerging farmers and commercial farmers

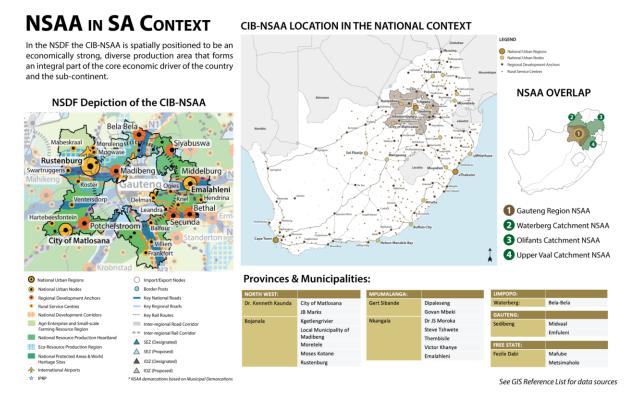
Central Innovation Belt:

The Draft National Spatial Development Framework has identified parts of the Fezile Dabi District Municipality as part of the central innovation belt. The central innovation belt area is situated around the core of the Gauteng urban region. It is spatially positioned to be an economically strong, diverse production area that forms an integral part of the core economic driver of the country and sub-continent.

The Central Innovation Belt is characterised by high-value mining and industrial production activity.



Source: National Spatial Development Framework, 2019 (NSDF)



Source: National Spatial Development Framework, 2009 & Draft Vaal River Regional Spatial Development Framework (VRSDF)

The Central Innovation Belt is a key contributor to national economic growth and employment and a crucial surface water production area (Draft NSDF, 2019) & 2022 Draft Vaal River Spatial Development Framework.

Other Economic Projects Include:

- Vaal Special Economic Zones (SEZ)
- Vaal River City Development

Special Economic Zone (SEZ):

A Special Economic Zone (is defined as a geographically designated area of a country set aside for specifically targeted economic activities which are then supported through special arrangements (that may include laws) and support systems, that are often different from those that apply to the rest of the country, to promote industrial development. The SEZ programme is a tool that is used by many economies to promote trade, economic growth, and industrialization.

VAAL SEZ:

The objective is to develop a multi sector, multi-site Special Economic Zone (in the Vaal Region (Sedibeng District). Regenerate the area, support new economic activity, and build on the historic competitive strengths and skills base of the area. There are currently 12 designated SEZs in South Africa of which two (2) in Gauteng OR Tambo and Tshwane Automotive SEZ). The Gauteng Province is proposing the establishment of further SEZs in the Vaal Region, West Rand and Lanseria. The main objectives being to build a socially cohesive society, with sustained economic growth that results in the creation and retention of quality jobs.

METSIMAHOLO PROPOSED SEZ:

The Metsimaholo local municipality will proposing to be part of the Vaal SEZ and making a submission of properties that will form part of the SEZ. Proposed land parcels are as follows:

Title Holder	Land parcel	Gross Lettable area	Priority sectors	Zoning
Metsimaholo local municipality	Re of the farm Mooidraai 44	472ha	Business/Agriculture	Agricultural
Metsimaholo local municipality	Portion 4 of the farm Mooiplaats 581	257ha	Business and Tourism attraction	Agricultural
Metsimaholo local municipality	Portion 1 of the farm Rosendal 406	252ha	Business and Tourism attraction/Agriculture	Agricultural
Metsimaholo local municipality	Erven 4 – 21 Vaalpark Township	2.7ha after consolidation	Business	Residential
Metsimaholo local municipality	Erf 8009 Sasolburg	6.6 ha	Industrial/renewable energy	Recreation
Metsimaholo local municipality	Remainder of the Townlands of Oranjeville	10 ha	Tourism attraction	Agricultural
Metsimaholo local municipality	Reminder of the farm Amelia	20ha	Business	Undermined
Metsimaholo local municipality	Re of Erf 1895 & 1896 Deneysville Township	1.9ha & 2.0ha	Tourism attraction	Government

MANUFACTURING:

The re-industrialization of Fezile Dabi's economy is a key element of the Fezile Dabi ERP. Objectives include expanding and diversifying the manufacturing base, improving its competitiveness and dynamism, increasing its participation in regional and global markets, reducing concentration levels and achieving effective transformation.

The **social compact** between government, business, civil society and labour in formulating the Fezile Dabi ERP will underscore a much more collaborative approach between the parties.

Enhanced value proposition of investment opportunities:

- Industrial financing support including government schemes, development finance and tax incentives, alongside spatial development initiatives such as SEZs contribute toward reducing project development risks and raising returns on investment.
- The Fezile Dabi area is mostly dominated by the industrial prowess harnessed by Sasol, with the manufacturing of refined petroleum, coke and chemical products adding largely to its GDP. The establishment of ChemCity, a wholly owned subsidiary of Sasol, has also added a business incubator that allows SMMEs to feed off and diversify from the opportunities that prevail due to the energy consortium operating in the area.

Some of the investment opportunities include:

- Sasolburg chemicals complex presents attractive manufacturing and services investment opportunities
- Specialised manufacturing node at Sasolburg.

GREEN ECONOMY:

Just transition to a low-carbon, climate-resilient, green economy forms an integral part of Fezile Dabi Economic Recovery Plan. The greening trajectory and related initiatives / programmes are providing numerous economic development opportunities such as:

- Strategic Twinning Partnerships between Fezile Dabi (FS), Sedibeng (GP),
 Waterberg (LP), West Coast (WC) and Namakwa (NC)
- The further large-scale deployment of renewable energy generation and energy storage;
- The continued adoption of energy and water efficiency solutions;
- The expanded retrofitting of public and private sector buildings;
- Increased waste re-use/recycling on the back of improved management of landfill sites, the implementation of measures to encourage the diversion of waste from landfills to the industrial sector, and the revitalisation of buy-back centres;
- The beneficiation of industrial waste:
- Environmental rehabilitation and preservation; and, among others; and
- Forestry development, particularly through small grower support measures.

The socio-economic benefits are likely to be enormous, with considerable job-creation potential through the strong multiplier effects at play across most sectors of the economy. Many procurement opportunities will arise for local manufacturers and other key input suppliers, both existing and prospective.

Enhanced value proposition of investment opportunities:

- Renewable energy generation, particularly wind and solar PV.
- Solar energy technologies and components (solar panels and inputs such as solar glass, aluminium, junction boxes and cabling; solar water geysers; timers, etc.);
- Adoption of energy efficiency technologies.
- Energy storage.
- Green hydrogen production.
- Diversion of landfill waste to industry for re-use/recycling.
- Recycling (e.g. plastics, paper and packaging, glass, tyres, batteries, e-waste);
- Waste beneficiation (e.g. ash, slag, gypsum, biomass);
- Wastewater treatment.
- Electric infrastructure and value chain development, hydrogen fuel cell-based systems, greener component materials; and
- Green buildings related materials and products

Other Investment opportunities include:

- 1. Reduce carbon dependency, ecosystem degradation, and water scarcity;
- 2. Sustainable waste management practices: programme includes:
- Improving Chemicals and Waste Management and the Circular Economy through Waste beneficiation; and
- Zero waste community programme for 500 000 households.

MINING:

The expansion and revitalisation of economic activity across mining value chains forms an integral part of Fezile Dabi reindustrialisation strategy, leveraging on the country's vast mineral resource endowment, comparative advantages and industrial development capital. There is a strong emphasis on renewed investment in exploration activity and the expansion of production capacity to unlock economic resources and enhance competitiveness in mining value chains, as well as on mineral beneficiation for value addition to such resources.

Enhanced certainty and adequate investment protection will reduce risk for investors and existing players. The diversified structure of South Africa's mining sector, with various commodity value chains competitively positioned on global production cost curves, supports the case for value-accretive long-term investment in the sector.

Enhanced value proposition of investment opportunities:

Diverse mineral resource portfolio presents investment opportunities across precious metals, energy minerals, ferrous and non-ferrous metals, as well as other industrial minerals. Growth of the global green hydrogen economy presents significant opportunities to leverage Fezile Dabi position in the world's PGM supply chain. Increased beneficiation through revitalisation of downstream manufacturing capacity

In terms of mining, there are extensive areas with rich underground coal deposits. Large quantities are mined in the Fezile Dabi district by means of conventional and strip-mining methods - the rare clay, Bentonite, is mined in the vicinity of Koppies as indicated; The re-exploitation of the Lacemyn diamond mine in the vicinity of Kroonstad is currently taking place and gold is mined at the Vaal Reefs Mine, part of the Witwatersrand gold reef, in the Viljoenskroon area.

Some of the investment opportunities:

For the period 2009 to 2019, the mining sector had the highest average annual growth rate in the district at 2.81%. While mining does not employ many people, it is the fourth highest contributor to output. While mining has a limited life span, there is potential for the extraction of new minerals such as bentonite and development of secondary products within the municipality rather than exporting them to other areas for processing and beneficiating into secondary goods. This will require facilitating and attracting investment for the creation of spinoff industries based on the current and potential future mining activities;

The **Operation Knock Out Zama Zama's** must be strengthened and should be implemented in a multi-stakeholder collaborative approach inclusive of all relevant departments.

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT:

The Fezile Dabi economy's recovery, renewal and expansion momentum will be catalysed by a massive roll-out of investment across the health, education, agriculture energy, water & sanitation, roads and storm-water, rail, human settlement, tourism, community and social infrastructure.

Enhanced value proposition of investment opportunities Some of the investment opportunities Water development and irrigation projects (e.g. phase 2 of the Fast-tracked implementation of shovel-ready projects will Lesotho Highlands project. Vaal River system) approved across all infrastructure present major 9 provinces provide investment opportunities to the private sector opportunities for numerous local suppliers of material Sustainable transport financing strategy will inputs and services (MTSF Project Tracker); unlock development and state-backed funding Some of the country's busiest routes passes through Fezile Dabi - there is N1 (Johannesburg to opportunities for domestic road and rail Cape Town via Kroonstad) and the N3 (Johannesburg construction and maintenance Opportunities in the rail network's modernisation to Durban via Villiers); and expansion Ongoing maintenance and upgrading by SANRAL Significant investment opportunities in catalytic of the N3 particularly the stretch between Villiers and infrastructure projects such as provincial development corridors, social infrastructure. Commodities transported via Villiers to Gauteng telecommunications and power generation. from Durban and vice versa include containers, steel, cars, coal, manganese, fuels and perishables; Tapping into the mooted Vaal Special Economic Zone (SEZ) to be Significant investments in bulk and reticulation undergirded by R900 million loan facility at the behest of the service delivery infrastructure investment (in water, Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA) to roll out bulk sanitation, roads and storm-water and electricity) infrastructure project to catalyse economic development in the cannot be over-emphasised as these investments Vaal, Northern Free State and surrounding areas should be potentially would ignite regional economic exploited as a potential resource envelop to ensure development development; along the Vaal River on the Free State Province's side. There is a need to provide requisite infrastructure to unblock projects that require unblocking such as The Development of Infrastructure Master Plan with the assistance Villiers / Qalabotiha N3 Development Corridor, of MISA, DBSA and COGTA cannot be over-emphasised as this rehabilitation of roads and storm water infrastructure in would assist in quantifying backlogs and tease out cost for industrial areas; development of Kroonstad Airport; upgrading, rehabilitating and building new service delivery development and the implementation of Moghaka infrastructure to anchor future growth and development. waste storage, disposal and a treatment plan;

TOURISM:

The tourism sector's recovery and growth is one of the priority interventions identified in the ERP to revitalise the expansion momentum and build a new economy.

The Fezile Dabi region provides a strong platform for attracting investment capital in the tourism industry.

Enhanced value proposition of investment opportunities	Some of the investment opportunities
 A market entry facilitation programme to support investment in the sector will be a catalyst for renewed growth, development and recovery of the tourism industry. Strategic focus on driving growth in the domestic tourism market. Tourism development potential leveraging off the Vaal River / Dam and Vredefort Dome (a world heritage site, third largest Meteorite site in the world). Lion Route which passes through the district is known for activities such as cape wine tasting, gliding, hiking and the famous Deneysville Inland Riviera. 	 Cultural tourism Eco-tourism Adventure tourism Sports tourism Medical tourism Theme parks Investment in world heritage sites



ENVIRONMENTAL FORECAST

Climate change is one of the eventualities that may trigger disaster and will have an impact on water, agriculture, and many other human activities and therefore measure must be put in place in prevent and or mitigate against and potential eventualities. Some 39 key impacts (KI) have been identified and the degree to which they could affect specific areas within Municipality are recorded.

The Municipal Disaster Management Plan is aligned to the Free State Province Climate Change Response and Adaptation implementation Plan to mitigate against environmental impacts through implementing interventions and strategies that would contribute towards communities becoming resilient to climate change vulnerabilities, natural hazards and disasters. Furthermore, Municipality will forge relations and partner with SASOL as well as FS Government to develop Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) to minimize the emissions of air pollutant.

SECTION J: PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS OF OTHER SPHERES OF GOVERNMENT & PRIVATE BUSINESS

Introduction

This section of the IDP is aiming outlining the programmes and projects of other spheres of government and stakeholders. It focuses on the implications that such projects will have for the municipality.

The table below reflects on the Project list received from the Free State Province Sector Departments to enable the Municipality to incorporate those programmes and Projects in the IDP. These projects will be implemented within area of Metsimaholo Local Municipal jurisdiction.

TABLE: PROVINCIAL PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS:

PROJECT NAME	MT	MTERF ESTIMATES			
PROJECT NAME	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	WARD	
DEPARTMEN	T OF MINIRAL AN	D ENERGY (DoE)			
Mooidraai Household Electrification (2 074 HHs)	Funds applied	,			
	for:	0	0	23	
	33 600 000,00				
Themba Khubeka electrification.	29 780 000.00				
	Commitment			04	
DEDARTMENT	letter acquired T OF HUMAN SET	FLEMENT (USDC)		21	
PRIORITIES DEPARTMEN	OF HUMAN SET	LEMENT (HODG)	1		
Incomplete Houses 3126 in Fezile Dabi	TBC				
Asbestos Households (2000 in Fezile Dabi)	TBC				
Issuing of Title Deeds	TBC				
Upgrading/Formalization of Informal Settlements	150				
(Grant)-Municipalities to update data	252m(Province)				
Accreditation Status Programme (Metsimaholo LM as					
target					
NEW HOLL	SING QUANTUM (Cast nor Unit)			
BNG Housing Programme	SING QUANTOW (Cost per Offit)		R 196 364 00	
People Living with Disabilities				R271 166 000	
First Home Buyers				R169 069 000	
Social Housing Programme				R 424 948 000	
		ANITATION (DWA)			
Oranjeville Wastewater Treatment Plant	10 617 000.00				
				3,4&20	
Refurb of pump stations (Deneysville& Oranjeville)	2 000 000	0	0	3,4,5&20	
Oranjeville water Treatment Plant Phase 2	10 000 000.00			5	
Refengkgotso Wates Water Works	9 000 000				
DEPATMENT OF FORESTRY, FISHERIES & ENVIROMENT (DFFE)					
		,			
DEPARTMENT OF	ROADS, POLICE	& TRANSPORT(DRPT)			
DEPAR	TMENT OF EDUCA	TION (DoE)			
					

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH (DoH)				
ECONOMIC, SMALL BUSINE	SS DEVELOPMEN	Γ, TOURISM AND ENV	TRONMENT	AL AFFAIRS(DESTEA)
DEPARTM	ENT OF SOCIAL D	EVELOPMENT		
	FS TREASURY			
Municipal Infrastructure Support Planning (MSIP)				ALL
				ALL
	GRAMMES/PROJC	TS BY DCoG & CoGT	<u> </u>	
Capacity Support to Municipality on Staff Regulation (MMSR 2021)				ALL
Municipal Infrastructure Support Planning (MSIP)				ALL
				ALL
DEPAR	RTMENT OF PUBLI	C WORKS		
Budget All	ocations covers A	LL 4 Districts		
Cleaning & Greening	13, 052m	13, 052m	13,	Oranjeville
Cleaning & Greening			052m	Deneysville
Cleaning & Greening				Zamdela
	JRAL DEVELOPME	NT AND LAND REFO	RM	
Letsema Project (Slanghoven Farm) -Sasolburg (200ha Planting of Maize) Beneficiaries identified	3,2 m			
Phika Fedlost (200ha Sasolburg)- Planting of Maize/seeds,pestisites and harvesting)	3,2 m			

The projects below form part of the Social Labour Plans (SLPs) implemented by private sector operating their business within Metsimaholo Local Municipal jurisdiction. The listed stakeholders are strategic partners with the municipality to advance Local Economic Development and further implementing the development programmes and:



projects through the IDP

PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS BY PRIVATE BUSINESS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS:

PROJECT NAME	N				
PROJECT NAME		2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	WARD
		=			
	Social Labour Plan (SLP) & Community D	evelopment		
Metsimaholo Kgodisong Informal T	rading Stalls (Zamdela)	3 500 000			
Allocation covers all Me	etsimaholo & Emfuleni ben	eficiaries	Spent to this date		
Community Scholarship Scheme		R1 037 080.00	R200 000.00		
Technical Skills Programme (Weldi	ng)	R1 874 112.11	R 800 000.00		
Learner Development Programme		R1 977 650.00	R 900 000.00		
	Oth	er Programmes			
Seriti Entrepreneurship Academy – development programme (Universit	ty of Limpopo)	60 entrepreneurs, re operations	sident in the commur	nities within the area	as of Seriti
Finances& Occupational Health, La skills (NQF 5)	•				
		Development & SMN			
Enterprise Supplier Development impact grant funding: SMME Support Funding (assisting qualifying SMMEs with assets such as equipment and materials to develop operating capacity (SLP initiative) - Seriti has committed R 6 652 069 00 since 2021					ıch as
	CSI Proj	ects & Programmes			
Sponsorship and Donations.	Medical Equipment dona		Sanitary pads distribution		
School uniform	Elderly Food Hampers d	istribution.	PPE Donations.		











Metsimaholo Local Municip	pality	r: 2023/2	024 Integrated	Develor	pment Plan	(IDP

ANNEXURE A: IDP STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES: IDP- METSIMAHOLO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

DOCUMENT	PROCESS	FREQUENCY	
IDP (Integrated Development Plan)	PLANNING	ANNUAL	
NR	PROCEDURE	RESPONSIBLE PERSON	TIMEFRAMES
01	Develop IDP Process Plan in consultation with the Office of the Executive Mayor and the Office of the Speaker of Council	IDP/PMS Manager	1-7 August
02	Develop public participation schedule for 23 Wards in consultation with the Office of the Mayor and the Office of the Speaker of Council	IDP/PMS Manager	U By 7 August
03	Develop schedule for Sector meetings (IDP Representative Forum) in consultation with the Directorates that will take place in February	IDP/PMS Manager	U By 7 August
04	Circulate invitations for IDP Steering committee	IDP/PMS Manager	By the 7 August
05	Host IDP Steering Committee Meeting to consider the schedules and process plan	Executive Mayor	Mid-August
06	Incorporate inputs from the Steering Committee Meeting into the Process Plan, Public Participation schedules and schedules for sector meetings	IDP/PMS Manager	Within 5 Days after the steering committee meeting
07	Preparation of Council items for Process Plan, Public Participation schedules and schedules for sector meetings	ID/PMS Manager	Within 5 Days after the steering committee meeting

08	Municipal Manager to signs off the items for Council	Municipal Manager	G U	Within 5 Days after the steering committee meeting
09	Send items to Administration Office for incorporation in the Council Agenda	IDP/PMS Manager	S T	Within 24hrs after the Municipal Manager signed off the Council items
10	Adoption of Process Plan, Public Participation schedules and schedules for sector meetings by Council	Council	A U	End August
			G U	
			S T	
11	Send Copies of the adopted Process Plan, Public Participation schedules and schedules for sector meetings to National and Provincial Treasury and CoGTA with a signed resolution of Council	IDP/PMS Manager	S	Within 10 Days after adoption
12	Publish in the local print media and in the municipal website	ICT, IDP/PMS Communications Managers	T E	Within 10 Days after adoption
13	Make logistical arrangements in consultation with the Office of the Mayor, and Office of the Speaker for the public participation process	IDP/PMS Manager, Manager: Mayor's Office and Manager: Speaker's Office	B E	
			R	By Mid-September

14		Executive Mayor, Speaker of Council, MMC's , Ward Councilors, and Management	s	
	Host the public participation meetings as per the adopted public participation		E P	Within Mid-September to November
	schedules		T E	
			M	
15	Summarize issues raised by the community during public participation process	IDP/PMS Manager		By end December
16	Ensure that the current year IDP is adjusted accordingly during mid-term budget adjustment in line with adjusted budget and adjusted SDBIP of the current year.	IDP/PMS Manager	J	By end January
17			A	
	Ensure that the adjusted IDP of the current year is tabled before Council for adoption	IDP/PMS Manager	N	By end January
18	Host IDP Steering Committee Meeting to consider the issues raised during the public participation process for prioritization	Directorates / MMC's	U A	By end of January
19	Inform directorates of the POE that will be required and any other expectations for their sector meetings	IDP/PMS Manager	R Y	By end of January
20	Host IDP Sector meetings as per the schedule approved in August (IDP Representative Forum)	MMC's / Councilors / Directors and the Managers in the Political Offices	F E	By end of February
21	Consolidate inputs from IDP sector meetings (IDP Representative Forum)	IDP/PMS Manager	В	By end of February
			R	
			U	

22	Develop Draft IDP for the financial year beginning in July	IDP/PMS Manager		By 10 March
23	Consult with Directorates and Budget Office for commitments of the Projects for the financial year beginning in July	IDP/PMS Manager	M A	By 15 March
24	Circulate invitations for IDP steering committee meeting	IDP Manager	R	By 15 March
25	Host the IDP steering committee meeting where prioritized projects will be confirmed and incorporate inputs accordingly	Executive Mayor	C H	By 20 March
26	Finalize the Draft IDP for the year beginning in July	IDP/PMS Manager		By 20 March
	Sign off by Manager in the Municipal Managers Office and Municipal Manager	Manager in the MMs Office and Municipal Manager	M	
				By 20 March
27	Prepare Council Item Draft IDP for and have it signed off by Municipal Manager	IDP/PMS Manager	R	By 20 March
28	Send the item to Administration Office for incorporation in the Council Agenda	IDP/PMS Manager	C	By 20 March
29	Adoption by Council of Draft IDP for the year beginning in July	Council	Н	By 31 March
30	Send copy of the adopted Draft IDP for the year beginning in July with the signed Council resolution to National and Provincial Treasury and CoGTA		A P	Within 10 days after adoption by Council
		IDP/PMS Manager	R	
31	Publish the adopted Draft IDP for the year beginning in July 21 working days on local print media, municipal website and public institutions for public comments		I L	Within 10 Days after adoption by Council
		IDP/PMS Manager		
32	Consolidate all inputs from sectors and the Public into and amend the Draft IDP document for the year beginning in July where necessary	IDP/PMS Manager	М	From 1 May

33	Sign Off by Manager in the Office of MM and Municipal Manager	Manager in MMs Office and Municipal Manager	A Y	
				By 1 May
34	Circulate invitation for IDP steering committee	Municipal Manager	M	From 2 May
35	Host the IDP Steering Committee Meeting	Executive Mayor	Α	Mid May
36	Consolidate inputs from the IDP steering Committee and amend the adopted Draft IDP for the year beginning in July accordingly	IDP/PMS Manager	Y	By 20 May
37	Prepare Council Item for the final adoption of the IDP for the year beginning in July Council	IDP/PMS Manager	M A	By 20 May
38	Municipal Manager must sign off the Council item	Municipal Manager	Υ	By 20 May
39	Send the Draft IDP for the year beginning in July to Administration for inclusion in the Council Agenda	IDP/PMS Manager		By 20 May
40	Adoption of the IDP for the year beginning in July by Council	Council		By 31 May
41	Publish the adopted IDP for the year beginning in July in the local print media, municipal website and public institutions, in liaison with ICT & Communications Managers	IDP/PMS Manager / ICT & Communications Managers	J	Within 10 Days after adoption by Council
42	Send copies of the adopted IDP for the year beginning in July with the signed Council Resolution to National and Provincial CoGTA and Treasury	IDP/PMS Manager	N E	Within 10 Days after adoption by Council

GENERAL SERVICE STANDARDS: METSIMAHOLO LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

PURPOSE:

The Service Standards are aimed at ensuring that all customers who meet Metsimaholo Local Municipality are dealt with courteously and are offered excellent service.

WHO ARE THE MUNICIPALITY'S CUSTOMERS?

These are residents and businesses whose main contact with the Municipality is through the consumption of municipal services, and it is herein that Municipal needs to begin to build relationships with citizens and communities. These include Councillors, municipal officials and other stakeholders.

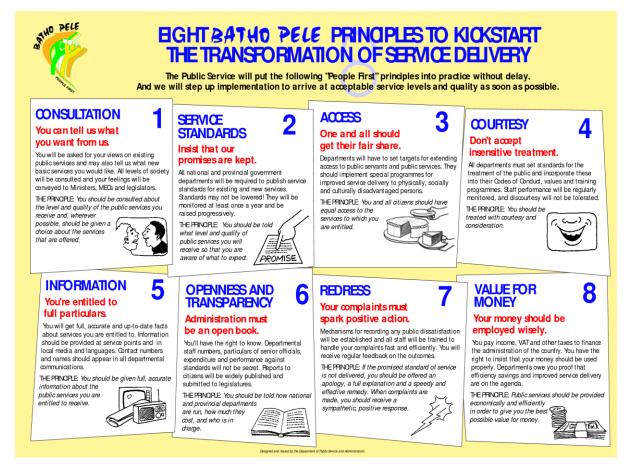
It is necessary to be responsive to the needs of the consumers and strive to improve customer management and service provision which is critical to building an environment conducive to economic and social development.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES:

The guiding principle observed by the Municipality are the Batho Pele Principles which is a Sesotho adage meaning **'People First'**. It is an initiative to get municipal officials to be service oriented, to strive for excellence and to commit to continuous service delivery improvements. It is a transparent mechanism to hold municipal officials accountable for the type of services they deliver. It is a citizen-oriented approach to service delivery.

To achieve customer service excellence, the Metsimaholo Municipality's value system is based upon these Principles namely:

Access	All citizens shall have equal access to the services to which they are entitled
	to.
Courtesy	Our customers shall be treated with courtesy, consideration and
	professionally at all times.
Information	Customers shall be given full, accurate information about the municipal
	services they are entitled to receive.
Openness and transparency	Customers shall be told how municipality is run, how much it costs, and who
	is in charge
Redress	If the promised standard of service is not delivered, customers shall be offered
	an apology, a full explanation and a speedy and effective remedy; and when
	the complaints are made, customers shall receive a sympathetic, positive
	response.
Value for money	We shall consistently strive to embrace principles of good governance and
-	provide services economically and efficiently in order to give citizens the best
	possible value for money.



For our municipality to fulfil all the Batho Pele guiding Principles, it is ensuring the following:

Priority	Description	Action Plan	
Encouraging Innovation and Rewarding Excellence	We shall encourage innovation as it can be new ways of providing better service, cutting costs, improving conditions, streamlining and generally making changes which tie in with the spirit of Batho Pele. It is also about rewarding the staff who "go the extra mile" in making it all happen.	Financial Management and Viability Institutionalizing and cascading Performance Management System (PMS)	
Customer Impact	We shall look at the benefits we have provided for our customers both internal and external and ensure that all our customers are aware of and are exercising their rights in terms of the Batho Pele principles	Conduct Public Satisfaction Survey	
Leadership and Strategic Direction	We shall provide good leadership since its one of the critical ingredients for successful organisations. Organisations that do well in serving their customers can demonstrate that they have leaders who lead by example.	Municipal Strategic Sessions	

GENEARL SERVICE STANDARDS:

Customer Service Standards are important to ensure that:

- All customers, whether they are residents or visitors will receive the same consistent high standards of customer care;
- Customer Care and Customer Service are essential to the planning and delivery of all Municipal services;
- All staff members will constantly be conscientised on their responsibility to put Customers First in the performance of their duties; and.
- Council will avoid wasteful expenditure by providing services "Right the First time".

For Customer Care to make sense, it is necessary to draw up Service Standards that are designed to:

- Be measurable, with set performance targets which can be reviewed;
- Stipulate the exact manner in which staff should behave in dealing with customers; and
- Incorporate training that would ensure that staff fully understands what is expected of them with regards to Customer Care.

The Service Standards designed for good Customer Care are as follows:

Walk in Customers	Dress Code and Staff identification
Telephone Enquiries	Buildings and signage
Written Correspondence	Staff Conduct
Customer Complaints	Customer Conduct
Communication	Business hours
Customer Safety and Health	
Staff training and development	

SECTORAL SERVICE STANDARDS:

Free State: Municipality (FS204) - Schedule of Service Delivery Standards: Metsimaholo Local Municipality		
Description		
Standard	Service Level	
Solid Waste Removal		
Premise based removal (Residential Frequency)	1 X 1 per week	
Premise based removal (Business Frequency)	1 X 6 days	
Bulk Removal (Frequency)	As and when (adhoc basis)	
Removal Bags provided(Yes/No)	No	
Garden refuse removal Included (Yes/No)	Yes	
Street Cleaning Frequency in CBD	1 X 6 days	
Street Cleaning Frequency in areas excluding CBD	1 X 6 days	
How soon are public areas cleaned after events (24hours/48hours/longer)	24 hours	
Clearing of illegal dumping (24hours/48hours/longer)	Monthly	
Recycling or environmentally friendly practices(Yes/No)	Yes	
Licenced landfill site(Yes/No)	No, but operating with a concept permit	
Water Service		
Water Quality rating (Blue/Green/Brown/N0 drop)	Blue Drop	
Is free water available to all? (All/only to the indigent consumers)	Only to the indigents	
Frequency of meter reading? (per month, per year)	Per month	
Are estimated consumption calculated on actual consumption over (two month's/three month's/longer period)	Three months	
On average for how long does the municipality use estimates before reverting back to actual readings? (months)	Three months	
Duration (hours) before availability of water is restored in cases of service interruption (complete the sub questions)		

One service connection affected (number of hours)	
Up to 5 service connection affected (number of hours)	4 hours
	4 hours
Up to 20 service connection affected (number of hours)	N/A
Feeder pipe larger than 800mm (number of hours)	24 hours
What is the average minimum water flow in your municipality?	80 m3/hour
Do you practice any environmental or scarce resource protection activities as part of your operations? (Yes/No)	No
How long does it take to replace faulty water meters? (days)	4 days
Do you have a cathodic protection system in place that is operational at this stage? (Yes/No)	No
Electricity Service	
What is your electricity availability percentage on average per month?	
Do your municipality have a ripple control in place that is operational? (Yes/No)	Yes
How much do you estimate is the cost saving in utilizing the ripple control system?	Seventeen percent
What is the frequency of meters being read? (per month, per year)	Per month
Are estimated consumption calculated at consumption over (two month's/three month's/longer period)	3 months
On average for how long does the municipality use estimates before reverting back to actual readings? (months)	3 months
Duration before availability of electricity is restored in cases of breakages (immediately/one day/two days/longer)	Two day
Are accounts normally calculated on actual readings? (Yes/no)	Yes
Do you practice any environmental or scarce resource protection activities as part of your operations? (Yes/No)	Yes
How long does it take to replace faulty meters? (days)	2 days
Do you have a plan to prevent illegal connections and prevention of electricity theft? (Yes/No)	Yes
How effective is the action plan in curbing line losses? (Good/Bad)	Bad
How soon does the municipality provide a quotation to a customer upon a written request? (days)	7 days
How long does the municipality takes to provide electricity service where existing infrastructure can be used? (working days)	2 days
How long does the municipality takes to provide electricity service for low voltage users where network extension is not required? (working days)	2 days
How long does the municipality takes to provide electricity service for high voltage users where network extension is not required? (working days)	7 days

Sewerage Service	
Are your purification system effective enough to put water back in to the system after purification?	Plants are being upgraded
To what extend do you subsidize your indigent consumers?	100% subsidized
How long does it take to restore sewerage breakages on average	
Severe overflow? (hours)	24 hours
Sewer blocked pipes: Large pipes? (Hours)	24 hours
Sewer blocked pipes: Small pipes? (Hours)	24 hours
Spillage clean-up? (hours)	48 hours
Replacement of manhole covers? (Hours)	24 hours - availabilithy
Road Infrastructure Services	
Time taken to repair a single pothole on a major road? (Hours)	48 hours
Time taken to repair a single pothole on a minor road? (Hours)	96 hours
Time taken to repair a road following an open trench service crossing? (Hours)	96 hours
Time taken to repair walkways? (Hours)	More than 120 hours
Property valuations	
How long does it take on average from completion to the first account being issued? (one month/three months or longer)	One month
Do you have any special rating properties? (Yes/No)	No
Financial Management	
Is there any change in the situation of unauthorised and wasteful expenditure over time? (Decrease/Increase)	Stable, depend on impairment for unauthorised and cashflow for fruitless expenditure(interst paid on arrear accounts)

Are the financial statement outsources? (Yes/No)	No
	No
Are there Council adopted business process structuring the flow and management of documentation feeding to Trial Balance?	No
How long does it take for an Tax/Invoice to be paid from the date it has been received?	Within 30 days
Is there advance planning from SCM unit linking all departmental plans quaterly and annualy including for the next two to three years procurement plans?	Yes
Joseph Programme Transport of the Programme Tran	. 00
Administration	
Reaction time on enquiries and requests?	7 Days
Time to respond to a verbal customer enquiry or request? (working days)	1 Day
Time to respond to a written customer enquiry or request? (working days)	Within 5 days
Time to resolve a customer enquiry or request? (working days)	Within 5 days
What percentage of calls are not answered? (5%,10% or more)	10%
How long does it take to respond to voice mails? (hours)	No voice mails
Does the municipality have control over locked enquiries? (Yes/No)	No
Is there a reduction in the number of complaints or not? (Yes/No)	Yes
How long does in take to open an account to a new customer? (1 day/ 2 days/ a week or longer)	1 Day
Community safety and licensing services	Not our competency
How long does it take to register a vehicle? (minutes)	Not our competency
How long does it take to renew a vehicle license? (minutes)	Not our competency
How long does it take to issue a duplicate registration certificate vehicle? (minutes)	Not our competency
How long does it take to de-register a vehicle? (minutes)	Not our competency
How long does it take to renew a drivers license? (minutes)	Not our competency
What is the average reaction time of the fire service to an incident? (minutes)	7 Minutes
What is the average reaction time of the ambulance service to an incident in the urban area? (minutes)	Not our competency

What is the average reaction time of the ambulance service to an incident in the rural area? (minutes)	Not our competency
Economic development	
	For now is only one infrastructural project aimed at housing
How many economic development projects does the municipality drive?	informal Traders
	Nothing much is forthcoming except relying on SLP initiatives from Mining Houses that are
	operating within our area. Projects
How many economic development programme are deemed to be catalytic in creating an enabling environment to unlock key economic growth projects?	envisaged are on conceptual stage.
	We have identified one area for development of Enegy plant which might yield a reasonable amount of job creation and its spearheaded by Provincial Department also is in the initial
What percentage of the projects have created sustainable job security?	stage.
	Yes, we have incentive policy that is aimed agt giving Tax Holidays for a period of Three years in line with regulations in order to attract and retain direct
Does the municipality have any incentive plans in place to create an conducive environment for economic development? Yes/No)	investment within our locality.

Other Service delivery and communication	
Is a information package handed to the new customer? (Yes/No)	No
Does the municipality have training or information sessions to inform the community? (Yes/No)	No
Are customers treated in a professional and humanly manner? (Yes/No)	Yes

IDP/PMS UNIT INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT

The IDP/PMS Unit is located in the Office of the Municipal Manager with the responsibility of coordinating and facilitating the Integrated Development Planning (IDP) and Performance Management System (PMS) activities.



IDP COORDINATOR (Mr M Mongale)

PMS COORDINATOR (Vacant)